1 AN ACT concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

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          Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
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      Sections 1-3.5, 1-9, 1-12, 1A-8, 1A-16, 1A-16.5, 1A-25, 3-6,
      4-6.3, 4-10, 4-50, 4-105, 5-9, 5-16.3, 5-50, 5-105, 6-29,
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      6-50.3, 6-100, 6-105, 7-15, 7-34, 10-7, 10-9, 11-4.1, 11-7,
      12-1, 13-1, 13-1.1, 13-2, 13-10, 14-3.1, 14-3.2, 16-5.01, 17-8,
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      17-9, 17-18.1, 17-19.2, 17-21, 17-23, 17-29, 18-5, 18-9.2,
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      18A-5, 18A-15, 19-2, 19-3, 19-4, 19-5, 19-6, 19-7, 19-8, 19-10,
      19-12.1, 19-12.2, 19-13, 19-15, 19-20, 19A-10, 19A-15, 19A-25,
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      19A-35, 19A-75, 20-1, 20-2, 20-2.1, 20-2.2, 20-2.3, 20-3, 20-4,
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      20-5, 20-6, 20-7, 20-8, 20-10, 20-13, 20-13.1, 20-25, 24-15,
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      24-16, 24A-6, 24A-10, 24A-15.1, 24B-6, 24B-10, 24B-15.1,
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      24C-1, 24C-6, 24C-11, 24C-13, 24C-15, 25-7, 28-9, 29-5, 29-20,
      and the heading of Article 19 and by adding Sections 1-9.1,
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      1-9.2,
              1A-16.6, 1A-16.8, 1A-45, 18A-218, 18A-218.10,
      18A-218.20, 18A-218.30, and 18A-218.40 as follows:
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19 (10 ILCS 5/1-3.5 new)

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Sec. 1-3.5. Absentee voting. Any references to absentee ballots, absentee voters, absentee registration, or absentee voting procedures in this Code shall be construed to refer to vote by mail ballots, persons who vote by mail, registration by

mail, or voting by mail.

2 (10 ILCS 5/1-9)

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3 Sec. 1-9. Central counting of grace period, early, vote by 4 mail absentee, and provisional ballots. Notwithstanding any 5 statutory provision to the contrary enacted before the 6 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General 7 Assembly, all grace period ballots, early voting ballots, vote 8 by mail absentee ballots, and provisional ballots to be counted 9 shall be delivered to and counted at an election authority's 10 central ballot counting location and not in precincts. 11 References in this Code enacted before the effective date of 12 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly to delivery 13 and counting of grace period ballots, early voting ballots, vote by mail absentee ballots, or provisional ballots to or at 14 15 a precinct polling place or to the proper polling place shall 16 be construed as references to delivery and counting of those ballots to and at the election authority's central ballot 17 18 counting location.

19 (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/1-9.1 new)

Sec. 1-9.1. Ballot counting information dissemination.

Each election authority maintaining a website must provide

24 24-hour notice on its website of the date, time, and location

of the analysis, processing, and counting of all ballot forms.

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1 Each election authority must notify any political party or

pollwatcher of the same information 24 hours before the count

begins if such political party or pollwatcher has requested to

be notified. Notification may be by electronic mail at the

5 address provided by the requester.

6 (10 ILCS 5/1-9.2 new)

Sec. 1-9.2. Uncounted ballot information on website. No later than 48 hours after the closing of polling locations on election day, each election authority maintaining a website shall post the number of ballots that remain uncounted. The posting shall separate the number of ballots yet to be counted into the following categories: ballots cast on election day, early voting ballots, provisional ballots, vote by mail ballots received by the election authority but not counted, and vote by mail ballots sent by the election authority but have not been returned to the election authority. This information shall be updated on the website of the election authority each day until the period for counting provisional and vote by mail ballots has ended. All election authorities, regardless of whether they maintain a website, shall share the same information, separated in the same manner, with the State Board of Elections no later than 48 hours after the closing of polling locations on election day and each business day thereafter until the period for counting provisional and vote by mail ballots has ended.

1 (10 ILCS 5/1-12)

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Sec. 1-12. Public university voting.

(a) Each appropriate election authority shall, in addition to the early voting conducted at locations otherwise required by law, conduct early voting, grace period registration, and grace period voting at the student union in a high traffic location on the campus of a public university within the election authority's jurisdiction. The voting required by this subsection (a) to be conducted on campus must be conducted from the 6th day before a general primary or general election until and including the 4th day before a general primary or general election from 10:00 a.m. to 5 p.m. and as otherwise required by Article 19A of this Code, except that the voting required by this subsection (a) need not be conducted during a consolidated primary or consolidated election. If an election authority has voting equipment that can accommodate a ballot in every form required in the election authority's jurisdiction, then the election authority shall extend early voting and grace period registration and voting under this Section to any registered voter in the election authority's jurisdiction. However, if the election authority does not have voting equipment that can accommodate a ballot in every form required in the election authority's jurisdiction, then the election authority may limit early voting and grace period registration and voting under this Section to registered voters in precincts where the public university is located and precincts bordering the

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university. Each public university shall make the space available at the student union in a high traffic area for, and cooperate and coordinate with the appropriate election authority in, the implementation of this subsection (a).

- (b) (Blank). Each appropriate election authority shall, in addition to the voting conducted at locations otherwise required by law, conduct in person absentee voting on election day in a high traffic location on the campus of a public university within the election authority's jurisdiction. The procedures for conducting in person absentee voting at a site established pursuant to this subsection (b) shall, to the extent practicable, be the same procedures required by Article 19 of this Code for in-person absentee ballots. The election authority may limit in-person absentee voting under this subsection (b) to registered voters in precincts where the public university is located and precincts bordering the university. The election authority shall have voting equipment and ballots necessary to accommodate registered voters who may cast an in person absentee ballot at a site established pursuant to this subsection (b). Each public university shall make the space available in a high-traffic area for, and cooperate and coordinate with the appropriate election authority in, the implementation of this subsection (b).
- (c) For the purposes of this Section, "public university"
 means the University of Illinois, Illinois State University,
 Chicago State University, Governors State University, Southern

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1 <u>Illinois University</u>, Northern Illinois University, Eastern

2 <u>Illinois University</u>, <u>Western Illinois University</u>, and

Northeastern Illinois University the University of Illinois at

its campuses in Urbana-Champaign and Springfield, Southern

Illinois University at its campuses in Carbondale and

Edwardsville, Eastern Illinois University, Illinois State

University, Northern Illinois University, and Western Illinois

University at its campuses in Macomb and Moline.

(d) For the purposes of this Section, "student union" means the Student Center at 750 S. Halsted on the University of Illinois-Chicago campus; the Public Affairs Center at the University of Illinois at Springfield or a new building completed after the effective date of this Act housing student government at the University of Illinois at Springfield; the Illini Union at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign; the SIUC Center at the Southern Illinois University at Carbondale campus; the Morris University Center at the Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville campus; the University Union at the Western Illinois University at the Macomb campus; the Holmes Student Center at the Northern Illinois University campus; the University Union at the Eastern Illinois University campus; NEIU Student Union at the Northeastern Illinois University campus; the Bone Student Center at the Illinois State University campus; the Cordell Reed Student Union at the Chicago State University campus; and the Hall of Governors in Building D at the Governors State University campus.

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1 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)

- 2 (10 ILCS 5/1A-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-8)
- Sec. 1A-8. The State Board of Elections shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties in addition to any powers or duties otherwise provided for by law:
 - (1) Assume all duties and responsibilities of the State Electoral Board and the Secretary of State as heretofore provided in this Act;
 - (2) Disseminate information to and consult with election authorities concerning the conduct of elections and registration in accordance with the laws of this State and the laws of the United States;
 - (3) Furnish to each election authority prior to each primary and general election and any other election it deems necessary, a manual of uniform instructions consistent with the provisions of this Act which shall be used by election authorities in the preparation of the official manual of instruction to be used by the judges of election in any such election. In preparing such manual, the State Board shall consult with representatives of the election authorities throughout the State. The State Board may provide separate portions of the uniform instructions applicable to different election jurisdictions which administer elections under different options provided by law. The State Board may by regulation require particular

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portions of the uniform instructions to be included in any official manual of instructions published by election authorities. Any manual of instructions published by any election authority shall be identical with the manual of uniform instructions issued by the Board, but may be adapted by the election authority to accommodate special or unusual local election problems, provided that all manuals published by election authorities must be consistent with the provisions of this Act in all respects and must receive the approval of the State Board of Elections prior to publication; provided further that if the State Board does not approve or disapprove of a proposed manual within 60 days of its submission, the manual shall be approved.

- (4) Prescribe and require the use of such uniform forms, notices, and other supplies not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as it shall deem advisable which shall be used by election authorities in the conduct of elections and registrations;
- (5) Prepare and certify the form of ballot for any proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Illinois, or any referendum to be submitted to the electors throughout the State or, when required to do so by law, to the voters of any area or unit of local government of the State;
 - (6) Require such statistical reports regarding the

conduct of elections and registration from election authorities as may be deemed necessary;

- (7) Review and inspect procedures and records relating to conduct of elections and registration as may be deemed necessary, and to report violations of election laws to the appropriate State's Attorney or the Attorney General;
- (8) Recommend to the General Assembly legislation to improve the administration of elections and registration;
- (9) Adopt, amend or rescind rules and regulations in the performance of its duties provided that all such rules and regulations must be consistent with the provisions of this Article 1A or issued pursuant to authority otherwise provided by law;
- (10) Determine the validity and sufficiency of petitions filed under Article XIV, Section 3, of the Constitution of the State of Illinois of 1970;
- (11) Maintain in its principal office a research library that includes, but is not limited to, abstracts of votes by precinct for general primary elections and general elections, current precinct maps and current precinct poll lists from all election jurisdictions within the State. The research library shall be open to the public during regular business hours. Such abstracts, maps and lists shall be preserved as permanent records and shall be available for examination and copying at a reasonable cost;
 - (12) Supervise the administration of the registration

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and election laws throughout the State;

- (13) Obtain from the Department of Central Management Services, under Section 405-250 of the Department of Central Management Services Law (20 ILCS 405/405-250), such use of electronic data processing equipment as may be required to perform the duties of the State Board of Elections and to provide election-related information to candidates, public and party officials, interested civic organizations and the general public in a timely and efficient manner; and
- (14)To take such action as may be necessary or required to give effect to directions of the national committee or State central committee of an established political party under Sections 7-8, 7-11 and 7-14.1 or such other provisions as may be applicable pertaining to the selection of delegates and alternate delegates to an established political party's national nominating notwithstanding conventions or, any candidate certification schedule contained within the Election Code, certification of Presidential t.he the and Vice Presidential candidate selected by the established political party's national nominating convention; -
- (15) To post all early voting sites separated by election authority and hours of operation on its website at least 5 business days before the period for early voting begins; and

1 (16) To post on its website the statewide totals, and
2 totals separated by each election authority, for each of
3 the counts received pursuant to Section 1-9.2.

The Board may by regulation delegate any of its duties or functions under this Article, except that final determinations and orders under this Article shall be issued only by the Board.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of "An Act to revise the law in relation to the General Assembly", approved February 25, 1874, as amended, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 95-6, eff. 6-20-07; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/1A-16)

Sec. 1A-16. Voter registration information; Internet posting; processing of voter registration forms; content of such forms. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the following provisions shall apply to voter registration under this Code.

- (a) Voter registration information; Internet posting of voter registration form. Within 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the State Board of Elections shall post on its World Wide Web site the following information:
 - (1) A comprehensive list of the names, addresses, phone numbers, and websites, if applicable, of all county clerks and boards of election commissioners in Illinois.
 - (2) A schedule of upcoming elections and the deadline for voter registration.
 - (3) A downloadable, printable voter registration form, in at least English and in Spanish versions, that a person may complete and mail or submit to the State Board of Elections or the appropriate county clerk or board of election commissioners.
- Any forms described under paragraph (3) must state the following:

If you do not have a driver's license or social security number, and this form is submitted by mail, and you have never registered to vote in the jurisdiction you are now registering in, then you must send, with this application, either (i) a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or (ii) a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that shows the name and address of the voter. If you do not provide the information required

- above, then you will be required to provide election officials with either (i) or (ii) described above the first time you vote at a voting place or by absentee ballot.
 - (b) Acceptance of registration forms by the State Board of Elections and county clerks and board of election commissioners. The State Board of Elections, county clerks, and board of election commissioners shall accept all completed voter registration forms described in subsection (a) (3) of this Section and Sections 1A-17 and 1A-30 that are:
 - (1) postmarked on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code;
 - (2) not postmarked, but arrives no later than 5 days after the close of registration;
 - (3) submitted in person by a person using the form on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code; or
 - (4) submitted in person by a person who submits one or more forms on behalf of one or more persons who used the form on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code.

Upon the receipt of a registration form, the State Board of Elections shall mark the date on which the form was received and send the form via first class mail to the appropriate county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, within 2 business days based upon the home address of the person submitting the registration form. The county clerk

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- and board of election commissioners shall accept and process any form received from the State Board of Elections.
- 3 (c) Processing of registration forms by county clerks and 4 boards of election commissioners. The county clerk or board of 5 election commissioners shall promulgate procedures for 6 processing the voter registration form.
 - (d) Contents of the voter registration form. The State Board shall create a voter registration form, which must contain the following content:
 - (1) Instructions for completing the form.
- 11 (2) A summary of the qualifications to register to vote 12 in Illinois.
- 13 (3) Instructions for mailing in or submitting the form
 14 in person.
 - (4) The phone number for the State Board of Elections should a person submitting the form have questions.
 - (5) A box for the person to check that explains one of 3 reasons for submitting the form:
 - (a) new registration;
 - (b) change of address; or
- (c) change of name.
 - (6) a box for the person to check yes or no that asks, "Are you a citizen of the United States?", a box for the person to check yes or no that asks, "Will you be 18 years of age on or before election day?", and a statement of "If you checked 'no' in response to either of these questions,

- 1 then do not complete this form.".
 - (7) A space for the person to fill in his or her home telephone number.
 - (8) Spaces for the person to fill in his or her first, middle, and last names, street address (principal place of residence), county, city, state, and zip code.
 - (9) Spaces for the person to fill in his or her mailing address, city, state, and zip code if different from his or her principal place of residence.
 - (10) A space for the person to fill in his or her Illinois driver's license number if the person has a driver's license.
 - (11) A space for a person without a driver's license to fill in the last four digits of his or her social security number if the person has a social security number.
 - (12) A space for a person without an Illinois driver's license to fill in his or her identification number from his or her State Identification card issued by the Secretary of State.
 - (13) A space for the person to fill the name appearing on his or her last voter registration, the street address of his or her last registration, including the city, county, state, and zip code.
 - (14) A space where the person swears or affirms the following under penalty of perjury with his or her signature:

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- 1 (a) "I am a citizen of the United States.";
- 2 (b) "I will be at least 18 years old on or before the next election.";
 - (c) "I will have lived in the State of Illinois and in my election precinct at least 30 days as of the date of the next election."; and

"The information I have provided is true to the best of my knowledge under penalty of perjury. If I have provided false information, then I may be fined, imprisoned, or if I am not a U.S. citizen, deported from or refused entry into the United States."

- (15) A space for the person to fill in his or her e-mail address if he or she chooses to provide that information.
- (d-5) Compliance with federal law; rulemaking authority. 15 16 The voter registration form described in this Section shall be 17 consistent with the form prescribed by the Federal Election Commission under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993, 18 19 P.L. 103-31, as amended from time to time, and the Help America 20 Vote Act of 2002, P.L. 107-252, in all relevant respects. The State Board of Elections shall periodically update the form 21 22 based on changes to federal or State law. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate any rules necessary for the 23 24 implementation of this Section; provided that the rules comport 25 with the letter and spirit of the National Voter Registration 26 Act of 1993 and Help America Vote Act of 2002 and maximize the

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1 opportunity for a person to register to vote.

- (e) Forms available in paper form. The State Board of Elections shall make the voter registration form available in regular paper stock and form in sufficient quantities for the general public. The State Board of Elections may provide the voter registration form to the Secretary of State, county clerks, boards of election commissioners, designated agencies of the State of Illinois, and any other person or entity designated to have these forms by the Election Code in regular paper stock and form or some other format deemed suitable by the Board. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners has the authority to design and print its own voter registration form so long as the form complies with the requirements of this Section. The State Board of Elections, county clerks, boards of election commissioners, or other designated agencies of the State of Illinois required to have these forms under the Election Code shall provide a member of the public with any reasonable number of forms that he or she may request. Nothing in this Section shall permit the State Board of Elections, county clerk, board of election commissioners, or other appropriate election official who may accept a voter registration form to refuse to accept a voter registration form because the form is printed on photocopier or regular paper stock and form.
- 25 (f) (Blank).
- 26 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 10-1-13.)

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(10 ILCS 5/1A-16.5)

2 Sec. 1A-16.5. Online voter registration.

- (a) The State Board of Elections shall establish and maintain a system for online voter registration that permits a person to apply to register to vote or to update his or her existing voter registration. In accordance with technical specifications provided by the State Board of Elections, each election authority shall maintain a voter registration system capable of receiving and processing voter registration application information, including electronic signatures, from the online voter registration system established by the State Board of Elections.
- (b) The online voter registration system shall employ security measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of voter registration applications submitted electronically pursuant to this Section.
- (c) The Board may receive voter registration information provided by applicants using the State Board of Elections' website, may cross reference that information with data or information contained in the Secretary of State's database in order to match the information submitted by applicants, and may receive from the Secretary of State the applicant's digitized signature upon a successful match of that applicant's information with that contained in the Secretary of State's database.

- 1 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person
- who is qualified to register to vote and who has an authentic
- 3 Illinois driver's license or State identification card issued
- 4 by the Secretary of State may submit an application to register
- 5 to vote electronically on a website maintained by the State
- 6 Board of Elections.
- 7 (e) An online voter registration application shall contain
- 8 all of the information that is required for a paper application
- 9 as provided in Section 1A-16 of this Code, except that the
- 10 applicant shall be required to provide:
- 11 (1) the applicant's full Illinois driver's license or
- 12 State identification card number;
- 13 (2) the last 4 digits of the applicant's social
- security number; and
- 15 (3) the date the Illinois driver's license or State
- identification card was issued.
- 17 (f) For an applicant's registration or change in
- registration to be accepted, the applicant shall mark the box
- 19 associated with the following statement included as part of the
- 20 online voter registration application:
- "By clicking on the box below, I swear or affirm all of the
- 22 following:
- 23 (1) I am the person whose name and identifying information
- is provided on this form, and I desire to register to vote in
- 25 the State of Illinois.
- 26 (2) All the information I have provided on this form is

true and correct as of the date I am submitting this form.

- (3) I authorize the Secretary of State to transmit to the State Board of Elections my signature that is on file with the Secretary of State and understand that such signature will be used by my local election authority on this online voter registration application for admission as an elector as if I had signed this form personally.".
- (g) Immediately upon receiving a completed online voter registration application, the online voter registration system shall send, by electronic mail, a confirmation notice that the application has been received. Within 48 hours of receiving such an application, the online voter registration system shall send by electronic mail, a notice informing the applicant of whether the following information has been matched with the Secretary of State database:
 - (1) that the applicant has an authentic Illinois driver's license or State identification card issued by the Secretary of State and that the driver's license or State identification number provided by the applicant matches the driver's license or State identification card number for that person on file with the Secretary of State;
 - (2) that the date of issuance of the Illinois driver's license or State identification card listed on the application matches the date of issuance of that card for that person on file with the Secretary of State;
 - (3) that the date of birth provided by the applicant

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matches the date of birth for that person on file with the Secretary of State; and

- (4) that the last 4 digits of the applicant's social security number matches the last 4 digits for that person on file with the Secretary of State.
- (h) If the information provided by the applicant matches the information on the Secretary of State's databases for any driver's license and State identification card holder and is matched as provided in subsection (g) above, the online voter registration system shall:
 - (1) retrieve from the Secretary of State's database files an electronic copy of the applicant's signature from his or her Illinois driver's license or State identification card and such signature shall be deemed to be the applicant's signature on his or her online voter registration application;
 - (2) within 2 days of receiving the application, forward to the county clerk or board of election commissioners having jurisdiction over the applicant's voter registration: (i) the application, along with the applicant's relevant data that can be directly loaded into the jurisdiction's voter registration system and (ii) a copy of the applicant's electronic signature certification from the State Board of Elections that the applicant's driver's license or State identification card number, driver's license or State identification card date

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of issuance, and date of birth and social security information have been successfully matched.

- Upon receipt of the online voter registration (i)application, the county clerk or board of election commissioners having jurisdiction over the applicant's voter registration shall promptly search its voter registration database to determine whether the applicant is already registered to vote at the address on the application and whether the new registration would create a duplicate registration. If the applicant is already registered to vote at the address on the application, the clerk or board, as the case may be, shall send the applicant by first class mail, and electronic mail if the applicant has provided an electronic mail address on the original voter registration form for that address, a disposition notice as otherwise required by law informing the applicant that he or she is already registered to vote at such address. If the applicant is not already registered to vote at the address on the application and the applicant is otherwise eligible to register to vote, the clerk or board, as the case may be, shall:
 - (1) enter the name and address of the applicant on the list of registered voters in the jurisdiction; and
 - (2) send by mail, and electronic mail if the applicant has provided an electronic mail address on the voter registration form, a disposition notice to the applicant as otherwise provided by law setting forth the applicant's

name and address as it appears on the application and stating that the person is registered to vote.

- (j) An electronic signature of the person submitting a duplicate registration application or a change of address form that is retrieved and imported from the Secretary of State's driver's license or State identification card database as provided herein may, in the discretion of the clerk or board, be substituted for and replace any existing signature for that individual in the voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners.
- (k) Any new registration or change of address submitted electronically as provided in this Section shall become effective as of the date it is received by the county clerk or board of election commissioners having jurisdiction over said registration. Disposition notices prescribed in this Section shall be sent within 5 business days of receipt of the online application or change of address by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.
- (1) All provisions of this Code governing voter registration and applicable thereto and not inconsistent with this Section shall apply to online voter registration under this Section. All applications submitted on a website maintained by the State Board of Elections shall be deemed timely filed if they are submitted no later than 11:59 p.m. on the final day for voter registration prior to an election. After the registration period for an upcoming election has

- ended and until the 2nd day following such election, the web
- 2 page containing the online voter registration form on the State
- 3 Board of Elections website shall inform users of the procedure
- 4 for grace period voting.
- 5 (m) The State Board of Elections shall maintain a list of
- 6 the name, street address, e-mail address, and likely precinct,
- 7 ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, of
- 8 people who apply to vote online through the voter registration
- 9 system and those names and that information shall be stored in
- 10 an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and
- 11 accessible to State and local political committees.
- 12 (n) The Illinois State Board of Elections shall develop or
- cause to be developed an online voter registration system able
- 14 to be accessed by at least the top two most used mobile
- electronic operating systems by January 1, 2016. The Illinois
- 16 State Board of Elections shall submit a report to the General
- 17 Assembly and the Governor by January 31, 2014 detailing the
- 18 progress made to implement the online voter registration system
- 19 described in this Section.
- 20 (o) (Blank). The online voter registration system provided
- 21 for in this Section shall be fully operational by July 1, 2014.
- 22 (p) Each State department that maintains an Internet
- 23 website must include a hypertext link to the homepage website
- 24 maintained and operated pursuant to this Section 1A-16.5. For
- 25 <u>the purposes of this Section, "State department" means the</u>
- departments of State Government listed in Section 5-15 of the

- Civil Administrative Code of Illinois (General Provisions and 1
- 2 Departments of State Government).
- 3 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/1A-16.6 new)

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- 5 Sec. 1A-16.6. Government agency voter registration.
- 6 (a) By April 1, 2016, the State Board of Elections shall 7 establish and maintain a portal for government agency 8 registration that permits an eligible person to electronically apply to register to vote or to update his or her existing 9 10 voter registration whenever he or she conducts business, either 11 online or in person, with a designated government agency. The 12 portal shall interface with the online voter registration 13 system established in Section 1A-16.5 of this Code and shall be capable of receiving and processing voter registration 14 15 application information, including electronic signatures, from 16 a designated government agency. The State Board of Elections shall modify the online voter registration system as necessary 17 18 to implement this Section.
 - Voter registration data received from a designated government agency through the online registration system shall be processed as provided for in Section 1A-16.5 of this Code.
 - Whenever the registration interface is accessible to the general public, including, but not limited to, online transactions, the interface shall allow the applicant to complete the process as provided for in Section 1A-16.5 of this

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Code. The online interface shall be capable of providing the applicant with the applicant's voter registration status with the State Board of Elections and, if registered, the applicant's current registration address. The applicant shall not be required to re-enter any registration data, such as name, address, and birth date, if the designated government agency already has that information on file. The applicant shall be informed that by choosing to register to vote or to update his or her existing voter registration, the applicant consents to the transfer of the applicant's personal information to the State Board of Elections.

Whenever a government employee is accessing the registration system while servicing the applicant, the government employee shall notify the applicant of the applicant's registration status with the State Board of Elections and, if registered, the applicant's current registration address. If the applicant elects to register to vote or to update his or her existing voter registration, the government employee shall collect the needed information and assist the applicant with his or her registration. The applicant shall be informed that by choosing to register to vote or to update his or her existing voter registration, the applicant consents to the transfer of the applicant's personal information to the State Board of Elections.

In accordance with technical specifications provided by the State Board of Elections, each designated government agency

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transmitting voter registration application information, 2 3 including electronic signatures where available, to the online 4 voter registration system established in Section 1A-16.5 of

shall maintain a data transfer mechanism capable of

- 5 this Code. Each designated government agency shall establish
- and operate a voter registration system capable of transmitting 6
- 7 voter registration application information to the portal as
- 8 described in this Section by July 1, 2016.
- 9 (b) Whenever an applicant's data is transferred from a 10 designated government agency, the agency must transmit a 11 signature image if available. If no signature image was 12 provided by the agency or if no signature image is available in the Secretary of State's database or the statewide voter 13 14 registration database, the applicant must be notified that their registration will remain in a pending status and the 15 16 applicant will be required to provide identification and a signature to the election authority on Election Day in the 17 18 polling place or during early voting.
 - (c) The State Board of Elections shall track registration data received through the online registration system that originated from a designated government agency for the purposes of maintaining statistics required by the federal National Voter Registration Act of 1993, as amended.
- 24 (d) The State Board of Elections shall submit a report to 25 the General Assembly and the Governor by December 1, 2015 26 detailing the progress made to implement the government agency

- 1 voter registration portal described in this Section.
- 2 (e) The Board shall adopt rules, in consultation with the
- 3 impacted agencies.
- 4 (f) As used in this Section, a "designated government
- 5 agency" means the Secretary of State's Driver Services and
- Vehicle Services Departments, the Department of Human 6
- Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the 7
- 8 Department of Employment Security, and the Department on Aging.
- 9 (10 ILCS 5/1A-16.8 new)
- 10 Sec. 1A-16.8. Automatic transfer of registration based
- 11 upon information from the National Change of Address database.
- 12 The State Board of Elections shall cross-reference the
- 13 statewide voter registration database against the United
- States Postal Service's National Change of Address database 14
- 15 twice each calendar year, April 15 and October 1 in
- 16 odd-numbered years and April 15 and December 1 in even-numbered
- years, and shall share the findings with the election 17
- 18 authorities. An election authority shall automatically
- register any voter who has moved into its jurisdiction from 19
- another jurisdiction in Illinois or has moved within its 20
- 21 jurisdiction provided that:
- 22 (1) the election authority whose jurisdiction includes
- 23 the new registration address provides the voter an
- 24 opportunity to reject the change in registration address
- 25 through a mailing, sent by non-forwardable mail, to the new

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registration address, and

(2) when the election authority whose jurisdiction includes the previous registration address is a different election authority, then that election authority provides the same opportunity through a mailing, sent by forwardable mail, to the previous registration address.

This change in registration shall trigger the same inter-jurisdictional or intra-jurisdictional workflows as if the voter completed a new registration card, including the cancellation of the voter's previous registration. Should the registration of a voter be changed from one address to another within the State and should the voter appear at the polls and offer to vote from the prior registration address, attesting that the prior registration address is the true current address, the voter, if confirmed by the election authority as having been registered at the prior registration address and canceled only by the process authorized by this Section, shall be issued a regular ballot, and the change of registration address shall be canceled. If the election authority is unable to immediately confirm the registration, the voter shall be issued a provisional ballot and the provisional ballot shall be counted.

- 23 (10 ILCS 5/1A-25)
- 24 Sec. 1A-25. Centralized statewide voter registration list.
- 25 The centralized statewide voter registration list required by

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- 1 Title III, Subtitle A, Section 303 of the Help America Vote Act
- of 2002 shall be created and maintained by the State Board of
- 3 Elections as provided in this Section.
 - (1) The centralized statewide voter registration list shall be compiled from the voter registration data bases of each election authority in this State.
 - (2) With the exception of voter registration forms electronically through submitted an online voter registration system, all new voter registration forms and applications to register to vote, including those reviewed by the Secretary of State at a driver services facility, shall be transmitted only to the appropriate election authority as required by Articles 4, 5, and 6 of this Code and not to the State Board of Elections. All voter registration forms submitted electronically to the State Board of Elections through an online voter registration system shall be transmitted to the appropriate election authority as required by Section 1A-16.5. The election authority shall process and verify each voter registration form and electronically enter verified registrations on an expedited basis onto the statewide voter registration All original registration cards shall list. permanently in the office of the election authority as required by this Code.
 - (3) The centralized statewide voter registration list shall:

- (i) Be designed to allow election authorities to utilize the registration data on the statewide voter registration list pertinent to voters registered in their election jurisdiction on locally maintained software programs that are unique to each jurisdiction.
- (ii) Allow each election authority to perform essential election management functions, including but not limited to production of voter lists, processing of vote by mail absentee voters, production of individual, pre-printed applications to vote, administration of election judges, and polling place administration, but shall not prevent any election authority from using information from that election authority's own systems.
- (4) The registration information maintained by each election authority shall be synchronized with that authority's information on the statewide list at least once every 24 hours.

To protect the privacy and confidentiality of voter registration information, the disclosure of any portion of the centralized statewide voter registration list to any person or entity other than to a State or local political committee and other than to a governmental entity for a governmental purpose is specifically prohibited except as follows: (1) subject to security measures adopted by the State Board of Elections

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which, at a minimum, shall include the keeping of a catalog or database, available for public view, including the name, address, and telephone number of the person viewing the list as well as the time of that viewing, any person may view the list on a computer screen at the Springfield office of the State Board of Elections, during normal business hours other than during the 27 days before an election, but the person viewing the list under this exception may not print, duplicate, transmit, or alter the list; or (2) as may be required by an agreement the State Board of Elections has entered into with a multi-state voter registration list maintenance system.

- 12 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)
- 1.3 (10 ILCS 5/1A-45 new)
- 14 Sec. 1A-45. Electronic Registration Information Center.
- 15 (a) The State Board of Elections shall enter into an 16 agreement with the Electronic Registration Information Center effective no later than January 1, 2016, for the purpose of 17 18 maintaining a statewide voter registration database. The State Board of Elections shall comply with the requirements of the 19 20 Electronic Registration Information Center Membership 21 Agreement. The State Board of Elections shall require a term in 22 the Electronic Registration Information Center Membership 23 Agreement that requires the State to share identification 24 records contained in the Secretary of State's Driver Services Department and Vehicle Services Department, the Department of 25

- Human Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family 1
- 2 Services, the Department of Aging, and the Department of
- 3 Employment Security databases (excluding those fields
- 4 unrelated to voter eligibility, such as income or health
- 5 information).
- (b) The Secretary of State and the Board of Elections shall 6
- 7 enter into an agreement to permit the Secretary of State to
- 8 provide the State Board of Elections with any information
- 9 required for compliance with the Electronic Registration
- 10 Information Center Membership Agreement. The Secretary of
- 11 State shall deliver this information as frequently as necessary
- 12 for the State Board of Elections to comply with the Electronic
- Registration Information Center Membership Agreement. 13
- 14 (b-5) The State Board of Elections and the Department of
- Human Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family 15
- 16 Services, the Department on Aging, and the Department of
- 17 Employment Security shall enter into an agreement to require
- each department to provide the State Board of Elections with 18
- 19 any information necessary to transmit member data under the
- 20 Electronic Registration Information Center Membership
- 21 Agreement. The director or secretary, as applicable, of each
- 22 agency shall deliver this information on an annual basis to the
- 23 State Board of Elections pursuant to the agreement between the
- 24 entities.
- 25 (c) Any communication required to be delivered to a
- 26 registrant or potential registrant pursuant to the Electronic

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1	Registration	Information	Center	Membership	Agreement	shall
2	include at lea	ast the follo	wing mes	sage:		

"Our records show people at this address may not be registered to vote at this address, but you may be eligible to register to vote or re-register to vote at this address. If you are a U.S. Citizen, a resident of Illinois, and will be 18 years old or older before the next general election in November, you are qualified to vote.

We invite you to check your registration online at (enter URL) or register to vote online at (enter URL), by requesting a mail-in voter registration form by (enter instructions for requesting a mail-in voter registration form), or visiting the (name of election authority) office at (address of election authority)."

The words "register to vote online at (enter URL)" shall be bolded and of a distinct nature from the other words in the message required by this subsection (c).

(d) Any communication required to be delivered to a potential registrant that has been identified by the Electronic Registration Information Center as eligible to vote but who is not registered to vote in Illinois shall be prepared and disseminated at the direction of the State Board of Elections. All other communications with potential registrants or re-registrants pursuant to the Electronic Registration Information Center Membership Agreement shall be prepared and disseminated at the direction of the appropriate election

authority.

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- 2 (e) The Executive Director of the State Board of Elections
- 3 <u>or his or her designee shall serve as the Member Representative</u>
- 4 to the Electronic Registration Information Center.
- 5 (f) The State Board of Elections may adopt any rules
- 6 <u>necessary to enforce this Section or comply with the Electronic</u>
- 7 Registration Information Center Membership Agreement.
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/3-6)
- 9 Sec. 3-6. Voting age. Notwithstanding any other provision
- of law, a person who is 17 years old on the date of a primary
- 11 election and who is otherwise qualified to vote is qualified to
- 12 vote at that primary, including voting a vote by mail an
- 13 absentee, grace period, or early voting ballot with respect to
- 14 that primary, if that person will be 18 years old on the date
- of the immediately following general election.
- References in this Code and elsewhere to the requirement
- 17 that a person must be 18 years old to vote shall be interpreted
- in accordance with this Section.
- 19 For the purposes of this Act, an individual who is 17 years
- of age and who will be 18 years of age on the date of the
- 21 general election shall be deemed competent to execute and
- 22 attest to any voter registration forms.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 98-51, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 24 (10 ILCS 5/4-6.3) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-6.3)

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Sec. 4-6.3. The county clerk may establish a temporary place of registration for such times and at such locations within the county as the county clerk may select. However, no temporary place of registration may be in operation during the 27 days preceding an election. Notice of the time and place of registration under this Section shall be published by the county clerk in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county not less than 3 nor more than 15 days before the holding of such registration.

Temporary places of registration shall be established so that the areas of concentration of population or use by the public are served, whether by facilities provided in places of private business or in public buildings or in mobile units. Areas which may be designated as temporary places of registration include, but are not limited to, facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, Soldiers' and Sailors' Homes, shopping centers, business districts, public buildings and county fairs.

Temporary places of registration shall be available to the public not less than 2 hours per year for each 1,000 population or fraction thereof in the county.

All temporary places of registration shall be manned by deputy county clerks or deputy registrars appointed pursuant to Section 4-6.2.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,
- 2 eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/4-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-10)

4 Sec. 4-10. Except as herein provided, no person shall be 5 registered, unless he applies in person to a registration officer, answers such relevant questions as may be asked of him 6 by the registration officer, and executes the affidavit of 7 8 registration. The registration officer shall require the 9 applicant to furnish two forms of identification, and except in 10 the case of a homeless individual, one of which must include 11 his or her residence address. These forms of identification 12 shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: 1.3 license, social security card, public identification card, utility bill, employee or 14 15 identification card, lease or contract for a residence, credit 16 card, or a civic, union or professional association membership card. The registration officer shall require a homeless 17 individual to furnish evidence of his or her use of the mailing 18 19 address stated. This use may be demonstrated by a piece of mail 20 addressed to that individual and received at that address or by 21 a statement from a person authorizing use of the mailing 22 address. The registration officer shall require each applicant for registration to read or have read to him the affidavit of 23 24 registration before permitting him to execute the affidavit.

One of the registration officers or a deputy registration

officer, county clerk, or clerk in the office of the county

2 clerk, shall administer to all persons who shall personally

apply to register the following oath or affirmation:

"You do solemnly swear (or affirm) that you will fully and truly answer all such questions as shall be put to you touching your name, place of residence, place of birth, your qualifications as an elector and your right as such to register and vote under the laws of the State of Illinois."

The registration officer shall satisfy himself that each applicant for registration is qualified to register before registering him. If the registration officer has reason to believe that the applicant is a resident of a Soldiers' and Sailors' Home or any facility which is licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, the following question shall be put, "When you entered the home which is your present address, was it your bona fide intention to become a resident thereof?" Any voter of a township, city, village or incorporated town in which such applicant resides, shall be permitted to be present at the place of any precinct registration and shall have the right to challenge any applicant who applies to be registered.

In case the officer is not satisfied that the applicant is qualified he shall forthwith notify such applicant in writing to appear before the county clerk to complete his registration. Upon the card of such applicant shall be written the word

1 "incomplete" and no such applicant shall be permitted to vote

2 unless such registration is satisfactorily completed as

hereinafter provided. No registration shall be taken and marked

4 as incomplete if information to complete it can be furnished on

5 the date of the original application.

Any person claiming to be an elector in any election precinct and whose registration card is marked "Incomplete" may make and sign an application in writing, under oath, to the county clerk in substance in the following form:

"I do solemnly swear that I, ..., did on (insert date) make application to the board of registry of the precinct of the township of (or to the county clerk of county) and that said board or clerk refused to complete my registration as a qualified voter in said precinct. That I reside in said precinct, that I intend to reside in said precinct, and am a duly qualified voter of said precinct and am entitled to be registered to vote in said precinct at the next election.

19 (Signature of applicant)"

All such applications shall be presented to the county clerk or to his duly authorized representative by the applicant, in person between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on any day after the days on which the 1969 and 1970 precinct re-registrations are held but not on any day within 27 days preceding the ensuing general election and thereafter for

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the registration provided in Section 4-7 all such applications shall be presented to the county clerk or his duly authorized representative by the applicant in person between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on any day prior to 27 days preceding the ensuing general election. Such application shall be heard by the county clerk or his duly authorized representative at the time the application is presented. If the applicant for registration has registered with the county clerk, such application may be presented to and heard by the county clerk or by his duly authorized representative upon the dates specified above or at any time prior thereto designated by the county clerk.

Any otherwise qualified person who is absent from his county of residence either due to business of the United States or because he is temporarily outside the territorial limits of the United States may become registered by mailing application to the county clerk within the periods of registration provided for in this Article, or by simultaneous application for absentee registration by mail and vote by mail absentee ballot as provided in Article 20 of this Code.

Upon receipt of such application the county clerk shall immediately mail an affidavit of registration in duplicate, which affidavit shall contain the following and such other information as the State Board of Elections may think it proper to require for the identification of the applicant:

Name. The name of the applicant, giving surname and first

- or Christian name in full, and the middle name or the initial
- 2 for such middle name, if any.
- 3 Sex.
- 4 Residence. The name and number of the street, avenue or
- 5 other location of the dwelling, and such additional clear and
- 6 definite description as may be necessary to determine the exact
- 7 location of the dwelling of the applicant. Where the location
- 8 cannot be determined by street and number, then the Section,
- 9 congressional township and range number may be used, or such
- 10 other information as may be necessary, including post office
- 11 mailing address.
- 12 Electronic mail address, if the registrant has provided
- 13 this information.
- 14 Term of residence in the State of Illinois and the
- 15 precinct.
- Nativity. The State or country in which the applicant was
- 17 born.
- 18 Citizenship. Whether the applicant is native born or
- 19 naturalized. If naturalized, the court, place and date of
- 20 naturalization.
- 21 Age. Date of birth, by month, day and year.
- 22 Out of State address of
- 23 AFFIDAVIT OF REGISTRATION
- 24 State of
- 25)ss
- 26 County of

I hereby swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States; that on the day of the next election I shall have resided in the State of Illinois and in the election precinct 30 days; that I am fully qualified to vote, that I am not registered to vote anywhere else in the United States, that I intend to remain a resident of the State of Illinois and of the election precinct, that I intend to return to the State of Illinois, and that the above statements are true.

10 (His or her signature or mark)

Subscribed and sworn to before me, an officer qualified to administer oaths, on (insert date).

14 Signature of officer administering oath.

Upon receipt of the executed duplicate affidavit of Registration, the county clerk shall transfer the information contained thereon to duplicate Registration Cards provided for in Section 4-8 of this Article and shall attach thereto a copy of each of the duplicate affidavit of registration and thereafter such registration card and affidavit shall constitute the registration of such person the same as if he had applied for registration in person.

23 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,

24 eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-115, eff. 10-1-13;

25 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

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(10 ILCS 5/4-50)

4-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and for change of address during the period from the close of registration for an a primary or election and until and including the 3rd day of the before the primary or election, except that during the 2014 general election the period shall extend until the polls close on election day. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority, at a permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10, at any other early voting site beginning 15 days prior to the election, at a polling place on election day, or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. During the 2014 general election, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person at any permanent polling place for early voting established under Section 19A-10 through election day. The election authority shall register that individual, or change registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this

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grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary

2 occurring <u>during</u> after the grace period, he or she must do so

by grace period voting. The election authority shall offer

in-person grace period voting at the authority's office, and

any permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10,

and at any other early voting site beginning 15 days prior to

the election, at a polling place on election day, where grace

period registration is required by this Section; and may offer

in-person grace period voting at additional hours and locations

specifically designated for the purpose of grace period voting

by the election authority. The election authority may allow

grace period voting by mail only if the election authority has

no ballots prepared at the authority's office. Grace period

voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting

under Article 19A 19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, or within one day after the ballot is received by the election authority if the election authority allows grace period voting by mail, the election authority shall transmit by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections the voter's name, street address, e-mail address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace

period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct 1

2 list of persons to whom vote by mail absentee and early ballots

have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9 and

18-5. 4

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A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period at a location other than their designated polling place on election day must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

In counties with a population of less than 100,000 that do not have electronic poll books, the election authority may opt out of registration in the polling place if the election authority establishes grace period registration and voting at other sites on election day at the following sites: (i) the election authority's main office and (ii) a polling place in each municipality where 20% or more of the county's residents reside if the election authority's main office is not located in that municipality. The election authority may establish other grace period registration and voting sites on election day provided that the election authority has met the notice

- 1 requirements of Section 19A-25 for permanent and temporary
- 2 early voting sites.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13;
- 4 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/4-105)

6 Sec. 4-105. First time voting. A person must vote for the 7 first time in person and not by a vote by mail mailed absentee 8 ballot if the person registered to vote by mail, unless the 9 person first provides the appropriate election authority with 10 sufficient proof of identity and the election authority 11 verifies the person's proof of identity. Sufficient proof of 12 identity shall be demonstrated by submission of the person's driver's license number or State identification card number or, 1.3 14 if the person does not have either of those, verification by 15 the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a 16 copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government 17 18 check, or other federal, State, or local government document 19 that shows the person's name and address. A person may also 20 demonstrate sufficient proof of identity by submission of a 21 photo identification issued by a college or university 22 accompanied by either a copy of the applicant's contract or lease for a residence or any postmarked mail delivered to the 23 applicant at his or her current residence address. Persons who 24 25 apply to register to vote by mail but provide inadequate proof

- of identity to the election authority shall be notified by the
- 2 election authority that the registration has not been fully
- 3 completed and that the person remains ineligible to vote by
- 4 mail or in person until such proof is presented.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/5-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-9)

7 Sec. 5-9. Except as herein provided, no person shall be 8 registered unless he applies in person to registration officer, 9 answers such relevant questions as may be asked of him by the 10 registration officer, and executes the affidavit of 11 The registration officer shall require registration. 12 applicant to furnish two forms of identification, and except in the case of a homeless individual, one of which must include 1.3 his or her residence address. These forms of identification 14 15 shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: 16 license, social security card, driver's public aid identification card, utility bill, employee 17 student or identification card, lease or contract for a residence, credit 18 19 card, or a civic, union or professional association membership 20 card. The registration officer shall require a homeless 21 individual to furnish evidence of his or her use of the mailing 22 address stated. This use may be demonstrated by a piece of mail addressed to that individual and received at that address or by 23 24 a statement from a person authorizing use of the mailing 25 address. The registration officer shall require each applicant

for registration to read or have read to him the affidavit of registration before permitting him to execute the affidavit.

One of the Deputy Registrars, the Judge of Registration, or an Officer of Registration, County Clerk, or clerk in the office of the County Clerk, shall administer to all persons who shall personally apply to register the following oath or affirmation:

"You do solemnly swear (or affirm) that you will fully and truly answer all such questions as shall be put to you touching your place of residence, name, place of birth, your qualifications as an elector and your right as such to register and vote under the laws of the State of Illinois."

The Registration Officer shall satisfy himself that each applicant for registration is qualified to register before registering him. If the registration officer has reason to believe that the applicant is a resident of a Soldiers' and Sailors' Home or any facility which is licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, the following question shall be put, "When you entered the home which is your present address, was it your bona fide intention to become a resident thereof?" Any voter of a township, city, village or incorporated town in which such applicant resides, shall be permitted to be present at the place of precinct registration, and shall have the right to challenge any applicant who applies to be registered.

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In case the officer is not satisfied that the applicant is qualified, he shall forthwith in writing notify such applicant to appear before the County Clerk to furnish further proof of his qualifications. Upon the card of such applicant shall be written the word "Incomplete" and no such applicant shall be permitted to vote unless such registration is satisfactorily completed as hereinafter provided. No registration shall be taken and marked as "incomplete" if information to complete it can be furnished on the date of the original application.

Any person claiming to be an elector in any election precinct in such township, city, village or incorporated town and whose registration is marked "Incomplete" may make and sign an application in writing, under oath, to the County Clerk in substance in the following form:

"I do solemnly swear that I,, did on (insert date) make application to the Board of Registry of the precinct of ward of the City of or of the District Town of (or to the County Clerk of and County; that said Board or Clerk refused to complete my registration as a qualified voter in said precinct, that I reside in said precinct (or that I intend to reside in said precinct), am a duly qualified voter and entitled to vote in said precinct at the next election.

(Signature of Applicant)"

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All such applications shall be presented to the County Clerk by the applicant, in person between the hours of nine o'clock a.m. and five o'clock p.m., on Monday and Tuesday of the third week subsequent to the weeks in which the 1961 and 1962 precinct re-registrations are to be held, and thereafter for the registration provided in Section 5-17 of this Article, all such applications shall be presented to the County Clerk by the applicant in person between the hours of nine o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock p.m. on Monday and Tuesday of the third week prior to the date on which such election is to be held.

Any otherwise qualified person who is absent from his county of residence either due to business of the United States or because he is temporarily outside the territorial limits of the United States may become registered by mailing an application to the county clerk within the periods registration provided for in this Article or by simultaneous application for absentee registration by mail and vote by mail absentee ballot as provided in Article 20 of this Code.

Upon receipt of such application the county clerk shall immediately mail an affidavit of registration in duplicate, which affidavit shall contain the following and such other information as the State Board of Elections may think it proper to require for the identification of the applicant:

Name. The name of the applicant, giving surname and first or Christian name in full, and the middle name or the initial for such middle name, if any.

1 Sex.

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Residence. The name and number of the street, avenue or other location of the dwelling, and such additional clear and definite description as may be necessary to determine the exact location of the dwelling of the applicant. Where the location cannot be determined by street and number, then the Section, congressional township and range number may be used, or such other information as may be necessary, including post office mailing address.

10 Electronic mail address, if the registrant has provided this information.

Term of residence in the State of Illinois and the precinct.

Nativity. The State or country in which the applicant was born.

16 Citizenship. Whether the applicant is native born or naturalized. If naturalized, the court, place and date of naturalization.

19 Age. Date of birth, by month, day and year.

Out of State address of

21 AFFIDAVIT OF REGISTRATION

22 State of)

23)ss

24 County of)

I hereby swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States; that on the day of the next election I shall

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98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

Signature of officer administering oath.

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Τ	nave resided in the State of Illinois for 6 months and in the
2	election precinct 30 days; that I am fully qualified to vote,
3	that I am not registered to vote anywhere else in the United
4	States, that I intend to remain a resident of the State of
5	Illinois and of the election precinct, that I intend to return
6	to the State of Illinois, and that the above statements are
7	true.
8	
9	(His or her signature or mark)
10	Subscribed and sworn to before me, an officer qualified to
11	administer oaths, on (insert date).
12	

Upon receipt of the executed duplicate affidavit of Registration, the county clerk shall transfer the information contained thereon to duplicate Registration Cards provided for in Section 5-7 of this Article and shall attach thereto a copy of each of the duplicate affidavit of registration and thereafter such registration card and affidavit shall constitute the registration of such person the same as if he had applied for registration in person.

(Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,

eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-115, eff. 10-1-13;

(10 ILCS 5/5-16.3) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-16.3)

Sec. 5-16.3. The county clerk may establish temporary places of registration for such times and at such locations within the county as the county clerk may select. However, no temporary place of registration may be in operation during the 27 days preceding an election. Notice of time and place of registration at any such temporary place of registration under this Section shall be published by the county clerk in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county not less than 3 nor more than 15 days before the holding of such registration.

Temporary places of registration shall be established so that the areas of concentration of population or use by the public are served, whether by facilities provided in places of private business or in public buildings or in mobile units. Areas which may be designated as temporary places of registration include, but are not limited to, facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, Soldiers' and Sailors' Homes, shopping centers, business districts, public buildings and county fairs.

Temporary places of registration shall be available to the public not less than 2 hours per year for each 1,000 population or fraction thereof in the county.

All temporary places of registration shall be manned by

- deputy county clerks or deputy registrars appointed pursuant to
- 2 Section 5-16.2.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,
- 4 eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/5-50)

5-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other 6 7 provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority 8 shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and 9 for change of address during the period from the close of 10 registration for <u>an</u> a <u>primary or</u> election and until <u>and</u> 11 including the $\frac{3rd}{r}$ day of the $\frac{before}{r}$ the $\frac{primary}{r}$ election, 12 except that during the 2014 general election the period shall extend until the polls close on election day. During this grace 1.3 14 period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, 15 and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in 16 person in the office of the election authority, at a permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10, at any other 17 18 early voting site beginning 15 days prior to the election, at a polling place on election day, or at a voter registration 19 20 location specifically designated for this purpose by the 21 election authority. During the 2014 general election, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a 22 registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person 23 24 at any permanent polling place for early voting established 25 pursuant to Section 19A 10 through election day. The election

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authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring during after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting. The election authority shall offer in-person grace period voting at his or her office, and any permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10, and at any other early voting site beginning 15 days prior to the election, at a polling place on election day, where grace period registration is required by this Section; and may offer in-person grace period voting at additional hours and locations specifically designated for the purpose of grace period voting by the election authority. The election authority may allow grace period voting by mail only if the election authority has no ballots prepared at the authority's office. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19A 19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, or within one day after the ballot is received by the election authority if the election authority allows grace period voting by mail, the election authority shall transmit by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections the voter's name, street address, e-mail address, and

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precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct list of persons to whom vote by mail absentee and early ballots have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9 and 18 - 5.

A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period at a location other than their designated polling place on election day must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

In counties with a population of less than 100,000 that do not have electronic poll books, the election authority may opt out of registration in the polling place if the election authority establishes grace period registration and voting at other sites on election day at the following sites: (i) the election authority's main office and (ii) a polling place in each municipality where 20% or more of the county's residents

2 reside if the election authority's main office is not located

in that municipality. The election authority may establish

4 other grace period registration and voting sites on election

day provided that the election authority has met the notice

requirements of Section 19A-25 for permanent and temporary

7 early voting sites.

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8 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13;

9 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)

10 (10 ILCS 5/5-105)

Sec. 5-105. First time voting. A person must vote for the first time in person and not by a vote by mail mailed absentee ballot if the person registered to vote by mail, unless the person first provides the appropriate election authority with sufficient proof of identity and the election authority verifies the person's proof of identity. Sufficient proof of identity shall be demonstrated by submission of the person's driver's license number or State identification card number or, if the person does not have either of those, verification by the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other federal, State, or local government document that shows the person's name and address. A person may also demonstrate sufficient proof of identity by submission of a

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photo identification issued by a college or university 1 2 accompanied by either a copy of the applicant's contract or lease for a residence or any postmarked mail delivered to the 3 applicant at his or her current residence address. Persons who 5 apply to register to vote by mail but provide inadequate proof 6 of identity to the election authority shall be notified by the 7 election authority that the registration has not been fully completed and that the person remains ineligible to vote by

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.) 10

mail or in person until such proof is presented.

11 (10 ILCS 5/6-29) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-29)

> Sec. 6-29. For the purpose of registering voters under this Article, the office of the Board of Election Commissioners shall be open during ordinary business hours of each week day, from 9 a.m. to 12 o'clock noon on the last four Saturdays immediately preceding the end of the period of registration preceding each election, and such other days and such other times as the board may direct. During the 27 days immediately preceding any election there shall be no registration of voters at the office of the Board of Election Commissioners in cities, villages and incorporated towns of fewer than 200,000 inhabitants. In cities, villages and incorporated towns of 200,000 or more inhabitants, there shall be no registration of voters at the office of the Board of Election Commissioners during the 35 days immediately preceding any election;

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provided, however, where no precinct registration is being conducted prior to any election then registration may be taken in the office of the Board up to and including the 28th day prior to such election. The Board of Election Commissioners may set up and establish as many branch offices for the purpose of taking registrations as it may deem necessary, and the branch offices may be open on any or all dates and hours during which registrations may be taken in the main office. All officers and employees of the Board of Election Commissioners who are authorized by such board to take registrations under this Article shall be considered officers of the circuit court, and shall be subject to the same control as is provided by Section 14-5 of this Act with respect to judges of election.

In any election called for the submission of the revision or alteration of, or the amendments to the Constitution, submitted by a Constitutional Convention, the final day for registration at the office of the election authority charged with the printing of the ballot of this election shall be the 15th day prior to the date of election.

The Board of Election Commissioners shall appoint one or more registration teams, consisting of 2 of its employees for each team, for the purpose of accepting the registration of any voter who files an affidavit, within the period for taking registrations provided for in this Article, that he is physically unable to appear at the office of the Board or at any appointed place of registration. On the day or days when a

- precinct registration is being conducted such teams shall 1
- 2 consist of one member from each of the 2 leading political
- 3 parties who are serving on the Precinct Registration Board.
- Each team so designated shall visit each disabled person and 4
- shall accept the registration of such person the same as if he 5
- 6 had applied for registration in person.
- 7 Any otherwise qualified person who is absent from his
- 8 county of residence due to business of the United States, or
- 9 who is temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of
- 10 the United States, may make application to become registered by
- 11 mail to the Board of Election Commissioners within the periods
- 12 registration provided for in this Article or for by
- simultaneous application for absentee registration by mail and 13
- vote by mail absentee ballot as provided in Article 20 of this 14
- 15 Code.
- 16 Upon receipt of such application the Board of Election
- 17 shall immediately mail affidavit Commissioners an
- registration in duplicate, which affidavit shall contain the 18
- following and such other information as the State Board of 19
- 20 Elections may think it proper to require for the identification
- of the applicant: 21
- 22 Name. The name of the applicant, giving surname and first
- 23 or Christian name in full, and the middle name or the initial
- 24 for such middle name, if any.
- 25 Sex.
- 26 Residence. The name and number of the street, avenue or

- other location of the dwelling, and such additional clear and
- definite description as may be necessary to determine the exact
- 3 location of the dwelling of the applicant. Where the location
- 4 cannot be determined by street and number, then the section,
- 5 congressional township and range number may be used, or such
- 6 other information as may be necessary, including post office
- 7 mailing address.
- 8 Electronic mail address, if the registrant has provided
- 9 this information.
- 10 Term of residence in the State of Illinois and the
- 11 precinct.
- Nativity. The state or country in which the applicant was
- 13 born.
- 14 Citizenship. Whether the applicant is native born or
- 15 naturalized. If naturalized, the court, place and date of
- 16 naturalization.
- 17 Age. Date of birth, by month, day and year.
- 18 Out of State address of
- 19 AFFIDAVIT OF REGISTRATION
- 20 State of)
- 21) ss.
- 22 County of)
- I hereby swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the
- United States; that on the day of the next election I shall
- 25 have resided in the State of Illinois and in the election
- 26 precinct 30 days; that I am fully qualified to vote, that I am

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not registered to vote anywhere else in the United States, that

2 I intend to remain a resident of the State of Illinois, and of

3 the election precinct, that I intend to return to the State of

4 Illinois, and that the above statements are true.

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6 (His or her signature or mark)

Subscribed and sworn to before me, an officer qualified to administer oaths, on (insert date).

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10 Signature of officer administering oath.

Upon receipt of the executed duplicate affidavit of Registration, the Board of Election Commissioners shall transfer the information contained thereon to duplicate Registration Cards provided for in Section 6-35 of this Article and shall attach thereto a copy of each of the duplicate affidavit of registration and thereafter such registration card and affidavit shall constitute the registration of such person the same as if he had applied for registration in person.

20 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 10-1-13.)

21 (10 ILCS 5/6-50.3) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-50.3)

Sec. 6-50.3. The board of election commissioners may establish temporary places of registration for such times and at such locations as the board may select. However, no temporary place of registration may be in operation during the

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county fairs.

1 27 days preceding an election. Notice of the time and place of

2 registration at any such temporary place of registration under

this Section shall be published by the board of election

4 commissioners in a newspaper having a general circulation in

5 the city, village or incorporated town not less than 3 nor more

6 than 15 days before the holding of such registration.

Temporary places of registration shall be established so that the areas of concentration of population or use by the public are served, whether by facilities provided in places of private business or in public buildings or in mobile units. Areas which may be designated as temporary places of registration include, but are not limited to, facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, Soldiers' and Sailors' Homes, shopping centers, business districts, public buildings and

Temporary places of registration shall be available to the public not less than 2 hours per year for each 1,000 population or fraction thereof in the county.

All temporary places of registration shall be manned by employees of the board of election commissioners or deputy registrars appointed pursuant to Section 6-50.2.

24 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,

25 eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)

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(10 ILCS 5/6-100)

Sec. 6-100. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and for change of address during the period from the close of registration for an a primary or election and until and including the 3rd day of the before the primary or election, except that during the 2014 general election the period shall extend until the polls close on election day. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority, at a permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10, at any other early voting site beginning 15 days prior to the election, at a polling place on election day, or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. During the 2014 general election, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person at any permanent polling place for early voting established pursuant to Section 19A-10 through election day. The election authority shall register that individual, or change registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this

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grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring during after the grace period. The election authority shall offer in-person grace period voting at the authority's office, and any permanent polling place established under Section 19A-10, and at any other early voting site beginning 15 days prior to the election, at a polling place on election day, where grace period registration is required by this Section; and may offer in-person grace period voting at additional hours and locations specifically designated for the purpose of grace period voting by the election authority. The election authority may allow grace period voting by mail only if the election authority has no ballots prepared at the authority's office. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19A 19.

Within one day after a voter casts a grace period ballot, or within one day after the ballot is received by the election authority if the election authority allows grace period voting by mail, the election authority shall transmit by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections the voter's name, street address, e-mail address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The name of each person issued a grace period ballot shall also be placed on the appropriate precinct

list of persons to whom vote by mail absentee and early ballots 1

have been issued, for use as provided in Sections 17-9 and

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A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period at a location other than their designated polling place on election day must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

In counties with a population of less than 100,000 that do not have electronic poll books, the election authority may opt out of registration in the polling place if the election authority establishes qrace period registration and voting at other sites on election day at the following sites: (i) the election authority's main office and (ii) a polling place in each municipality where 20% or more of the county's residents reside if the election authority's main office is not located in that municipality. The election authority may establish other grace period registration and voting sites on election day provided that the election authority has met the notice requirements of Section 19A-25 for permanent and temporary

- 1 early voting sites.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13;
- 3 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/6-105)

5 Sec. 6-105. First time voting. A person must vote for the 6 first time in person and not by a vote by mail mailed absentee 7 ballot if the person registered to vote by mail, unless the 8 person first provides the appropriate election authority with 9 sufficient proof of identity and the election authority 10 verifies the person's proof of identity. Sufficient proof of 11 identity shall be demonstrated by submission of the person's 12 driver's license number or State identification card number or, 13 if the person does not have either of those, verification by 14 the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a 15 copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of 16 a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other federal, State, or local government document 17 18 that shows the person's name and address. A person may also demonstrate sufficient proof of identity by submission of a 19 photo identification issued by a college or university 20 21 accompanied by either a copy of the applicant's contract or 22 lease for a residence or any postmarked mail delivered to the applicant at his or her current residence address. Persons who 23 24 apply to register to vote by mail but provide inadequate proof 25 of identity to the election authority shall be notified by the

- 1 election authority that the registration has not been fully
- 2 completed and that the person remains ineligible to vote by
- 3 mail or in person until such proof is presented.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/7-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-15)

6 Sec. 7-15. At least 60 days prior to each general and 7 consolidated primary, the election authority shall provide public notice, calculated to reach elderly and handicapped 8 9 voters, of the availability of registration and voting aids 10 under the Federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and 11 Handicapped Act, of the availability of assistance in marking 12 the ballot, procedures for voting by a vote by mail absentee 13 ballot, and procedures for early voting by personal appearance. 14 At least 20 days before the general primary the county clerk of 15 each county, and not more than 30 nor less than 10 days before 16 the consolidated primary the election authority, shall prepare in the manner provided in this Act, a notice of such primary 17 which notice shall state the time and place of holding the 18 19 primary, the hours during which the polls will be open, the 20 offices for which candidates will be nominated at such primary 21 and the political parties entitled to participate therein, 22 notwithstanding that no candidate of any such political party 23 may be entitled to have his name printed on the primary ballot. 24 Such notice shall also include the list of addresses of 25 precinct polling places for the consolidated primary unless

1 such list is separately published by the election authority not

less than 10 days before the consolidated primary.

In counties, municipalities, or towns having fewer than 500,000 inhabitants notice of the general primary shall be published once in two or more newspapers published in the county, municipality or town, as the case may be, or if there is no such newspaper, then in any two or more newspapers published in the county and having a general circulation throughout the community.

In counties, municipalities, or towns having 500,000 or more inhabitants notice of the general primary shall be published at least 15 days prior to the primary by the same authorities and in the same manner as notice of election for general elections are required to be published in counties, municipalities or towns of 500,000 or more inhabitants under this Act.

Notice of the consolidated primary shall be published once in one or more newspapers published in each political subdivision having such primary, and if there is no such newspaper, then published once in a local, community newspaper having general circulation in the subdivision, and also once in a newspaper published in the county wherein the political subdivisions, or portions thereof, having such primary are situated.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

- 1 (10 ILCS 5/7-34) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-34)
- 2 Sec. 7-34. Pollwatchers in a primary election shall be 3 authorized in the following manner:
 - (1) Each established political party shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. Such pollwatchers must be affiliated with the political party for which they are pollwatching and must be a registered voter in Illinois.
 - (2) Each candidate shall be entitled to appoint two pollwatchers per precinct. For Federal, State, county, township, and municipal primary elections, the pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois.
 - (3) Each organization of citizens within the county or political subdivision, which has among its purposes or interests the investigation or prosecution of election frauds, and which shall have registered its name and address and the names and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the primary election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. For all primary elections, the pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.
 - (3.5) Each State nonpartisan civic organization within the county or political subdivision shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct, provided that no more than 2 pollwatchers appointed by State nonpartisan civic organizations shall be present in a precinct polling place at the same time. Each organization shall have registered the

- names and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the primary election. The pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois. For the purpose of this paragraph, a "State nonpartisan civic organization" means any corporation, unincorporated association, or organization that:
 - (i) as part of its written articles of incorporation, bylaws, or charter or by separate written declaration, has among its stated purposes the provision of voter information and education, the protection of individual voters' rights, and the promotion of free and equal elections;
 - (ii) is organized or primarily conducts its activities within the State of Illinois; and
 - (iii) continuously maintains an office or business location within the State of Illinois, together with a current listed telephone number (a post office box number without a current listed telephone number is not sufficient).
 - (4) Each organized group of proponents or opponents of a ballot proposition, which shall have registered the name and address of its organization or committee and the name and address of its chairman with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the primary election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. The pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(5) In any primary election held to nominate candidates for the offices of a municipality of less than 3,000,000 population that is situated in 2 or more counties, a pollwatcher who is a resident of a county in which any part of the municipality is situated shall be eligible to serve as a pollwatcher in any polling place located within such municipality, provided that such pollwatcher otherwise complies with the respective requirements of subsections (1) through (4) of this Section and is a registered voter whose residence is within Illinois.

All pollwatchers shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature(s) of the election authority and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be authorized by the real or facsimile signature of the State or local party official or the candidate or the presiding officer of the civic organization or the chairman of the proponent or opponent group, as the case may be.

20 Pollwatcher credentials shall be in substantially the 21 following form:

22 POLLWATCHER CREDENTIALS

23 TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, the undersigned hereby appoints (name of pollwatcher)

1	at (address) in the county of,
2	(township or municipality) of (name),
3	State of Illinois and who is duly registered to vote from this
4	address, to act as a pollwatcher in the precinct of
5	the ward (if applicable) of the
6	(township or municipality) of at the
7	election to be held on (insert date).
8	(Signature of Appointing Authority)
9	TITLE (party official, candidate,
10	civic organization president,
11	proponent or opponent group chairman)
12	Under penalties provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10
13	of the Election Code, the undersigned pollwatcher certifies
14	that he or she resides at (address) in the
15	county of, (township or municipality) of
16	(name), State of Illinois, and is duly registered to
17	vote in Illinois.
18	
19	(Precinct and/or Ward in (Signature of Pollwatcher)
20	Which Pollwatcher Resides)

Pollwatchers must present their credentials to the Judges of Election upon entering the polling place. Pollwatcher credentials properly executed and signed shall be proof of the qualifications of the pollwatcher authorized thereby. Such credentials are retained by the Judges and returned to the

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Election Authority at the end of the day of election with the other election materials. Once a pollwatcher has surrendered a valid credential, he may leave and reenter the polling place provided that such continuing action does not disrupt the conduct of the election. Pollwatchers may be substituted during the course of the day, but established political parties, candidates, qualified civic organizations and proponents and opponents of a ballot proposition can have only as many pollwatchers at any given time as are authorized in this Article. A substitute must present his signed credential to the judges of election upon entering the polling place. Election authorities must provide a sufficient number of credentials to allow for substitution of pollwatchers. After the polls have closed, pollwatchers shall be allowed to remain until the canvass of votes is completed; but may leave and reenter only in cases of necessity, provided that such action is not so continuous as to disrupt the canvass of votes.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties shall be admitted to any and all polling places throughout such district or municipality without regard to the counties in which such candidates are registered to vote. Actions of such candidates shall be governed in each polling place by the same privileges and limitations that apply to pollwatchers as provided in this Section. Any such candidate who engages in an activity in a polling place which could reasonably be construed by a majority

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CANDIDATE SEEKS

of the judges of election as campaign activity shall be removed forthwith from such polling place.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties who desire to be admitted to polling places on election day in such district or municipality shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature of the election authority of the election jurisdiction where the polling place in which the candidate seeks admittance is located, and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be signed by the candidate.

Candidate credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

15 CANDIDATE CREDENTIALS 16 TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION: In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, I 17 18 (name of candidate) hereby certify that I am a candidate for (name of office) and seek admittance to 19 precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the 20 21 (township or municipality) of at the election 22 to be held on (insert date). 23 24 (Signature of Candidate) OFFICE FOR WHICH

1.3

1 NOMINATION OR

2 ELECTION

Pollwatchers shall be permitted to observe all proceedings and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, and to station themselves in a position in the voting room as will enable them to observe the judges making the signature comparison between the voter application and the voter registration record card; provided, however, that such pollwatchers shall not be permitted to station themselves in such close proximity to the judges of election so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election and shall not, in any event, be permitted to handle election materials. Pollwatchers may challenge for cause the voting qualifications of a person offering to vote and may call to the attention of the judges of election any incorrect procedure or apparent violations of this Code.

If a majority of the judges of election determine that the polling place has become too overcrowded with pollwatchers so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election, the judges shall, by lot, limit such pollwatchers to a reasonable number, except that each candidate and each established or new political party shall be permitted to have at least one pollwatcher present.

Representatives of an election authority, with regard to an

- election under its jurisdiction, the State Board of Elections,
- 2 and law enforcement agencies, including but not limited to a
- 3 United States Attorney, a State's attorney, the Attorney
- 4 General, and a State, county, or local police department, in
- 5 the performance of their official election duties, shall be
- 6 permitted at all times to enter and remain in the polling
- 7 place. Upon entering the polling place, such representatives
- 8 shall display their official credentials or other
- 9 identification to the judges of election.
- 10 Uniformed police officers assigned to polling place duty
- shall follow all lawful instructions of the judges of election.
- The provisions of this Section shall also apply to
- 13 supervised casting of vote by mail absentee ballots as provided
- in Section 19-12.2 of this Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 95-267, eff. 8-17-07.)
- 16 (10 ILCS 5/10-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-7)
- Sec. 10-7. Any person whose name has been presented as a
- 18 candidate, including nonpartisan and independent candidates,
- may cause his name to be withdrawn from any such nomination by
- 20 his request in writing, signed by him and duly acknowledged
- 21 before an officer qualified to take acknowledgment of deeds,
- 22 and presented to the principal office or permanent branch
- 23 office of the Board, the election authority, or the local
- 24 election official, as the case may be, not later than the date
- for certification of candidates for the ballot. No name so

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withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots under the party appellation or title from which the candidate has withdrawn his name. If such a request for withdrawal is received after the date for certification of the candidates for the ballot, then the votes cast for the withdrawn candidate are invalid and shall not be reported by the election authority. If the name of the same person has been presented as a candidate for 2 or more offices which are incompatible so that the same person could not serve in more than one of such offices if elected, that person must withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within the 5 business days following the last day for petition filing. If he fails to withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within such time, his name shall not be certified, nor printed on the ballot, for any office. However, nothing in this section shall be construed as precluding a judge who is seeking retention in office from also being a candidate for another judicial office. Except as otherwise herein provided, in case the certificate of nomination or petition as provided for in this Article shall contain or exhibit the name of any candidate for any office upon more than one of said certificates or petitions (for the same office), then and in that case the Board or election authority or local election official, as the case may be, shall immediately notify said candidate of said fact and that his name unlawfully upon more than one of said certificates or petitions and that within 3 days from the receipt of said notification,

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said candidate must elect as to which of said political party appellations or groups he desires his name to appear and remain under upon said ballot, and if said candidate refuses, fails or neglects to make such election, then and in that case the Board or election authority or local election official, as the case may be, shall permit the name of said candidate to appear or be printed or placed upon said ballot only under the political party appellation or group appearing on the certificate of nomination or petition, as the case may be, first filed, and shall strike or cause to be stricken the name of said candidate from all certificates of nomination and petitions filed after the first such certificate of nomination or petition.

Whenever the name of a candidate for an office is withdrawn from a new political party petition, it shall constitute a vacancy in nomination for that office which may be filled in accordance with Section 10-11 of this Article; provided, that if the names of all candidates for all offices on a new political party petition are withdrawn or such petition is declared invalid by an electoral board or upon judicial review, no vacancies in nomination for those offices shall exist and the filing of any notice or resolution purporting to fill vacancies in nomination shall have no legal effect.

Whenever the name of an independent candidate for an office is withdrawn or an independent candidate's petition is declared invalid by an electoral board or upon judicial review, no vacancy in nomination for that office shall exist and the

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filing of any notice or resolution purporting to fill a vacancy 1

2 in nomination shall have no legal effect.

All certificates of nomination and nomination papers when presented or filed shall be open, under proper regulation, to public inspection, and the State Board of Elections and the several election authorities and local election officials 7

having charge of nomination papers shall preserve the same in

their respective offices not less than 6 months.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

(10 ILCS 5/10-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-9)10

> Sec. 10-9. The following electoral boards are designated for the purpose of hearing and passing upon the objector's petition described in Section 10-8.

1. The State Board of Elections will hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for State offices, nominations of candidates for congressional or 7 legislative offices that are in more than one county or are wholly located within a single county with a population of less than 3,000,000 and judicial offices of districts, subcircuits, or circuits situated in more than one county, nominations of candidates for the offices of State's attorney or regional superintendent of schools to be elected from more than one county, and petitions for proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Illinois as provided for in Section 3 of Article XIV of the

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Constitution.

2. The county officers electoral board of a county with a population of less than 3,000,000 to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for county offices, for congressional, legislative and judicial offices of a district, subcircuit, or circuit coterminous with or less than a county, for any school district offices, for the office of multi-township assessor where candidates for such office are nominated in accordance with this Code, and for all special district offices, shall be composed of the county clerk, or an assistant designated by the county clerk, the State's attorney of the county or an Assistant State's Attorney designated by the State's Attorney, and the clerk of the circuit court, or an assistant designated by the clerk of the circuit court, of the county, of whom the county clerk or his designee shall be the chairman, except that in any county which has established a county board of election commissioners that board shall constitute the county officers electoral board ex-officio. If a school district is located in 2 or more counties, the county officers electoral board of the county in which the principal office of the school district is located shall hear and pass upon objections to nominations of candidates for school district office in that school district.

2.5. The county officers electoral board of a county

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with a population of 3,000,000 or more to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for county offices, candidates for congressional and legislative offices if the district is wholly within a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more, unless the district is wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners, and judicial offices of a district, subcircuit, or circuit coterminous with or less than a county, for any school district offices, for the office of multi-township assessor where candidates for such office are nominated in accordance with this Code, and for all special district offices, shall be composed of the county clerk, or an assistant designated by the county clerk, the State's Attorney of the county or an Assistant State's Attorney designated by the State's Attorney, and the clerk of the circuit court, or an assistant designated by the clerk of the circuit court, of the county, of whom the county clerk or his designee shall be the chairman, except that, in any county which has established a county board of election commissioners, that board shall constitute the county officers electoral board ex-officio. If a school district is located in 2 or more counties, the county officers electoral board of the county in which the principal office of the school district is located shall hear and pass upon objections to nominations of candidates for school district office in that school district.

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- 3. The municipal officers electoral board to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for officers of municipalities shall be composed of the mayor or president of the board of trustees of the city, village or incorporated town, and the city, village or incorporated town clerk, and one member of the city council or board of trustees, that member being designated who is eligible to serve on the electoral board and has served the greatest number of years as a member of the city council or board of trustees, of whom the mayor or president of the board of trustees shall be the chairman.
- 4. The township officers electoral board to pass upon objections to the nominations of township officers shall be composed of the township supervisor, the town clerk, and that eligible town trustee elected in the township who has had the longest term of continuous service as town trustee, of whom the township supervisor shall be the chairman.
- 5. The education officers electoral board to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for offices in community college districts shall be composed of the presiding officer of the community college district board, who shall be the chairman, the secretary of the community college district board and the eligible elected community college board member who has the longest term of continuous service as a board member.
 - 6. In all cases, however, where the Congressional,

Legislative, or Representative district is wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of a single municipal board of election commissioners in Cook County and in all cases where the school district or special district is wholly within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners and in all cases where the municipality or township is wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election

commissioners, the board of election commissioners shall

For special districts situated in more than one county, the county officers electoral board of the county in which the principal office of the district is located has jurisdiction to hear and pass upon objections. For purposes of this Section, "special districts" means all political subdivisions other than counties, municipalities, townships and school and community college districts.

ex-officio constitute the electoral board.

In the event that any member of the appropriate board is a candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's petition is filed, he shall not be eligible to serve on that board and shall not act as a member of the board and his place shall be filled as follows:

- a. In the county officers electoral board by the county treasurer, and if he or she is ineligible to serve, by the sheriff of the county.
- b. In the municipal officers electoral board by the

eligible elected city council or board of trustees member who has served the second greatest number of years as a

3 city council or board of trustees member.

c. In the township officers electoral board by the eligible elected town trustee who has had the second longest term of continuous service as a town trustee.

d. In the education officers electoral board by the eligible elected community college district board member who has had the second longest term of continuous service as a board member.

In the event that the chairman of the electoral board is ineligible to act because of the fact that he or she is a candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's petition is filed, then the substitute chosen under the provisions of this Section shall be the chairman; In this case, the officer or board with whom the objector's petition is filed, shall transmit the certificate of nomination or nomination papers as the case may be, and the objector's petition to the substitute chairman of the electoral board.

When 2 or more eligible individuals, by reason of their terms of service on a city council or board of trustees, township board of trustees, or community college district board, qualify to serve on an electoral board, the one to serve shall be chosen by lot.

Any vacancies on an electoral board not otherwise filled pursuant to this Section shall be filled by public members

1 appointed by the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court for the

2 county wherein the electoral board hearing is being held upon

notification to the Chief Judge of such vacancies. The Chief

Judge shall be so notified by a member of the electoral board

or the officer or board with whom the objector's petition was

6 filed. In the event that none of the individuals designated by

this Section to serve on the electoral board are eligible, the

chairman of an electoral board shall be designated by the Chief

9 Judge.

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10 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

11 (10 ILCS 5/11-4.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 11-4.1)

12 Sec. 11-4.1. (a) In appointing polling places under this

Article, the county board or board of election commissioners

14 shall, insofar as they are convenient and available, use

schools and other public buildings as polling places.

16 (b) Upon request of the county board or board of election

commissioners, the proper agency of government (including

school districts and units of local government) shall make a

public building under its control available for use as a

polling place on an election day and for a reasonably necessary

time before and after election day, without charge. If the

county board or board of election commissioners chooses a

school to be a polling place, then the school district must

make the school available for use as a polling place. However,

for the day of the election, a school district is encouraged to

- 1 (i) close the school or (ii) hold a teachers institute on that
- 2 day with students not in attendance.
- 3 (c) A government agency which makes a public building under
- 4 its control available for use as a polling place shall (i)
- 5 ensure the portion of the building to be used as the polling
- 6 place is accessible to handicapped and elderly voters and (ii)
- 7 allow the election authority to administer the election as
- 8 authorized under this Code.
- 9 (d) If a qualified elector's precinct polling place is a
- 10 school and the elector will be unable to enter that polling
- 11 place without violating Section 11-9.3 of the Criminal Code of
- 12 2012 because the elector is a child sex offender as defined in
- 13 Section 11-9.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, that elector may
- 14 vote by a vote by mail absentee ballot in accordance with
- 15 Article 19 of this Code or may vote early in accordance with
- 16 Article 19A of this Code.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-773, eff. 7-18-14.)
- 18 (10 ILCS 5/11-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 11-7)
- 19 Sec. 11-7. For the purpose of the conduct of any
- 20 consolidated election, consolidated primary election, special
- 21 municipal primary election or emergency referendum, an
- 22 election authority may cluster up to four contiguous precincts
- as provided in this Section, which shall constitute a clustered
- voting zone. The common polling place for the clustered voting
- 25 zone shall be located within the territory comprising the

- clustered precincts. Unless the election authority specifies a 1
- 2 larger number, only one election judge shall be appointed for
- each of the precincts in each clustered voting zone. 3
- The judges so appointed may not all be affiliated with the 4
- 5 same political party.
- 6 The conduct of an election in a clustered voting zone shall
- 7 be under the general supervision of all the judges of election
- 8 designated to serve in the clustered voting zone.
- 9 designated judges may perform the duties of election judges for
- 10 the entire clustered voting zone. However, the requirements of
- 11 Section 17-14 shall apply to voter assistance, the requirements
- 12 Section 24-10 shall apply to voter instruction, the
- requirement of Section 24A-10 shall apply to examination of 13
- 14 vote by mail absentee ballots, and any disputes as to
- 15 entitlement to vote, challenges, counting of ballots or other
- 16 matters pertaining directly to voting shall be decided by those
- 17 designated judges appointed for the precinct in which the
- affected voter resides or the disputed vote is to be counted. 18
- 19 This Section does not apply to any elections
- 20 municipalities with more than 1,000,000 inhabitants.
- (Source: P.A. 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.) 21
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/12-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 12-1)
- 23 Sec. 12-1. At least 60 days prior to each general and
- 24 consolidated election, the election authority shall provide
- 25 public notice, calculated to reach elderly and handicapped

- voters, of the availability of registration and voting aids 1
- 2 under the Federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and
- 3 Handicapped Act, of the availability of assistance in marking
- the ballot, procedures for voting by vote by mail absentee 4
- 5 ballot, and procedures for voting early by personal appearance.
- 6 At least 30 days before any general election, and at least
- 7 20 days before any special congressional election, the county
- clerk shall publish a notice of the election in 2 or more 8
- 9 published in the county, city, newspapers village,
- 10 incorporated town or town, as the case may be, or if there is
- 11 no such newspaper, then in any 2 or more newspapers published
- 12 in the county and having a general circulation throughout the
- community. The notice may be substantially as follows: 13
- 14 Notice is hereby given that on (give date), at (give the
- 15 place of holding the election and the name of the precinct or
- district) in the county of (name county), an election will be 16
- 17 held for (give the title of the several offices to be filled),
- which election will be open at 6:00 a.m. and continued open 18
- 19 until 7:00 p.m. of that day.
- 20 Dated at on (insert date).
- (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 21
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/13-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-1)
- Sec. 13-1. In counties not under township organization, the 23
- 24 county board of commissioners shall at its meeting in July in
- 25 each even-numbered year appoint in each election precinct 5

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capable and discreet persons meeting the qualifications of Section 13-4 to be judges of election. Where neither voting machines nor electronic, mechanical or electric voting systems are used, the county board may, for any precinct with respect to which the board considers such action necessary or desirable in view of the number of voters, and shall for general elections for any precinct containing more than 600 registered voters, appoint in addition to the 5 judges of election a team of 5 tally judges. In such precincts the judges of election shall preside over the election during the hours the polls are open, and the tally judges, with the assistance of the holdover judges designated pursuant to Section 13-6.2, shall count the vote after the closing of the polls. However, the County Board of Commissioners may appoint 3 judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by this Section to serve in any emergency referendum, or in any odd-year regular election or in any special primary or special election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress or to nominate candidates for such purpose. The tally judges shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for judges of election.

In addition to such precinct judges, the county board of commissioners shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be

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appointed in the same manner and with the same division between

2 political parties as is provided for other judges of election.

The number of such panels of judges required shall be

determined by regulations of the State Board of Elections which

shall base the required numbers of special panels on the number

of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the number of <u>vote</u>

by mail absentee ballots voted at recent elections, or any

combination of such factors.

Such appointment shall be confirmed by the court as provided in Section 13-3 of this Article. No more than 3 persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges of the same election precinct or election judge panel. The appointment shall be made in the following manner: The county board of commissioners shall select and approve 3 persons as judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list, furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of the first leading political party in such precinct; and the county board of commissioners shall also select and approve 2 persons as judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list, furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of the second leading political party. However, if only 3 judges of election serve in each election precinct, no more than 2 persons of the same political party shall be judges of election in the same election precinct; and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which political party is entitled to one judge of election shall be determined

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in the same manner as set forth in the next two preceding sentences with regard to 5 election judges in each precinct. Such certified list shall be filed with the county clerk not less than 10 days before the annual meeting of the county board of commissioners. Such list shall be arranged according to precincts. The chairman of each county central committee shall, insofar as possible, list persons who reside within the precinct in which they are to serve as judges. However, he may, in his sole discretion, submit the names of persons who reside outside the precinct but within the county embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 3 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 2 judges. The county board of commissioners shall acknowledge in writing to each county chairman the names of all persons submitted on such certified list and the total number of persons listed thereon. If no such list is filed or such list is incomplete (that is, no names or an insufficient number of names are furnished for certain election precincts), the county board of commissioners shall make or complete such list from the names contained in the supplemental list provided for in Section 13-1.1. The election judges shall hold their office for 2 years from their appointment, and until their successors are duly appointed in the manner provided in this Act. The county board of

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- 1 commissioners shall fill all vacancies in the office of judge
- of election at any time in the manner provided in this Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/13-1.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-1.1)

Sec. 13-1.1. In addition to the list provided for in Section 13-1 or 13-2, the chairman of the county central committee, or each township committeeperson in a county with a population of more than 3,000,000, of each of the two leading political parties shall submit to the county board a supplemental list, arranged according to precincts in which they are to serve, of persons available as judges of election, the names and number of all persons listed thereon to be acknowledged in writing to the county chairman or township committeeperson, as the case may be, submitting such list by the county board. Vacancies among the judges of election shall be filled by selection from this supplemental list of persons qualified under Section 13-4. If the list provided for in Section 13-1 or 13-2 for any precinct is exhausted, then selection shall be made from the supplemental list submitted by the chairman of the county central committee, or each township committeeperson in a county with a population of more than 3,000,000, of the party. If such supplemental list is exhausted for any precinct, then selection shall be made from any of the persons on the supplemental list without regard to the precincts in which they are listed to serve. No selection or

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1 appointment from the supplemental list shall be made more than

21 days prior to the date of precinct registration for those

judges needed as precinct registrars, and more than $\underline{60}$ $\underline{45}$ days

prior to the date of an election for those additional persons

5 needed as election judges. In any case where selection cannot

6 be made from the supplemental list without violating Section

7 13-4, selection shall be made from outside the supplemental

8 list of some person qualified under Section 13-4.

9 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

10 (10 ILCS 5/13-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-2)

Sec. 13-2. In counties under the township organization the county board shall at its meeting in July in each even-numbered year except in counties containing a population of 3,000,000 inhabitants or over and except when such judges are appointed by election commissioners, select in each election precinct in the county, 5 capable and discreet persons to be judges of election who shall possess the qualifications required by this Act for such judges. Where neither voting machines nor electronic, mechanical or electric voting systems are used, the county board may, for any precinct with respect to which the board considers such action necessary or desirable in view of the number of voters, and shall for general elections for any precinct containing more than 600 registered voters, appoint in addition to the 5 judges of election a team of 5 tally judges. In such precincts the judges of election shall preside over the

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election during the hours the polls are open, and the tally judges, with the assistance of the holdover judges designated pursuant to Section 13-6.2, shall count the vote after the closing of the polls. The tally judges shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for judges of election.

However, the county board may appoint 3 judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by this Section to serve in any emergency referendum, or in any odd-year regular election or in any special primary or special election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress or to nominate candidates for such purpose.

In addition to such precinct judges, the county board shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for other judges of election. The number of such panels of judges required shall be determined by regulations of the State Board of Elections, which shall base the required number of special panels on the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the number of absentee ballots voted at recent elections or any combination of such factors.

No more than 3 persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges in the same election district or undivided

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precinct. The election of the judges of election in the various election precincts shall be made in the following manner: The county board shall select and approve 3 of the election judges in each precinct from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of the first leading political party in such election precinct and shall also select and approve 2 judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of the second leading political party in such election precinct. However, if only 3 judges of election serve in each election precinct, no more than 2 persons of the same political party shall be judges of election in the same election precinct; and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which political party is entitled to one judge of election shall be determined in the same manner as set forth in the next two preceding sentences with regard to 5 election judges in each precinct. The respective County Central Committee chairman shall notify the county board by June 1 of each odd-numbered year immediately preceding the annual meeting of the county board whether or not such certified list will be filed by such chairman. Such list shall be arranged according to precincts. The chairman of each county central committee shall, insofar as possible, list persons who reside within the precinct in which they are to serve as judges. However, he may, in his sole discretion, submit the names of persons who reside outside the precinct but within the county

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embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 3 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 2 judges. Such certified list, if filed, shall be filed with the county clerk not less than 20 days before the annual meeting of the county board. The county board shall acknowledge in writing to each county chairman the names of all persons submitted on such certified list and the total number of persons listed thereon. If no such list is filed or the list is incomplete (that is, no names or an insufficient number of names are furnished for certain election precincts), the county board shall make or complete such list from the names contained in the supplemental list provided for in Section 13-1.1. Provided, further, that in any case where a township has been or shall be redistricted, in whole or in part, subsequent to one general election for Governor, and prior to the next, the judges of election to be selected for all new or altered precincts shall be selected in that one of the methods above detailed, which shall be applicable according to the facts and circumstances of the particular case, but the majority of such judges for each such precinct shall be selected from the first political party, and the minority judges from the second leading political party. Provided, further, that in counties having a population of 3,000,000 $\frac{1,000,000}{1,000,000}$ inhabitants or over

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the selection of judges of election shall be made in the same manner in all respects as in other counties, except that the provisions relating to tally judges are inapplicable to such counties and except that the county board shall meet during the month of January for the purpose of making such selection, each township committeeperson shall assume the responsibilities given to the chairman of the county central committee in this Section for the precincts within his or her township, and the township committeeperson chairman of each county central committee shall notify the county board by the preceding October 1 whether or not the certified list will be filed. Such judges of election shall hold their office for 2 years from their appointment and until their successors are duly appointed in the manner provided in this Act. The county board shall fill all vacancies in the office of judges of elections at any time in the manner herein provided.

Such selections under this Section shall be confirmed by the circuit court as provided in Section 13-3 of this Article. (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

(10 ILCS 5/13-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-10)

Sec. 13-10. The compensation of the judges of all primaries and all elections, except judges supervising vote by mail absentee ballots as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act, in counties of less than 600,000 inhabitants shall be fixed by the respective county boards or boards of election commissioners in

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all counties and municipalities, but in no case shall such compensation be less than \$35 per day. The compensation of judges of all primaries and all elections not under the jurisdiction of the county clerk, except judges supervising vote by mail absentee balloting as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act, in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or more shall be not less than \$60 per day. The compensation of all primaries and all elections under judges of the jurisdiction of the county clerk, except judges supervising vote by mail absentee balloting as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act, in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or more shall be not less than \$60 per day. The compensation of judges of all primaries and all elections, except judges supervising vote by mail absentee ballots as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act, in counties having a population of at least 600,000 but less than 2,000,000 inhabitants shall be not less than \$45 per day as fixed by the county board of election commissioners of each such county. In addition to their per day compensation and notwithstanding the limitations thereon stated herein, the judges of election, in all counties with a population of less than 600,000, shall be paid \$3 each for each 100 voters or portion thereof, in excess of 200 voters voting for candidates in the election district or precinct wherein the judge is serving, whether a primary or an election is being held. However, no such extra compensation shall be paid to the judges of election in any precinct in which no

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paper ballots are counted by such judges of election. The 2 judges of election in counties having a population of less than 600,000 who deliver the returns to the county clerk shall each be allowed and paid a sum to be determined by the election authority for such services and an additional sum per mile to be determined by the election authority for every mile necessarily travelled in going to and returning from the office or place to which they deliver the returns. The compensation for mileage shall be consistent with current rates paid for mileage to employees of the county.

However, all judges who have been certified by the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners as having satisfactorily completed, within the 2 years preceding the day of election, the training course for judges of election, as provided in Sections 13-2.1, 13-2.2 and 14-4.1 of this Act, shall receive additional compensation of not less than \$10 per day in counties of less than 600,000 inhabitants, the additional compensation of not less than \$10 per day in counties having a population of at least 600,000 but less than 2,000,000 inhabitants as fixed by the county board of election commissioners of each such county, and additional compensation of not less than \$20 per day in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or more for primaries and elections not under the jurisdiction of the county clerk, and additional compensation of not less than \$20 per day in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or more for primaries and elections under the

1 jurisdiction of the county clerk.

In precincts in which there are tally judges, the compensation of the tally judges shall be 2/3 of that of the judges of election and each holdover judge shall be paid the compensation of a judge of election plus that of a tally judge.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998, the portion of an election judge's daily compensation reimbursed by the State Board of Elections is increased by \$15. The increase provided by this amendatory Act of 1998 must be used to increase each judge's compensation and may not be used by the county to reduce its portion of a judge's compensation.

Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the portion of an election judge's daily compensation reimbursement by the State Board of Elections is increased by an additional \$20. The increase provided by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly must be used to increase each judge's compensation and may not be used by the election authority or election jurisdiction to reduce its portion of a judge's compensation.

20 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

21 (10 ILCS 5/14-3.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 14-3.1)

Sec. 14-3.1. The board of election commissioners shall, during the month of July of each even-numbered year, select for each election precinct within the jurisdiction of the board 5 persons to be judges of election who shall possess the

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qualifications required by this Act for such judges. The selection shall be made by a county board of election commissioners in the following manner: the county board of election commissioners shall select and approve 3 persons as judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the first leading political party in that precinct; the county board of election commissioners also shall select and approve 2 persons as judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the second leading political party in that precinct. The selection by a municipal board of election commissioners shall be made in the following manner: for each precinct, 3 judges shall be selected from one of the 2 leading political parties and the other 2 judges shall be selected from the other leading political party; the parties entitled to 3 and 2 judges, respectively, in the several precincts shall be determined as provided in Section 14-4. However, a Board of Election Commissioners may appoint three judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by this Section to serve in any emergency referendum, or in any odd-year regular election or in any special primary or special election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress or to nominate candidates for such purpose.

If only 3 judges of election serve in each election

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precinct, no more than 2 persons of the same political party shall be judges of election in the same election precinct, and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which political party is entitled to one judge of election shall be determined as set forth in this Section for a county board of election commissioners' selection of 5 election judges in each precinct or in Section 14-4 for a municipal board of election commissioners' selection of election judges in each precinct, whichever is appropriate. In addition to such precinct judges, the board of election commissioners shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for other judges of election. The number of such panels of judges required shall be determined by regulation of the State Board of Elections, which shall base the required number of special panels on the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the number of absentee ballots voted at recent elections or any combination of such factors. A municipal board of election commissioners shall make the selections of persons qualified under Section 14-1 from certified lists furnished by the chairman of the respective county central committees, or each ward committeeperson in a municipality of 500,000 or more inhabitants, of the 2 leading political parties. Lists furnished by chairmen of county central committees or ward committeepersons, as the case may

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be, under this Section shall be arranged according to precincts. The chairman of each county central committee or ward committeepersons, as the case may be, shall, insofar as possible, list persons who reside within the precinct in which they are to serve as judges. However, he may, in his sole discretion, submit the names of persons who reside outside the precinct but within the county embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 3 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 2 judges. The board of election commissioners shall no later than March 1 of each even-numbered year notify the chairmen of the respective county central committees or ward committeepersons, as the case may be, of their responsibility to furnish such lists, and each such chairman shall furnish the board of election commissioners with the list for his party on or before May 1 of each even-numbered year. The board of election commissioners shall acknowledge in writing to each county chairman or ward committeepersons, as the case may be, the names of all persons submitted on such certified list and the total number of persons listed thereon. If no such list is furnished or if no names or an insufficient number of names are furnished for certain precincts, the board of election commissioners shall make or complete such list from the names contained in the supplemental list provided for in

- 1 Section 14-3.2. Judges of election shall hold their office for
- 2 years from their appointment and until their successors are
- 3 duly appointed in the manner herein provided. The board of
- 4 election commissioners shall, subject to the provisions of
- 5 Section 14-3.2, fill all vacancies in the office of judges of
- 6 election at any time in the manner herein provided.
- 7 Such selections under this Section shall be confirmed by
- 8 the court as provided in Section 14-5.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/14-3.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 14-3.2)
- 11 Sec. 14-3.2. In addition to the list provided for in
- 12 Section 14-3.1, the chairman of the county central committee,
- or each ward committeeperson in a municipality of 500,000 or
- 14 <u>more inhabitants</u>, of each of the 2 leading political parties
- 15 shall furnish to the board of election commissioners a
- supplemental list, arranged according to precinct in which they
- are to serve, of persons available as judges of election, the
- 18 names and number of all persons listed thereon to be
- 19 acknowledged in writing to the county chairman or ward
- 20 committeepersons, as the case may be, submitting such list by
- 21 the board of election commissioners. The board of election
- 22 commissioners shall select from this supplemental list persons
- 23 qualified under Section 14-1, to fill vacancies among the
- judges of election. If the list provided for in Section 14-3.1
- for any precinct is exhausted, then selection shall be made

from the supplemental list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee or ward committeepersons, as the case may be, of the party. If such supplemental list is exhausted for any precinct, then selection shall be made from any of the persons on the supplemental list without regard to the precincts in which they are listed to serve. No selection or appointment from the supplemental list shall be made more than 21 days prior to the date of precinct registration for those judges needed as precinct registrars, and more than 60 45 days prior to the date of an election for those additional persons needed as election judges. In any case where selection cannot be made from the supplemental list without violating Section 14-1, selection shall be made from outside the supplemental list of some person qualified under Section 14-1.

16 (10 ILCS 5/16-5.01) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-5.01)

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

Sec. 16-5.01. (a) The election authority shall, at least 46 days prior to the date of any election at which federal officers are elected and 45 days prior to any other regular election, have a sufficient number of ballots printed so that such ballots will be available for mailing 45 days prior to the date of the election to persons who have filed application for a ballot under the provisions of Article 20 of this Act.

(b) If at any election at which federal offices are elected or nominated the election authority is unable to comply with

1 the provisions of subsection (a), the election authority shall

2 mail to each such person, in lieu of the ballot, a Special

3 Write-in Vote by Mail Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot. The

Special Write-in Vote by Mail Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot

5 shall be used at all elections at which federal officers are

6 elected or nominated and shall be prepared by the election

authority in substantially the following form:

Special Write-in <u>Vote by Mail</u> Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot

9 (To vote for a person, write the title of the office and

10 his or her name on the lines provided. Place to the left of and

opposite the title of office a square and place a cross (X) in

12 the square.)

Title of Office Name of Candidate

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The election authority shall send with the Special Write-in

21 <u>Vote by Mail</u> Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot a list of all

referenda for which the voter is qualified to vote and all

23 candidates for whom nomination papers have been filed and for

24 whom the voter is qualified to vote. The voter shall be

entitled to write in the name of any candidate seeking election

and any referenda for which he or she is entitled to vote.

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On the back or outside of the ballot, so as to appear when folded, shall be printed the words "Official Ballot", the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the election authority who has caused the ballot to be printed.

The provisions of Article 20, insofar as they may be applicable to the Special Write-in <u>Vote by Mail</u> <u>Absentee</u> Voter's Blank Ballot, shall be applicable herein.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this Code or other law to the contrary, the governing body of a municipality may adopt, upon submission of a written statement by the municipality's election authority attesting to the administrative ability of the election authority to administer an election using a ranked ballot to the municipality's governing body, an ordinance requiring, and municipality's election authority shall prepare, a ranked vote by mail absentee ballot for municipal and township office candidates to be voted on in the consolidated election. This ranked ballot shall be for use only by a qualified voter who either is a member of the United States military or will be outside of the United States on the consolidated primary election day and the consolidated election day. The ranked ballot shall contain a list of the titles of all municipal and township offices potentially contested at both consolidated primary election and the consolidated election and the candidates for each office and shall permit the elector to vote in the consolidated election by indicating his or her

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order of preference for each candidate for each office. To indicate his or her order of preference for each candidate for each office, the voter shall put the number one next to the name of the candidate who is the voter's first choice, the number 2 for his or her second choice, and so forth so that, in consecutive numerical order, a number indicating the voter's preference is written by the voter next to each candidate's name on the ranked ballot. The voter shall not be required to indicate his or her preference for more than one candidate on the ranked ballot. The voter may not cast a write-in vote using the ranked ballot for the consolidated election. The election authority shall, if using the ranked vote by mail absentee authorized by this ballot subsection, also instructions for use of the ranked ballot. The ranked ballot for the consolidated election shall be mailed to the voter at the same time that the ballot for the consolidated primary election is mailed to the voter and the election authority shall accept the completed ranked ballot for the consolidated election when the authority accepts the completed ballot for the consolidated primary election.

The voter shall also be sent a vote by mail an absentee ballot for the consolidated election for those races that are not related to the results of the consolidated primary election as soon as the consolidated election ballot is certified.

The State Board of Elections shall adopt rules for election authorities for the implementation of this subsection,

- 1 including but not limited to the application for and counting
- 2 of ranked ballots.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11; 97-81, eff. 7-5-11.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/17-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-8)

Sec. 17-8. The county clerk shall provide in each polling place, so designated or provided a sufficient number of booths, which shall be provided with such supplies and conveniences, blotters including shelves, pens, penholders, ink, pencils, as will enable the voter to prepare his ballot for voting, and in which voters may prepare their ballots screened from all observation as to the manner in which they do so. They shall be within plain view of election officers, and both they and the ballot boxes shall be within plain view of those within the proximity of the voting booths. Each of said booths shall have 3 sides enclosed, one side in front, to be closed with a curtain. Each side of each booth shall be 6 feet 4 inches and the curtain shall extend within 2 feet of the floor, which shall be closed while the voter is preparing his ballot. Each booth shall be at least 32 inches square and shall contain a shelf at least one foot wide, at a convenient height for writing. No person other than the election officers and the challengers allowed by law, and those admitted for the purpose of voting as herein provided, shall be permitted within the proximity of the voting booths, (i) except by authority of the election officers to keep order and enforce the law and (ii)

except that one or more children under the age of 18 may accompany their parent or guardian into the voting booth as long as a request to do so is made to the election officers and, in the sole discretion of the election officers, the child or children are not likely to disrupt or interfere with the voting process or influence the casting of a vote. The number of such voting booths shall not be less than one to every 75 voters or fraction thereof who voted at the last preceding election in the precinct. The expense of providing booths and other things required in this Act shall be paid in the same manner as other election expenses.

Where electronic voting systems are used, a booth with a self-contained electronic voting device may be used. Each such booth shall have 3 sides enclosed and shall be equipped with a curtain for closing the front of the booth. The curtain must extend to within 2 feet of the floor. Each side shall be of such a height, in no event less than 5 feet, one inch, as to insure the secrecy of the voter. Each booth shall be at least 32 inches square, provided, however, that where a booth is no more than 23 inches wide and the sides of such booth extend from a point below the device to a height of 5 feet, one inch, at the front of the booth, and such booth insures that voters may prepare their ballots in secrecy, such booth may be used. If an election authority provides each polling place with stickers or emblems to be given to voters indicating that the person has voted, no person who has voted shall be denied such

- 1 sticker or emblem.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-288, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

4 Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name 5 and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of 6 election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a 7 loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against 8 9 the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace 10 period, vote by mail absentee, or early ballots have been 11 issued for that election, which shall be provided by the 12 election authority and which list shall be available for 1.3 inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the 14 precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as 15 having been issued a grace period, vote by mail absentee, or 16 early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom a vote by mail an absentee ballot 17 was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the 18 election judges that vote by mail absentee ballot for 19 cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the vote by mail 20 21 absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit 22 to the election judges (i) a portion of the vote by mail $\frac{\text{absentee}}{\text{ballot}}$ ballot if the $\frac{\text{vote by mail}}{\text{absentee}}$ ballot was torn or 23 24 mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election 25 judges specifying that (A) the voter never received a vote by

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mail an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned a vote by mail an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that vote by mail absentee ballot. All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the register of voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as above provided. One of the judges shall give the voter one, and only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, on the back of which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on the register list. In those election jurisdictions perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the election authority shall provide a space both above and below the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall endorse his or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter. At all

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elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at such election is not found on the register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully complied with such requirements of the law upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such election have been engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at such election without previous registration.

All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall

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1	be in substantially the following form:
2	State of Illinois,)
3) ss.
4	County of)
5	Precinct Ward
6	I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen
7	of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that
8	within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at
9	which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the
10	(military or naval) service of the United States; and I am
11	qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and
12	laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally
13	qualified voter of this precinct and ward except that I have,
14	because of such service, been unable to register as a voter;
15	that I now reside at (insert street and number, if any) in
16	this precinct and ward; that I have maintained a legal
17	residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this
18	State 30 days next preceding this election.
19	
20	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).
21	
22	Judge of Election.
23	The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the

The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially

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      the following form:
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      State of Illinois,)
 3
                       ) ss.
      County of .....)
 5
      ..... Precinct
                          ..... Ward
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         I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a
7
      resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at this
8
      election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the
 9
      applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona fide
10
      resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily believe
11
      that he or she has maintained a legal residence therein 30 days
12
      and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.
13
         Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).
14
15
                                         16
                                                Judge of Election.
```

All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

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(10 ILCS 5/17-18.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-18.1)

Sec. 17-18.1. Wherever the judicial retention ballot to be used in any general election contains the names of more than 15 judges on a separate paper ballot, the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners as the case may be, shall designate special judges of election for the purpose of tallying and canvassing the votes cast for and against the propositions for the retention of judges in office in such places and at such times as the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners determine. Special judges of election shall be designated from certified lists submitted by the respective chairmen of the county central committees of the two leading political parties. In the event that the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners as the case may be, decides that the counting of the retention ballots shall be performed in the precinct where such ballots are cast, 2 special judges of election shall be designated to tally and canvass the vote of each precinct with one being named from each of the 2 leading political parties.

In the event that the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners decides that the judicial retention ballots from several precincts shall be tallied and canvassed in a central or common location, then each major political party shall be entitled to an equal number of special election judges in each such central or common location. The County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners, as the case may be, shall inform, no later than 75 days prior to such election, the respective

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chairmen of the county central committees of the location or locations where the counting of retention ballots will be done, the number of names to be included on the certified lists, and the number of special election judges to be selected from those lists. If the certified list for either party is not submitted within thirty days after the chairmen have been so informed, the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners shall designate special judges of election for that party in whatever manner it determines.

The County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners shall apply to the Circuit Court for the confirmation of the special judges of election designated under this Section. The court shall confirm or refuse to confirm such designations as the interest of the public may require. Those confirmed shall be officers of the court and subject to its disciplinary powers.

The County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners shall, in the exercise of sound discretion, prescribe the forms, materials and supplies together with the procedures for completion and return thereof for use in such election by special judges of election. The special judges of election designated under this Section shall have full responsibility and authority for tallying and canvassing the votes pertaining to the retention of judges and the return of ballots and supplies.

If the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners decides that the counting of the retention ballots shall be

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performed in the precinct where such ballots were cast, at least 2 ballot boxes shall be provided for paper retention ballots, one of which shall be used from the opening of the polls until 9:00 a.m. and from 12:00 noon until 3:00 p.m. and the second of which shall be used from 9:00 a.m. until 12:00 noon and from 3:00 p.m. until the closing of the polls; provided that if additional ballot boxes are provided, the additional boxes shall be used instead of reusing boxes used earlier. At the close of each such period of use, a ballot box used for retention ballots shall be immediately unsealed and opened and the ballots therein counted and tallied by the special judges of election. After counting and tallying the retention ballots, the special judges of election shall place the counted ballots in a container provided for that purpose by the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners and clearly marked with the appropriate printing and shall thereupon seal such container. One such container shall be provided for each of the four time periods and clearly designated as container for the respective period. The tally shall be recorded on sheets provided by the County Clerk or Board of

verified to be empty, whereupon it shall be resealed. After the

Election Commissioners and designated as tally sheets for the

respective time periods. Before a ballot box may be reused, it

shall in the presence of all of the judges of election be

close of the polls, and after the tally of votes cast by $\underline{\text{vote}}$

by mail absentee voters, the special judges of election shall

add together the tallies of all the ballot boxes used throughout the day, and complete the canvass of votes for retention of judges in the manner established by this Act. All of these procedures shall be carried out within the clear view of the other judges of election. The sealed containers of used retention ballots shall be returned with other voted ballots to the County Clerk or Board of Election Commissioners in the manner provided by this Act.

9 The compensation of a special judge of election may not 10 exceed \$30 per judge per precinct or district canvassed.

This Section does not affect any other office or the conduct of any other election held at the same time as the election for the retention of judges in office.

(Source: P.A. 81-850; 81-1149.)

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15 (10 ILCS 5/17-19.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-19.2)

Sec. 17-19.2. Where a vacancy in nomination is filled pursuant to Section 7-61 or Section 10-11, the vote by mail absentee votes cast for the original candidate on the first ballot shall not be counted. For this purpose, in those jurisdictions where electronic voting systems are used, the election authority shall determine a method by which the first ballots containing the name of the original candidate may be segregated from the revised ballots containing the name of the successor candidate and separately counted.

Where a vacancy in nomination is not filled pursuant to

- 1 Section 7-61 or Section 10-11, all votes cast for the original
- 2 candidate shall be counted for such candidate.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 84-861.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/17-21) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-21)
- 5 Sec. 17-21. When the votes shall have been examined and
- 6 counted, the judges shall set down on a sheet or return form to
- 7 be supplied to them, the name of every person voted for,
- 8 written or printed at full length, the office for which such
- 9 person received such votes, and the number he did receive and
- 10 such additional information as is necessary to complete, as
- 11 nearly as circumstances will admit, the following form, to-wit:
- 12 TALLY SHEET AND CERTIFICATE OF
- 13 RESULTS
- 14 We do hereby certify that at the election held in the
- 15 precinct hereinafter (general or special) specified on (insert
- date), a total of voters requested and received ballots
- and we do further certify:
- Number of blank ballots delivered to us
- 19 Number of vote by mail absentee ballots delivered to us
- 20
- 21 Total number of ballots delivered to us
- Number of blank and spoiled ballots returned.
- 23 (1) Total number of ballots cast (in box)....
- 24 Defective and Objected To ballots sealed in envelope
- 25 (2) Total number of ballots cast (in box)

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1
                         Line (2) equals line (1)
 2
          We further certify that each of the candidates for
 3
      representative in the General Assembly received the number of
      votes ascribed to him on the separate tally sheet.
 4
          We further certify that each candidate received the number
 6
      of votes set forth opposite his name or in the box containing
7
      his name on the tally sheet contained in the page or pages
8
      immediately following our signatures.
 9
          The undersigned actually served as judges and counted the
      ballots at the election on the .... day of .... in the ....
10
11
      precinct of the (1) *township of ...., or (2) *City of ...., or
12
      (3) *.... ward in the city of .... and the polls were opened at
      6:00 A.M. and closed at 7:00 P.M. Certified by us.
13
14
                      *Fill in either (1), (2) or (3)
15
              A B, .... (Address)
              C D, .... (Address)
16
              E F, .... (Address)
17
              G H, .... (Address)
18
19
              I J, ....(Address)
20
          Each tally sheet shall be in substantially one of the
21
      following forms:
22
                                             Candidate's
23
24
      Name of Candidates
                                                Total
                                                 Vote 5 10 15 20
25
      office
                     Names
```

1				
2	United	John Smith	77	11
3	States			
4	Senator			
5				
6				
7			Names of candidat	ces
8	Name of	and total	vote	
9	office	for eac	ch	5 10 15 20
10				
11	For United	John Smith		
12	States			
13	Senator			
14		Total Vote		
15				
16	(Source: P.	A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-1	3.)	
17	(10 ILC	CS 5/17-23) (from Ch. 4	6, par. 17-23)	
18	Sec. 1	7-23. Pollwatchers in	a general elect	ion shall be
19	authorized	in the following manne	r:	
20	(1) Eac	ch established politic	al party shall be	e entitled to
21	appoint two	pollwatchers per pre	cinct. Such poll	watchers must
22	be affilia	ted with the politic	al party for wh	ich they are
23	pollwatchir	ng. For all election	s, the pollwatch	ners must be
24	registered	to vote in Illinois.		
25	(2) Ea	ch candidate shall	be entitled to	appoint two

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- pollwatchers per precinct. For all elections, the pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois.
 - (3) Each organization of citizens within the county or political subdivision, which has among its purposes or interests the investigation or prosecution of election frauds, and which shall have registered its name and address and the name and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. For all elections, the pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.
 - (3.5) Each State nonpartisan civic organization within the county or political subdivision shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct, provided that no more than 2 pollwatchers appointed by State nonpartisan organizations shall be present in a precinct polling place at the same time. Each organization shall have registered the names and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the election. The pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois. For the purpose of this paragraph, a "State nonpartisan civic organization" any corporation, unincorporated means association, or organization that:
 - (i) as part of its written articles of incorporation, bylaws, or charter or by separate written declaration, has among its stated purposes the provision of voter

- information and education, the protection of individual voters' rights, and the promotion of free and equal elections;
 - (ii) is organized or primarily conducts its activities within the State of Illinois; and
 - (iii) continuously maintains an office or business location within the State of Illinois, together with a current listed telephone number (a post office box number without a current listed telephone number is not sufficient).
 - (4) In any general election held to elect candidates for the offices of a municipality of less than 3,000,000 population that is situated in 2 or more counties, a pollwatcher who is a resident of Illinois shall be eligible to serve as a pollwatcher in any poll located within such municipality, provided that such pollwatcher otherwise complies with the respective requirements of subsections (1) through (3) of this Section and is a registered voter in Illinois.
 - (5) Each organized group of proponents or opponents of a ballot proposition, which shall have registered the name and address of its organization or committee and the name and address of its chairman with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. The pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.
- 26 All pollwatchers shall be required to have proper

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credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature(s) of the election authority or the State Board of Elections and shall be available for distribution by the election authority and State Board of Elections at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be authorized by the real or facsimile signature of the State or local party official or the candidate or the presiding officer of the civic organization or the chairman of the proponent or opponent group, as the case may be. Neither the election authority nor the State Board of Elections may require any such party official or the candidate or the presiding officer of the civic organization or the chairman of the proponent or opponent group to submit the names or other information concerning pollwatchers before making credentials available to such persons or organizations.

Pollwatcher credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

19 POLLWATCHER CREDENTIALS

20 TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

1	registered to vote from this address, to act as a pollwatcher
2	in the precinct of the ward (if
3	applicable) of the (township or municipality) of
4	at the election to be held on (insert
5	date).
6	(Signature of Appointing Authority)
7	
8	civic organization president,
9	proponent or opponent group chairman)
10	Under penalties provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10
11	of the Election Code, the undersigned pollwatcher certifies
12	that he or she resides at (address) in the
13	county of, (township or municipality)
14	of (name), State of Illinois, and is duly
15	registered to vote in Illinois.
16	
17	(Precinct and/or Ward in (Signature of Pollwatcher)
18	Which Pollwatcher Resides)
19	Pollwatchers must present their credentials to the Judges

Pollwatchers must present their credentials to the Judges of Election upon entering the polling place. Pollwatcher credentials properly executed and signed shall be proof of the qualifications of the pollwatcher authorized thereby. Such credentials are retained by the Judges and returned to the Election Authority at the end of the day of election with the

other election materials. Once a pollwatcher has surrendered a valid credential, he may leave and reenter the polling place provided that such continuing action does not disrupt the conduct of the election. Pollwatchers may be substituted during the course of the day, but established political parties, candidates and qualified civic organizations can have only as many pollwatchers at any given time as are authorized in this Article. A substitute must present his signed credential to the judges of election upon entering the polling place. Election authorities must provide a sufficient number of credentials to allow for substitution of pollwatchers. After the polls have closed pollwatchers shall be allowed to remain until the canvass of votes is completed; but may leave and reenter only in cases of necessity, provided that such action is not so continuous as to disrupt the canvass of votes.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties shall be admitted to any and all polling places throughout such district or municipality without regard to the counties in which such candidates are registered to vote. Actions of such candidates shall be governed in each polling place by the same privileges and limitations that apply to pollwatchers as provided in this Section. Any such candidate who engages in an activity in a polling place which could reasonably be construed by a majority of the judges of election as campaign activity shall be removed forthwith from such polling place.

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NOMINATION OR

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties who desire to be admitted to polling places on election day in such district or municipality shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature of the State Board of Elections or the election authority of the election jurisdiction where the polling place in which the candidate seeks admittance is located, and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be signed by the candidate.

12 Candidate credentials shall be in substantially the 13 following form:

14 CANDIDATE CREDENTIALS 15 TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION: 16 In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, I (name of candidate) hereby certify that I am a candidate 17 for (name of office) and seek admittance to 18 precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the 19 20 (township or municipality) of at the election 21 to be held on (insert date). 22 23 (Signature of Candidate) OFFICE FOR WHICH 24 CANDIDATE SEEKS

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1 ELECTION

Pollwatchers shall be permitted to observe all proceedings and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, and to station themselves in a position in the voting room as will enable them to observe the judges making the signature comparison between the voter application and the voter registration record card; provided, however, that such pollwatchers shall not be permitted to station themselves in such close proximity to the judges of election so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election and shall not, in any event, be permitted to handle election materials. Pollwatchers may challenge for cause the voting qualifications of a person offering to vote and may call to the attention of the judges of election any incorrect procedure or apparent violations of this Code.

If a majority of the judges of election determine that the polling place has become too overcrowded with pollwatchers so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election, the judges shall, by lot, limit such pollwatchers to a reasonable number, except that each established or new political party shall be permitted to have at least one pollwatcher present.

Representatives of an election authority, with regard to an election under its jurisdiction, the State Board of Elections, and law enforcement agencies, including but not limited to a

- 1 United States Attorney, a State's attorney, the Attorney
- 2 General, and a State, county, or local police department, in
- 3 the performance of their official election duties, shall be
- 4 permitted at all times to enter and remain in the polling
- 5 place. Upon entering the polling place, such representatives
- 6 shall display their official credentials or other
- 7 identification to the judges of election.
- 8 Uniformed police officers assigned to polling place duty
- 9 shall follow all lawful instructions of the judges of election.
- The provisions of this Section shall also apply to
- 11 supervised casting of vote by mail absentee ballots as provided
- in Section 19-12.2 of this Act.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)
- 14 (10 ILCS 5/17-29) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-29)
- Sec. 17-29. (a) No judge of election, pollwatcher, or other
- 16 person shall, at any primary or election, do any electioneering
- or soliciting of votes or engage in any political discussion
- 18 within any polling place, within 100 feet of any polling place,
- 19 or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the
- 20 property of that church or private school that is a polling
- 21 place; no person shall interrupt, hinder or oppose any voter
- 22 while approaching within those areas for the purpose of voting.
- Judges of election shall enforce the provisions of this
- 24 Section.
- 25 (b) Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small

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United States national flags, or some other marker a distance of 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the room used by voters to engage in voting, which shall be known as the polling room. If the polling room is located within a building that is a private business, a public or private school, or a church or other organization founded for the purpose of religious worship and the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of the building, then the markers shall be placed outside of the building at each entrance used by voters to enter that building on the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfare or walkway. If the polling room is located within a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room used by voters to engage in voting. If the polling room is located in a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on a floor above or below the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet from the nearest elevator or staircase used by voters on the ground floor to access the floor where the polling room is located. The area within where the markers are placed shall be known as a campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited pursuant to this subsection. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a church or private school may choose to apply the campaign free zone to its entire property, and, if so, the markers shall be placed near the boundaries on

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to the entrances used by the voters. If an election authority maintains a website, no later than 5 days before election day, each election authority shall post on its website the name and address of every polling place designated as a campaign free zone. This information shall be immediately provided to any person upon request, and a requester shall not be required to submit a request under the Freedom of Information Act.

The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the request of election officers any publicly owned building must be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the campaign free zone, including but not limited to, the placement temporary signs. This subsection shall be construed liberally in favor of persons engaging in electioneering on all polling place property beyond the campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At or near the door of each polling place, the election judges shall place signage indicating the proper entrance to the polling place. In addition, the election judges shall ensure that a identifying the location of the polling place is placed on a nearby public roadway. The State Board of Elections shall establish quidelines for the placement of polling place

1 signage.

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- (c) The regulation of electioneering on polling place property on an election day, including but not limited to the placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to subsection (c) is declared void. This is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote and whose name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and he shall be asked to state his residence when last previously registered and the date of the election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, vote by mail absentee, and early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter

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applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, vote by mail absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom a vote by mail an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that vote by mail absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the vote by mail absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the vote by mail absentee ballot if the vote by mail absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received a vote by mail an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned a vote by mail an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that vote by mail absentee ballot. If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly.

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But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification may include a lease or contract for a residence and not more than one piece of mail addressed to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State,

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30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. For purposes of this Section, the submission of a photo identification issued by a college or university, accompanied by either (i) a copy of the applicant's contract or lease for a residence or (ii) one piece of mail addressed to the person at his or her current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, shall be sufficient to establish proof of residence. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any other officer than such judge of election,

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shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the judge.

Immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted. A voter whose identified as under-voted for ballot is а statewide constitutional office may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that voting equipment.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the

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judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again guit the booth with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this Section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this Section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

20 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.)

21 (10 ILCS 5/18-9.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-9.2)

Sec. 18-9.2. Where a vacancy in nomination is filled pursuant to Section 7-61 or Section 10-11, the vote by mail absentee votes cast for the original candidate on the first ballot shall not be counted. For this purpose, in those

- 1 jurisdictions where electronic voting systems are used, the
- 2 election authority shall determine a method by which the first
- 3 ballots containing the name of the original candidate may be
- 4 segregated from the revised ballots containing the name of the
- 5 successor candidate and separately counted.
- 6 Where a vacancy in nomination is not filled pursuant to
- 7 Section 7-61 or Section 10-11, all votes cast for the original
- 8 candidate shall be counted for such candidate.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 84-861.)
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/18A-5)
- 11 Sec. 18A-5. Provisional voting; general provisions.
- 12 (a) A person who claims to be a registered voter is
- 13 entitled to cast a provisional ballot under the following
- 14 circumstances:
- 15 (1) The person's name does not appear on the official
- list of eligible voters for the precinct in which the
- person seeks to vote and the person has refused an
- 18 opportunity to register at the polling location or another
- 19 grace period registration site. The official list is the
- 20 centralized statewide voter registration list established
- 21 and maintained in accordance with Section 1A-25;
- 22 (2) The person's voting status has been challenged by
- an election judge, a pollwatcher, or any legal voter and
- 24 that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the
- 25 election judges;

- (3) A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period;
- (4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting either in person or by <u>early voting absentee</u> ballot, but fails to do so;
- (5) The voter's name appears on the list of voters who voted during the early voting period, but the voter claims not to have voted during the early voting period; or
- (6) The voter received <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot but did not return the <u>vote by mail</u> absentee ballot to the election authority; or
- (7) The voter <u>attempted to register to vote on election</u> day, but failed to provide the necessary documentation registered to vote during the grace period on the day before election day or on election day during the 2014 general election.
- (b) The procedure for obtaining and casting a provisional ballot at the polling place shall be as follows:
 - (1) After first verifying through an examination of the precinct register that the person's address is within the precinct boundaries, an election judge at the polling place shall notify a person who is entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to subsection (a) that he or she may cast a

provisional ballot in that election. An election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to serve that address, and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.

- (2) The person shall execute a written form provided by the election judge that shall state or contain all of the following that is available:
 - (i) an affidavit stating the following:

State of Illinois, County of,
Township, Precinct, Ward, I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that: I am a citizen of the United States; I am 18 years of age or older; I have resided in this State and in this precinct for 30 days preceding this election; I have not voted in this election; I am a duly registered voter in every respect; and I am eligible to vote in this election. Signature Printed Name of Voter

1	City State Zip Code Telephone
2	Number Date of Birth and Illinois
3	Driver's License Number or Last 4 digits of
4	Social Security Number or State
5	Identification Card Number issued to you by the
6	Illinois Secretary of State
7	(ii) A box for the election judge to check one of
8	the 6 reasons why the person was given a provisional
9	ballot under subsection (a) of Section 18A-5.
10	(iii) An area for the election judge to affix his
11	or her signature and to set forth any facts that
12	support or oppose the allegation that the person is not
13	qualified to vote in the precinct in which the person
14	is seeking to vote.
15	The written affidavit form described in this
16	subsection (b)(2) must be printed on a multi-part form
17	prescribed by the county clerk or board of election
18	commissioners, as the case may be.
19	(3) After the person executes the portion of the
20	written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(i) of
21	this Section, the election judge shall complete the portion
22	of the written affidavit described in subsection

(4) The election judge shall give a copy of the completed written affidavit to the person. The election judge shall place the original written affidavit in a

(b)(2)(iii) and (b)(2)(iv).

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self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelope that must be attached to a separate envelope marked as a "provisional ballot envelope". The election judge shall also place any information provided by the person who casts a provisional ballot in the clear plastic packing list envelope. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must design, obtain or procure self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelopes and provisional ballot envelopes that are suitable for

implementing this subsection (b) (4) of this Section.

- (5) The election judge shall provide the person with a provisional ballot, written instructions for casting a provisional ballot, and the provisional ballot envelope with the clear plastic packing list envelope affixed to it, which contains the person's original written affidavit and, if any, information provided by the provisional voter to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. An election judge must also give the person written information that states that any person who casts a provisional ballot shall be able to ascertain, pursuant to guidelines established by the State Board of Elections, whether the provisional vote was counted in the official canvass of votes for that election and, if the provisional vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.
 - (6) After the person has completed marking his or her

provisional ballot, he or she shall place the marked ballot inside of the provisional ballot envelope, close and seal the envelope, and return the envelope to an election judge, who shall then deposit the sealed provisional ballot envelope into a securable container separately identified and utilized for containing sealed provisional ballot envelopes. Ballots that are provisional because they are cast after 7:00 p.m. by court order shall be kept separate from other provisional ballots. Upon the closing of the polls, the securable container shall be sealed with filament tape provided for that purpose, which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and each of the election judges shall sign the seal.

(c) Instead of the affidavit form described in subsection (b), the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, may design and use a multi-part affidavit form that is imprinted upon or attached to the provisional ballot envelope described in subsection (b). If a county clerk or board of election commissioners elects to design and use its own multi-part affidavit form, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish a mechanism for accepting any information the provisional voter has supplied to the election judge to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. In all other respects, a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish

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1 procedures consistent with subsection (b).

- (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall use the completed affidavit form described in subsection (b) to update the person's voter registration information in the State voter registration database and voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be. If a person is later determined not to be a registered voter based on Section 18A-15 of this Code, then the affidavit shall be processed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, as a voter registration application.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)
- 14 (10 ILCS 5/18A-15)
- 15 Sec. 18A-15. Validating and counting provisional ballots.
- 16 (a) The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall complete the validation and counting of provisional 17 ballots within 14 calendar days of the day of the election. The 18 county clerk or board of election commissioners shall have 7 19 20 calendar days from the completion of the validation and 21 counting of provisional ballots to conduct its final canvass. 22 The State Board of Elections shall complete within 31 calendar days of the election or sooner if all the returns are received, 23
- 24 its final canvass of the vote for all public offices.
- 25 (b) If a county clerk or board of election commissioners

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determines that all of the following apply, then a provisional ballot is valid and shall be counted as a vote:

(1) the provisional voter cast the provisional ballot in the correct precinct based on the address provided by the provisional voter unless the provisional voter cast a ballot pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of Section 18A 5, in which case the provisional ballot must have been cast in the correct election jurisdiction based on the address provided. The provisional voter's affidavit shall serve as a change of address request by that voter for registration purposes for the next ensuing election if it bears an address different from that in the records of the election authority. Votes for federal and statewide offices on a provisional ballot cast in the incorrect precinct that meet the other requirements of subsection shall be valid and counted in accordance with this Article rules adopted by the State Board of Elections. As used in this item, "federal office" is defined as provided in Section 20-1 and "statewide office" means the Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of Comptroller, and Treasurer. Votes for General Assembly, countywide, citywide, or township office on a provisional ballot cast in the incorrect precinct but in the correct legislative district, representative district, county, municipality, or township, as the case may be, shall be valid and counted in accordance with this Article rules

adopted by the State Board of Elections. As used in this
item, "citywide office" means an office elected by the
electors of an entire municipality. As used in this item,
"township office" means an office elected by the electors
of an entire township;

- (2) the affidavit executed by the provisional voter pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5 contains, at a minimum, the provisional voter's first and last name, house number and street name, and signature or mark;
- of this Section, the provisional voter is a registered voter based on information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners provided by or obtained from any of the following:
 - i. the provisional voter;
 - ii. an election judge;
 - iii. the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections;
 - iv. the records of the county clerk or board of
 election commissioners' database; or
 - v. the records of the Secretary of State; and
- (4) for a provisional ballot cast under item (6) of subsection (a) of Section 18A-5, the voter did not vote by vote by mail absentee ballot in the election at which the provisional ballot was cast; or \div
- (5) for a provisional ballot cast under item (7) of

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subsection (a) of Section 18A-5, the voter provides the election authority with the necessary documentation within

7 days of election day.

(c) With respect to subsection (b) (3) of this Section, the county clerk or board of election commissioners investigate and record whether or not the specified information is available from each of the 5 identified sources. If the information is available from one or more of the identified sources, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall seek to obtain the information from each of those sources until satisfied, with information from at least one of those sources, that the provisional voter is registered and entitled to vote. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall use any information it obtains as the basis determining the voter registration status provisional voter. If a conflict exists among the information to the county clerk or board of available election commissioners as to the registration status of the provisional voter, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall make a determination based on the totality of the circumstances. In a case where the above information equally supports or opposes the registration status of the voter, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall decide in favor of the provisional voter as being duly registered to vote. If the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional

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voter is registered to vote, but the county clerk's or board of election commissioners' voter registration database indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the statewide voter registration database shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates t.hat. the provisional voter registered to vote, then the information found in the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the provisional voter's signature on his or her provisional ballot request varies from the signature on an otherwise valid registration application solely because of the substitution of initials for the first or middle name, the election authority may not reject the provisional ballot.

(d) In validating the registration status of a person casting a provisional ballot, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require a provisional voter to complete any form other than the affidavit executed by the provisional voter under subsection (b) (2) of Section 18A-5. In addition, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require all provisional voters or any particular class or group of provisional voters to appear personally

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before the county clerk or board of election commissioners or as a matter of policy require provisional voters to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information already submitted by the provisional voter. Within 2 calendar days after the election, the election authority shall transmit by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections the name, street address, e-mail address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, of each person casting a provisional ballot to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. The provisional voter may, within 7 calendar days after the election, submit additional information to the county clerk or board of election commissioners. This information must be received by the county clerk or board of election commissioners within the 7-calendar-day period.

(e) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) does not apply, then the provisional ballot is not valid and may not be counted. The provisional ballot envelope containing the ballot cast by the provisional voter may not be opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall write on the provisional ballot envelope the following: "Provisional ballot determined invalid.".

with Article 24B.

- 1 (f) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners 2 determines that a provisional ballot is valid under this 3 Section, then the provisional ballot envelope shall be opened.
- 4 The outside of each provisional ballot envelope shall also be
- 5 marked to identify the precinct and the date of the election.
 - (g) Provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be counted in precincts. The provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts from which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. The validation and counting of provisional ballots shall be subject to the provisions of this Code that apply to pollwatchers. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of a punch card voting system, then the provisional ballot shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24A. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of optical scan or other type of approved electronic voting system, then the provisional ballots shall be counted in a manner consistent
 - (h) As soon as the ballots have been counted, the election judges or election officials shall, in the presence of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, place each of the following items in a separate envelope or bag: (1) all provisional ballots, voted or spoiled; (2) all provisional ballot envelopes of provisional ballots voted or spoiled; and (3) all executed affidavits of the provisional ballots voted or

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spoiled. All provisional ballot envelopes for provisional voters who have been determined not to be registered to vote shall remain sealed. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall treat the provisional ballot envelope containing the written affidavit as a voter registration application for that person for the next election and process that application. The election judges or election officials shall then securely seal each envelope or bag, initial the envelope or bag, and plainly mark on the outside of the envelope or bag in ink the precinct in which the provisional ballots were cast. The election judges or election officials shall then place each sealed envelope or bag into a box, secure and seal it in the same manner as described in item (6) of subsection (b) of Section 18A-5. Each election judge or election official shall take and subscribe an oath before the county clerk or board of election commissioners that the election judge or election official securely kept the ballots and papers in the box, did not permit any person to open the box or otherwise touch or tamper with the ballots and papers in the box, and has no knowledge of any other person opening the box. For purposes of this Section, the term "election official" means the county clerk, a member of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, and their respective employees.

25 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13;

26 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/18A-218 new)

2 Sec. 18A-218. Interpretation of Article 18A. The Sections 3 of this Article following this Section shall be supplemental to 4 all other provisions of this Article and are intended to 5 provide procedural requirements for the implementation of the provisions of this Article. In the case of a conflict between 6 the Sections following this Section and the Sections preceding 7 this Section, the Sections preceding this Section shall 8 9 prevail.

10 (10 ILCS 5/18A-218.10 new)

11 <u>Sec. 18A-218.10. Definitions relating to provisional</u> 12 ballots.

13 (a) As used in this Article:

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14 <u>"Citywide or villagewide office" means an office</u>
15 <u>elected by the electors of an entire municipality.</u>

"Correct precinct" means the precinct containing the addresses at which the provisional voter resides and at which he or she is registered to vote.

"Countywide office" means the offices of Clerk,
Sheriff, State's Attorney, Circuit Court Clerk, Recorder,
Auditor, County Board President, County Board Member or
County Commissioner in those counties that elect those
officers countywide, Coroner, Regional Superintendent of
Schools, Sanitary District Commissioners or Trustees,

Assessor, Board of Review Members in those counties that elect those officers countywide, and Treasurer.

"Election authority" means either the County Clerk,
County Board of Election Commissioners, or Municipal Board
of Election Commissioners, as the case may be.

"Election jurisdiction" means an entire county, in the case of a county in which no city board of election commissioners is located or that is under the jurisdiction of a county board of election commissioners; the territorial jurisdiction of a city board of election commissioners; and the territory in a county outside of the jurisdiction of a city board of election commissioners.

Election jurisdictions shall be determined according to which election authority maintains the permanent registration records of qualified electors.

"Incorrect precinct" means the precinct in which the voter cast a provisional ballot, but is not the precinct containing the address at which he or she is registered to vote. In order for a provisional ballot to be eligible for counting when cast in an incorrect precinct, that precinct must be located within either the county or municipality in which the voter is registered.

"Leading established political party" means one of the two political parties whose candidates for Governor at the most recent 3 gubernatorial elections received either the highest or second highest average number of votes. The

1	first leading political party is the party whose candidate
2	for Governor received the highest average number of votes
3	in the 3 most recent gubernatorial elections and the second
4	leading political party is the party whose candidate for
5	Governor received the second highest average number of
6	votes in the 3 most recent gubernatorial elections.
7	"Legislative district" means the district in which an
8	Illinois State Senator is elected to serve the residents.
9	"Persons entitled to vote provisionally" or
10	"provisional voter" means a person claiming to be a
11	registered voter who is entitled by Section 18A-5 of this
12	Code to vote a provisional ballot under the following
13	<pre>circumstances:</pre>
14	(1) The person's name does not appear on the
15	official list of eligible voters for the precinct in
16	which the person seeks to vote and the person has
17	refused an opportunity to register at the polling
18	location or another grace period registration site.
19	(2) The person's voting status has been
20	successfully challenged by an election judge, a
21	pollwatcher or any legal voter.
22	(3) A federal or State court order extends the time
23	for closing the polls beyond the time period
24	established by State law and the person votes during
25	the extended time period.
26	(4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is

1	required by law to present identification when voting
2	either in person or by vote by mail ballot, but fails
3	to do so.
4	(5) The voter's name appears on the list of voters
5	who voted during the early voting period, but the voter
6	claims not to have voted during the early voting
7	period.
8	(6) The voter received a vote by mail ballot but
9	did not return the vote by mail ballot to the election
10	authority, and failed to surrender it to the election
11	judges.
12	(7) The voter attempted to register to vote on
13	election day, but failed to provide the necessary
14	documentation.
15	"Representative district" means the district from
16	which an Illinois State Representative is elected to serve
17	the residents.
18	"Statewide office" means the Constitutional offices of
19	Governor and Lt. Governor running jointly, Secretary of
20	State, Attorney General, Comptroller, and Treasurer.
21	"Township office" means an office elected by the
22	electors of an entire township.
23	(b) Procedures for Voting Provisionally in the Polling
24	Place.
25	(1) If any of the 7 reasons cited in the definition of
26	provisional voter in subsection (a) for casting a

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provisional ballot exists, an election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to serve that address (or consult any alternative tools provided by the election authority for determining a voter's correct precinct polling place) and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.

- (2) Once it has been determined by the election judges that the person is entitled to receive a provisional ballot, and the voter has completed the provisional voter affidavit, the voter shall be given a provisional ballot and shall proceed to vote that ballot. Upon receipt of the ballot by the election judges, the ballot shall be transmitted to the election authority in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 18A-10 of this Code.
- (3) In the event that a provisional ballot is mistakenly cast in a precinct other than the precinct that contains the voter's address of registration (if the voter believed he or she registered in the precinct in which he or she voted provisionally, and the election judges should

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have, but did not direct the voter to vote in the correct 1 2 precinct), Section 218.20 shall apply.

3 (10 ILCS 5/18A-218.20 new)

> Sec. 18A-218.20. Counting procedures for provisional ballots cast in an incorrect precinct within the same election authority's jurisdiction.

(a) The election authority shall:

- (1) transmit to the State Board of Elections the provisional voter's identifying information and voting jurisdiction within 2 calendar days. Following that, and subject to paragraph (2) below, if the election authority having jurisdiction over the provisional voter determines that the voter has cast a provisional ballot in an incorrect precinct, the ballot shall still be counted using the procedures established in subsection (b) of this Section or Section 18A-218.30 if applicable. Jurisdictions that use election machines authorized pursuant to Article 24C of this Code for casting provisional ballots may vary procedures of this Section and Section 18A-218.30 as appropriate for the counting of provisional ballots cast on those machines.
- (2) determine whether the voter was entitled to cast a provisional ballot. The voter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot if:
 - (A) the affidavit executed by the voter contains,

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at a minimum, the provisional voter's first and last name, house number and street name, and signature or mark;

- (B) the provisional voter is a registered voter based on information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners provided by or obtained from the provisional voter, an election judge, the Statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections, the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners' database, or the records of the Secretary of State or the voter is attempting to register but lacks the necessary documentation; and
- (C) the provisional voter did not vote using the vote by mail ballot and did not vote during the period for early voting.
- (b) Once it has been determined by the election authority that the voter was entitled to vote a provisional ballot, even though it had been cast in an incorrect precinct, the election authority shall select a team or teams of 2 duly commissioned election judges, one from each of the two leading established political parties in Illinois, to count the votes that are eligible to be cast on the provisional ballot. In those jurisdictions that use election officials as defined in subsection (h) of Section 18A-15 of this Code, these duties may be performed by those election officials.

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(1) Votes cast for Statewide offices, the Office of President of the United States (including votes cast in the Presidential Preference Primary), and United States Senate shall be counted on all provisional ballots cast in the incorrect precinct.

(2) Votes cast for Representative in Congress, delegate or alternate delegate to a national nominating convention, State Senator, State Representative, or countywide, citywide, villagewide, or township office shall be counted if it is determined by the election judges or officials that the voter would have been entitled to vote for one or more of these offices had the voter voted in the precinct in which he or she is registered to vote (the correct precinct) and had the voter voted a ballot of the correct ballot style containing all the offices and candidates for which the voter was entitled to cast a ballot (the correct ballot style). This determination shall be made by comparing a sample ballot of the correct ballot style with the actual provisional ballot cast by the voter. If the same office (including the same district number for a Congressional, Legislative or Representative district) appears on both the correct ballot style sample ballot and the provisional ballot cast by the voter, votes for that office shall be counted. All votes cast for any remaining offices (offices for which the voter would not have been entitled to vote had he or she voted in the

1	correct precinct) shall not be counted.
2	(3) No votes shall be counted for an office when the
3	voter voted for more candidates than he or she was allowed.
4	(4) Once it has been determined which offices are to be
5	counted and the provisional ballot contains no other votes,
6	the provisional ballot shall be counted pursuant to the
7	procedures set forth in this subsection (b).
8	(5) If a provisional ballot does not contain any valid
9	votes, the provisional ballot shall be marked invalid and
10	shall not be counted.
11	(6) Any provisional voting verification system
12	established by an election authority shall inform the
13	provisional voter that his or her provisional ballot was
14	partially counted because it was cast in an incorrect
15	<pre>precinct.</pre>
16	(7) If a provisional ballot only contains votes cast
17	for eligible offices, and does not contain any votes cast
18	for ineligible offices, the ballot may be tabulated without
19	having to be remade.
20	(8) If a provisional ballot contains both valid votes
21	that must be counted and invalid votes that cannot be
22	<pre>counted:</pre>
23	(A) the election judges, consisting in each case of
24	at least one of each of the 2 leading political
25	parties, shall, if the provisional ballot was cast on a
26	paper ballot sheet, proceed to remake the voted ballot

onto a blank ballot that includes all of the offices
for which valid votes were cast, transferring only
valid votes. The original provisional ballot shall be
marked "Original Provisional Ballot" with a serial
number commencing at "1" and continuing consecutively
for ballots of that kind in the precinct. The duplicate
provisional ballot shall be marked "Duplicate
Provisional Ballot" and be given the same serial number
as the original ballot from which it was duplicated.
The duplicate provisional ballot shall then be treated
in the same manner as other provisional ballots.
(B) if the provisional ballot was cast on a direct
(B) if the provisional ballot was cast on a direct recording electronic voting device, the election
recording electronic voting device, the election
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional ballot because it was cast in the incorrect precinct
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional ballot because it was cast in the incorrect precinct (or bear some similar notation) and proceed to either:
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional ballot because it was cast in the incorrect precinct (or bear some similar notation) and proceed to either: (i) remake the voted ballot by transferring
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional ballot because it was cast in the incorrect precinct (or bear some similar notation) and proceed to either: (i) remake the voted ballot by transferring all valid votes to a duplicate paper ballot sheet
recording electronic voting device, the election judges shall mark the original provisional ballot as a partially counted defective electronic provisional ballot because it was cast in the incorrect precinct (or bear some similar notation) and proceed to either: (i) remake the voted ballot by transferring all valid votes to a duplicate paper ballot sheet of the correct ballot style, marking the duplicate

(ii) transfer, or cause to be transferred, all valid votes electronically to the correct

marked on paper ballot sheets; or

in the same manner as the other provisional ballots

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precinct, which shall be counted and added to the vote totals for the correct precinct, excluding any votes that cannot be counted. If this method is used, a permanent paper record must be generated for both the defective provisional ballot and the duplicate electronic provisional ballot.

- (c) For provisional ballots cast at a partisan primary election, the judges shall use a duplicate ballot of the correct ballot style for the same political party as the ballot chosen by the voter.
- 11 (d) At least one qualified pollwatcher for each candidate, 12 political party, and civic organization, as authorized by Section 17-23 of this Code, shall be permitted to observe the 13 14 ballot remaking process.
- 15 (10 ILCS 5/18A-218.30 new)
- 16 Sec. 18A-218.30. Counting procedures for provisional ballots cast in an incorrect precinct within a different 17 18 election authority's jurisdiction.
- The election authority having possession of the 19 (a) 20 provisional ballot shall first notify the election authority 21 having jurisdiction over the provisional voter that the voter 22 cast a provisional ballot in its jurisdiction and provide 23 whatever information is needed for the election authority to 24 comply with the notification requirements set forth in subsection (d) of Section 18A-15 of this Code. For purpose of 25

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1 determining which election authority has jurisdiction over the provisional voter, the election authority having possession of the provisional ballot shall use the address listed on the provisional ballot affidavit that was provided by the voter. If that address is different from the address at which the voter is registered, the ballot shall be rejected; however, the 7 affidavit shall serve as a request to register at that address. If a voter cast a provisional ballot in an incorrect precinct located in the jurisdiction of an election authority other than the election authority having jurisdiction over the voter's correct precinct, but where the precinct is located within the same county as the 2 election authorities (e.g., a voter is registered in the City of Chicago, but casts a provisional ballot in suburban Cook County), the election authority in whose territory the provisional ballot was cast shall, after receipt of the provisional ballot, transmit it, along with the 16 provisional voter's affidavit and any other documentation 17 provided to the election judges, to the office of the election authority having jurisdiction over the voter's correct precinct. The ballot shall be sealed in a secure envelope or other suitable container and transmitted within 8 business days after the election at which it was cast. If the locations of the election authorities' offices are such that it is feasible to hand deliver the ballot, the ballot shall be sealed in a secure envelope and transmitted in that manner by 2 election judges (or election officials), one from each of the 2 leading 26

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authorities are such that it is not feasible to hand deliver the ballot, the election authority having jurisdiction over the incorrect precinct shall cause the ballot to be sealed in a secure envelope and transmitted via express mail within 8 business days after the election at which the ballot was cast, with a delivery date no later than the second business day following the mailing date. Upon receipt of the ballot by the election authority having jurisdiction over the correct precinct, the election authority shall proceed to remake, and count the votes on, the provisional ballot in accordance with the procedures described in Section 18A-218.20, including the determination of eligibility to cast a provisional ballot. Any information provided to the election authority within the 7 day period provided for in Section 18A-15 of this Code shall be sealed in a secure envelope and transmitted to the office of

political parties. If the locations of the 2 election

(b) Incorrect precinct is located in a different county from the county where the voter is registered, but is located in the same municipality or legislative district as the one in which the voter is registered:

the election authority having jurisdiction over the voter's

correct precinct, along with the provisional ballot of that

(1) The election authority having possession of the provisional ballot shall first notify the election authority having jurisdiction over the provisional voter

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that the voter cast a provisional ballot in its jurisdiction and provide whatever information is needed for the election authority to comply with the notification requirements set forth in subsection (d) of Section 18A-15 of this Code. For purposes of determining which election authority has jurisdiction over the provisional voter, the election authority having possession of the provisional ballot shall use the address listed on the provisional ballot affidavit that was provided by the voter. If that address is different from the address at which the voter is registered, the ballot shall be rejected; however, the affidavit shall serve as a request to register at that address. The election authority shall then cause the ballot, along with the provisional voter's affidavit and any other documentation provided to the election judges, to be transmitted via express mail within 8 business days after the election at which the ballot was cast, with a delivery date no later than the second business day following the mailing date. Upon receipt of the ballot by the election authority having jurisdiction over the correct precinct, that election authority shall proceed to remake and count the votes on the provisional ballot in accordance with the procedures described in Section 18A-218.20, including the determination of eligibility to cast a provisional ballot. Any information provided to the election authority within the 7 day period provided for in

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Section 18A-15 of this Code shall be transmitted to the office of the election authority having jurisdiction over the voter's correct precinct, along with the provisional ballot of that voter.

(2) If a voter casts a provisional ballot in a precinct outside of the county in which he or she is registered and outside of the municipality, representative district, or legislative district in which he or she is registered (if applicable), the ballot shall not be counted. It shall, however, be transmitted via the U.S. Postal Service to the election authority having jurisdiction over the voter's correct precinct within 14 days after the election and shall be kept for 2 months, the same length of time as is required for other voted ballots.

For purposes of determining which election authority has jurisdiction over the provisional voter, the election authority having possession of the provisional ballot shall use the address listed on the provisional ballot affidavit that was provided by the voter. If such address is different from the address at which the voter is registered, the ballot shall be rejected, however the affidavit shall serve as a request to register at such address.

23 (10 ILCS 5/18A-218.40 new)

> Sec. 18A-218.40. Follow-up procedures for provisional ballots. The original provisional ballot cast by the voter

- 1 shall be stored separately from other ballots voted in the
- 2 election and shall be preserved in the same manner as original
- 3 ballots that had to be remade for other reasons, such as a
- 4 damaged ballot or as a result of a voter over-voting an office.
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/Art. 19 heading)
- 6 ARTICLE 19. VOTING BY MAIL ABSENT ELECTORS
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/19-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2)
- 8 Sec. 19-2. Any elector as defined in Section 19-1 may by
- 9 mail or electronically on the website of the appropriate
- 10 election authority, not more than 90 nor less than 5 days prior
- 11 to the date of such election, or by personal delivery not more
- 12 than 90 nor less than one day prior to the date of such
- 13 election, make application to the county clerk or to the Board
- 14 of Election Commissioners for an official ballot for the
- voter's precinct to be voted at such election. The URL address
- 16 at which voters may electronically request a vote by mail an
- 17 absentee ballot shall be fixed no later than 90 calendar days
- 18 before an election and shall not be changed until after the
- 19 election. Such a ballot shall be delivered to the elector only
- 20 upon separate application by the elector for each election.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-691,
- 22 eff. 7-1-14.)
- 23 (10 ILCS 5/19-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-3)

Sec. 19-3. The application for <u>vote by mail</u> absentee ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

APPLICATION FOR VOTE BY MAIL ABSENTEE BALLOT

To be voted at the election in the County of and State of Illinois, in the precinct of the (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in the City of

I state that I am a resident of the precinct of the (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in the city of residing at in such city or town in the county of and State of Illinois; that I have lived at such address for month(s) last past; that I am lawfully entitled to vote in such precinct at the election to be held therein on; and that I wish to vote by vote by mail

I hereby make application for an official ballot or ballots to be voted by me at such election, and I agree that I shall return such ballot or ballots to the official issuing the same prior to the closing of the polls on the date of the election or, if returned by mail, postmarked no later than midnight preceding election day, for counting no later than during the period for counting provisional ballots, the last day of which is the 14th day following election day.

I understand that this application is made for an official vote by mail absentee ballot or ballots to be voted by me at the election specified in this application and that I must submit a separate application for an official vote by mail

absentee ballot or ballots to be voted by me at any subsequent
election.

Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the statements set forth in this application are true and correct.

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7 *fill in either (1), (2) or (3).

8 Post office address to which ballot is mailed:

However, if application is made for a primary election ballot, such application shall require the applicant to designate the name of the political party with which the applicant is affiliated.

If application is made electronically, the applicant shall mark the box associated with the above described statement included as part of the online application certifying that the statements set forth in this application are true and correct, and a signature is not required.

Any person may produce, reproduce, distribute, or return to an election authority the application for vote by mail absentee ballot. Upon receipt, the appropriate election authority shall accept and promptly process any application for vote by mail absentee ballot submitted in a form substantially similar to that required by this Section, including any substantially similar production or reproduction generated by the applicant.

(Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

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1 (10 ILCS 5/19-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-4)

19-4. Mailing or delivery of ballots; Immediately upon the receipt of such application either by mail or electronic means, not more than 90 $\frac{40}{9}$ days nor less than 5 days prior to such election, or by personal delivery not more than 90 40 days nor less than one day prior to such election, at the office of such election authority, it shall be the duty of such election authority to examine the records to ascertain whether or not such applicant is lawfully entitled to vote as requested, including a verification of the applicant's signature by comparison with the signature on the official registration record card, and if found so to be entitled to vote, to post within one business day thereafter the name, street address, ward and precinct number or township and district number, as the case may be, of such applicant given on a list, the pages of which are to be numbered consecutively to be kept by such election authority for such purpose in a conspicuous, open and public place accessible to the public at the entrance of the office of such election authority, and in such a manner that such list may be viewed without necessity of requesting permission therefor. Within one day after posting the name and other information of an applicant for a vote by mail an absentee ballot, the election authority shall transmit by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections that name and other posted information

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to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and other information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. Within 2 business days after posting a name and other information on the list within its office, but no sooner than 40 days before an election, the election authority shall mail, postage prepaid, or deliver in person in such office an official ballot or ballots if more than one are to be voted at said election. Mail delivery of Temporarily Absent Student ballot applications pursuant to Section 19-12.3 shall be by nonforwardable mail. However, for the consolidated election, vote by mail absentee ballots for certain precincts may be delivered to applicants not less than 25 days before the election if so much time is required to have prepared and printed the ballots containing the names of persons nominated for offices at the consolidated primary. The election authority shall enclose with each vote by mail absentee ballot or application written instructions on how voting assistance shall be provided pursuant to Section 17-14 and a document, written and approved by the State Board of Elections, informing the vote by mail voter of the required postage for returning the application and ballot, and enumerating the circumstances under which a person is authorized to vote by vote by mail absentee ballot pursuant to this Article; such document shall also include a statement informing the applicant that if he or she falsifies or is solicited by another to falsify his or her

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eligibility to cast a vote by mail an absentee ballot, such applicant or other is subject to penalties pursuant to Section 29-10 and Section 29-20 of the Election Code. Each election authority shall maintain a list of the name, street address, ward and precinct, or township and district number, as the case may be, of all applicants who have returned vote by mail absentee ballots to such authority, and the name of such vote by mail absent voter shall be added to such list within one business day from receipt of such ballot. If the vote by mail absentee ballot envelope indicates that the voter was assisted in casting the ballot, the name of the person so assisting shall be included on the list. The list, the pages of which are to be numbered consecutively, shall be kept by each election authority in a conspicuous, open, and public place accessible to the public at the entrance of the office of the election authority and in a manner that the list may be viewed without necessity of requesting permission for viewing.

Each election authority shall maintain a list for each election of the voters to whom it has issued vote by mail absentee ballots. The list shall be maintained for each precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. Prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the election authority shall deliver to the judges of election in each precinct the list of registered voters in that precinct to whom vote by mail absentee ballots have been issued by mail.

Each election authority shall maintain a list for each

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election of voters to whom it has issued temporarily absent

2 student ballots. The list shall be maintained for each election

jurisdiction within which such voters temporarily abide.

4 Immediately after the close of the period during which

application may be made by mail or electronic means for vote by

6 <u>mail</u> absentee ballots, each election authority shall mail to

each other election authority within the State a certified list

of all such voters temporarily abiding within the jurisdiction

9 of the other election authority.

In the event that the return address of an application for ballot by a physically incapacitated elector is that of a facility licensed or certified under the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act, within the jurisdiction of the election authority, and the applicant is a registered voter in the precinct in which such facility is located, the ballots shall be prepared and transmitted to a responsible judge of election no later than 9 a.m. on the Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the election as designated by the election authority under Section 19-12.2. Such judge shall deliver in person on the designated day the ballot to the applicant on the premises of the facility from which application was made. The election authority shall by mail notify the applicant in such facility that the ballot will be delivered by a judge of election on the designated day.

All applications for vote by mail absentee ballots shall be

- 1 available at the office of the election authority for public
- 2 inspection upon request from the time of receipt thereof by the
- 3 election authority until 30 days after the election, except
- 4 during the time such applications are kept in the office of the
- 5 election authority pursuant to Section 19-7, and except during
- the time such applications are in the possession of the judges
- 7 of election.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813,
- 9 eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13;
- 10 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/19-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-5)
- 12 Sec. 19-5. It shall be the duty of the election authority
- to fold the ballot or ballots in the manner specified by the
- 14 statute for folding ballots prior to their deposit in the
- 15 ballot box, and to enclose such ballot or ballots in an
- 16 envelope unsealed to be furnished by him, which envelope shall
- 17 bear upon the face thereof the name, official title and post
- office address of the election authority, and upon the other
- 19 side a printed certification in substantially the following
- 20 form:
- I state that I am a resident of the precinct of the
- 22 (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in
- 23 the city of residing at in such city or town in the
- county of and State of Illinois, that I have lived at such
- 25 address for months last past; and that I am lawfully

- 1 entitled to vote in such precinct at the election to be
- 2 held on
- 3 *fill in either (1), (2) or (3).
- I further state that I personally marked the enclosed
- 5 ballot in secret.
- 6 Under penalties of perjury as provided by law pursuant to
- 7 Section 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies
- 8 that the statements set forth in this certification are true
- 9 and correct.
- 10
- If the ballot is to go to an elector who is physically
- 12 incapacitated and needs assistance marking the ballot, the
- 13 envelope shall bear upon the back thereof a certification in
- substantially the following form:
- I state that I am a resident of the precinct of the
- 16 (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in
- 17 the city of residing at in such city or town in the
- 18 county of and State of Illinois, that I have lived at such
- 19 address for months last past; that I am lawfully entitled
- 20 to vote in such precinct at the election to be held on
- 21; that I am physically incapable of personally marking the
- 22 ballot for such election.
- * fill in either (1), (2) or (3).
- I further state that I marked the enclosed ballot in secret
- 25 with the assistance of
- 26

1 (Individual rendering assistance)
2

3 (Residence Address)

Under penalties of perjury as provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the statements set forth in this certification are true and correct.

In the case of a voter with a physical incapacity, marking a ballot in secret includes marking a ballot with the assistance of another individual, other than a candidate whose name appears on the ballot (unless the voter is the spouse or a parent, child, brother, or sister of the candidate), the voter's employer, an agent of that employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union, when the voter's physical incapacity necessitates such assistance.

In the case of a physically incapacitated voter, marking a ballot in secret includes marking a ballot with the assistance of another individual, other than a candidate whose name appears on the ballot (unless the voter is the spouse or a parent, child, brother, or sister of the candidate), the voter's employer, an agent of that employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union, when the voter's physical incapacity necessitates such assistance.

Provided, that if the ballot enclosed is to be voted at a primary election, the certification shall designate the name of

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the political party with which the voter is affiliated.

In addition to the above, the election authority shall provide printed slips giving full instructions regarding the manner of marking and returning the ballot in order that the same may be counted, and shall furnish one of such printed slips to each of such applicants at the same time the ballot is delivered to him. Such instructions shall include the following statement: "In signing the certification on the vote by mail absentee ballot envelope, you are attesting that you personally marked this vote by mail absentee ballot in secret. If you are physically unable to mark the ballot, a friend or relative may assist you after completing the enclosed affidavit. Federal and State laws prohibit a candidate whose name appears on the ballot (unless you are the spouse or a parent, child, brother, or sister of the candidate), your employer, your employer's agent or an officer or agent of your union from assisting physically disabled voters."

In addition to the above, if a ballot to be provided to an elector pursuant to this Section contains a public question described in subsection (b) of Section 28-6 and the territory concerning which the question is to be submitted is not described on the ballot due to the space limitations of such ballot, the election authority shall provide a printed copy of a notice of the public question, which shall include a description of the territory in the manner required by Section 16-7. The notice shall be furnished to the elector at the same

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- 1 time the ballot is delivered to the elector.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 95-440, eff. 8-27-07; 96-553, eff. 8-17-09.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/19-6) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-6)

Sec. 19-6. Such vote by mail absent voter shall make and subscribe to the certifications provided for in the application and on the return envelope for the ballot, and such ballot or ballots shall be folded by such voter in the manner required to be folded before depositing the same in the ballot box, and be deposited in such envelope and the envelope securely sealed. The voter shall then endorse his certificate upon the back of the envelope and the envelope shall be mailed in person by such voter, postage prepaid, to the election authority issuing the ballot or, if more convenient, it may be delivered in person, by either the voter or by any person authorized by the voter a spouse, parent, child, brother or sister of the voter, or by a company licensed as a motor carrier of property by the Illinois Commission under the Illinois Commerce Commercial Transportation Law, which is engaged in the business of making deliveries. It shall be unlawful for any person not the voter or a person authorized by the voter, his or her spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister, or a representative of a company engaged in the business of making deliveries to the election authority to take the ballot and ballot envelope of a voter for deposit into the mail unless the ballot has been issued pursuant to application by a physically incapacitated elector

1	under Section 3-3 or a hospitalized voter under Section 19-13,	
2	in which case any employee or person under the direction of the	
3	facility in which the elector or voter is located may deposit	
4	the ballot and ballot envelope into the mail. If the voter	
5	authorized a person to deliver the ballot to the election	
6	authority, the voter and the person authorized to deliver the	
7	ballot shall complete the authorization printed on the exterior	
8	envelope supplied by an election authority for the return of	
9	the vote by mail ballot. The exterior of the envelope supplied	
10	by an election authority for the return of the vote by mail	
11	ballot shall include an authorization in substantially the	
12	<pre>following form:</pre>	
13	I (voter) authorize to take	
14	the necessary steps to have this ballot delivered promptly to	
15	the office of the election authority.	
16	<u></u>	
17	Date Signature of voter	
18	<u></u>	
19	Printed Name of Authorized Delivery Agent	
20		

Signature of Authorized Delivery Agency

<u></u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date I	Delivered to the Election	n Authority
If an	-absentee voter gives his	s ballot and ballot envelope
spous	e, parent, child, brothe	r or sister of the voter or
compa	ny which is engaged in t	he business of making delive
for de	elivery to the election a	uthority, the voter shall giv
autho	rization form to the p	erson making the delivery.
person making the delivery shall present the authorization		
the	election authority. Th	ne authorization shall be
substantially the following form:		
I (absentee voter) authorize		
to tal	ce my ballot to the office	e of the election authority.
• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Date	Signature of voter
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	Hour	Address
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	Date	Signature of Authoriz
		Individual
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1 (10 ILCS 5/19-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-7)

Sec. 19-7. (a) Upon receipt of such vote by mail absent voter's ballot, the election authority shall forthwith enclose the same unopened, together with the application made by said vote by mail absent voter in a large or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of such officer and the words, "This envelope contains a vote by mail an absent voter's ballot and must be opened on election day," together with the number and description of the precinct in which said ballot is to be voted, and such officer shall thereafter safely keep the same in his office until counted by him as provided in the next section.

- (b) Within one day after receipt of such vote by mail absent voter's ballot, the election authority shall transmit, by electronic means pursuant to a process established by the State Board of Elections, the voter's name, street address, e-mail address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)
- 24 (10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)
- 25 Sec. 19-8. Time and place of counting ballots.

1 (a) (Blank.)

- (b) Each vote by mail absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and may be processed by the election authority beginning on the 15th day before election day shall be counted in the central ballot counting location of the election authority, but the results of the processing may not be counted until on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in subsections (g) and (g-5).
 - (c) Each vote by mail absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority and postmarked no later than by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots.

Each vote by mail absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority absent a postmark, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional

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ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt, opened to inspect the date inserted on the certification, and, if the certification date is a date preceding the election day and the ballot is otherwise found to be valid under the requirements of this Section, counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots. Absent a date on the certification, the ballot shall not be counted.

(d) Special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by the election authority at any time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same period provided for counting vote by mail absent voters' ballots under subsections (b), (g), and (g-5). Special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked no later than by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the

- central ballot counting location of the election authority
 during the same periods provided for counting vote by mail

 absent voters' ballots under subsection (c).
 - (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, vote by mail absent voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on an election day shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving them with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at the election, and shall then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
 - (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. The counting shall continue until all vote by mail absent voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots required to be counted on election day have been counted.
 - (g) The procedures set forth in Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section. In addition, within 2 days after a vote by mail an absentee ballot, other than an in-person absentee ballot, is received, but in all cases before the close of the period for counting

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provisional ballots, the election judge or official shall compare the voter's signature on the certification envelope of that vote by mail absentee ballot with the signature of the voter on file in the office of the election authority. If the election judge or official determines that the 2 signatures match, and that the vote by mail absentee voter is otherwise qualified to cast <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot, the election authority shall cast and count the ballot on election day or the day the ballot is determined to be valid, whichever is later, adding the results to the precinct in which the voter is registered. If the election judge or official determines that the signatures do not match, or that the vote by mail absentee voter is not qualified to cast a vote by mail an absentee ballot, then without opening the certification envelope, the judge or official shall mark across the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not cast or count the ballot.

In addition to the voter's signatures not matching, a vote by mail an absentee ballot may be rejected by the election judge or official:

- 21 (1) if the ballot envelope is open or has been opened 22 and resealed;
 - (2) if the voter has already cast an early or grace period ballot;
 - (3) if the voter voted in person on election day or the voter is not a duly registered voter in the precinct; or

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1 (4) on any other basis set forth in this Code.

If the election judge or official determines that any of these reasons apply, the judge or official shall mark across the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not cast or count the ballot.

(q-5) If a vote by mail an absentee ballot, other than an in person absentee ballot, is rejected by the election judge or official for any reason, the election authority shall, within 2 days after the rejection but in all cases before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots, notify the vote by mail absentee voter that his or her ballot was rejected. The notice shall inform the voter of the reason or reasons the ballot was rejected and shall state that the voter may appear before the election authority, on or before the 14th day after the election, to show cause as to why the ballot should not be rejected. The voter may present evidence to the election authority supporting his or her contention that the ballot should be counted. The election authority shall appoint a panel 3 election judges to review the contested ballot, application, and certification envelope, as well as any evidence submitted by the vote by mail absentee voter. No more than 2 election judges on the reviewing panel shall be of the same political party. The reviewing panel of election judges shall make a final determination as to the validity of the vote by mail absentee ballot. The determination shall not be reviewable either administratively

- 1 or judicially.
- 2 A vote by mail An absentee ballot subject to this
- 3 subsection that is determined to be valid shall be counted
- 4 before the close of the period for counting provisional
- 5 ballots.
- 6 (g-10) All vote by mail absentee ballots determined to be
- 7 valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for
- 8 which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were
- 9 opened.
- 10 (h) Each political party, candidate, and qualified civic
- organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher
- for each panel of election judges therein assigned.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06;
- 14 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)
- 15 (10 ILCS 5/19-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-10)
- Sec. 19-10. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe early
- 17 <u>in person absentee</u> voting procedures and view all reasonably
- 18 requested records relating to the conduct of the election,
- 19 provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, at the
- office of the election authority as well as at municipal,
- 21 township or road district clerks' offices where such early
- 22 absentee voting is conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify
- and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections
- 7-34 and 17-23, except each candidate, political party or
- 25 organization of citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for

each location where <u>early</u> in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois and possess valid pollwatcher credentials.

In the polling place on election day, pollwatchers shall be permitted to be present during the casting of the absent voters' ballots and the vote of any absent voter may be challenged for cause the same as if he were present and voted in person, and the judges of the election or a majority thereof shall have power and authority to hear and determine the legality of such ballot; Provided, however, that if a challenge to any absent voter's right to vote is sustained, notice of the same must be given by the judges of election by mail addressed to the voter's place of residence.

Where certain vote by mail absent voters' ballots are counted on the day of the election in the office of the election authority as provided in Section 19-8 of this Act, each political party, candidate and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned. Such pollwatchers shall be subject to the same provisions as are provided for pollwatchers in Sections 7-34 and 17-23 of this Code, and shall be permitted to observe the election judges making the signature comparison between that which is on the ballot envelope and that which is on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file.

26 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/19-12.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-12.1)

Sec. 19-12.1. Any qualified elector who has secured an 2 3 Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card in 4 accordance with the Illinois Identification Card Act, 5 indicating that the person named thereon has a Class 1A or Class 2 disability or any qualified voter who has a permanent 6 7 physical incapacity of such a nature as to make it improbable 8 that he will be able to be present at the polls at any future election, or any voter who is a resident of (i) a federally 9 10 operated veterans' home, hospital, or facility located in 11 Illinois or (ii) a facility licensed or certified pursuant to 12 the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act and 1.3 14 has a condition or disability of such a nature as to make it 15 improbable that he will be able to be present at the polls at 16 any future election, may secure a disabled voter's or nursing home resident's identification card, which will enable him to 17 vote under this Article as a physically incapacitated or 18 nursing home voter. For the purposes of this Section, 19 20 "federally operated veterans' home, hospital, or facility" 21 means the long-term care facilities at the Jesse Brown VA 22 Medical Center, Illiana Health Care System, Edward Hines, Jr. VA Hospital, Marion VA Medical Center, and Captain James A. 23 24 Lovell Federal Health Care Center.

Application for a disabled voter's or nursing home

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resident's identification card shall be made either: (a) in writing, with voter's sworn affidavit, to the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, and shall be accompanied by the affidavit of the attending physician specifically describing the nature of the physical incapacity or the fact that the voter is a nursing home resident and is physically unable to be present at the polls on election days; or (b) by presenting, in writing or otherwise, to the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, proof that the applicant has secured an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card indicating that the person named thereon has a Class 1A or Class 2 disability. Upon the receipt of either the sworn-to application and the physician's affidavit or proof that the applicant has secured an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card indicating that the person named thereon has a Class 1A or Class 2 disability, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall issue a disabled voter's or nursing home resident's identification card. Such identification cards shall be issued for a period of 5 years, upon the expiration of which time the voter may secure a new card by making application in the same manner as is prescribed for the issuance of an original card, accompanied by a new affidavit of the attending physician. The date of expiration of such five-year period shall be made known to any interested person by the election authority upon the request of such person. Applications for the renewal of the identification

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cards shall be mailed to the voters holding such cards not less than 3 months prior to the date of expiration of the cards.

Each disabled voter's or nursing home resident's identification card shall bear an identification number, which shall be clearly noted on the voter's original and duplicate registration record cards. In the event the holder becomes physically capable of resuming normal voting, he must surrender his disabled voter's or nursing home resident's identification card to the county clerk or board of election commissioners before the next election.

The holder of a disabled voter's or nursing home resident's identification card may make application by mail for an official ballot within the time prescribed by Section 19-2. Such application shall contain the same information as is included in the form of application for ballot by a physically incapacitated elector prescribed in Section 19-3 except that it include applicant's disabled shall also the identification card number and except that it need not be sworn to. If an examination of the records discloses that the applicant is lawfully entitled to vote, he shall be mailed a ballot as provided in Section 19-4. The ballot envelope shall be the same as that prescribed in Section 19-5 for physically disabled voters, and the manner of voting and returning the ballot shall be the same as that provided in this Article for other vote by mail absentee ballots, except that a statement to be subscribed to by the voter but which need not be sworn to

- shall be placed on the ballot envelope in lieu of the affidavit
- 2 prescribed by Section 19-5.
- 3 Any person who knowingly subscribes to a false statement in
- 4 connection with voting under this Section shall be guilty of a
- 5 Class A misdemeanor.
- For the purposes of this Section, "nursing home resident"
- 7 includes a resident of (i) a federally operated veterans' home,
- 8 hospital, or facility located in Illinois or (ii) a facility
- 9 licensed under the ID/DD Community Care Act or the Specialized
- 10 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013. For the purposes of
- 11 this Section, "federally operated veterans' home, hospital, or
- 12 facility" means the long-term care facilities at the Jesse
- 13 Brown VA Medical Center, Illiana Health Care System, Edward
- 14 Hines, Jr. VA Hospital, Marion VA Medical Center, and Captain
- James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-275,
- 17 eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-1064, eff. 1-1-13;
- 18 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)
- 19 (10 ILCS 5/19-12.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-12.2)
- Sec. 19-12.2. Voting by physically incapacitated electors
- 21 who have made proper application to the election authority not
- later than 5 days before the regular primary and general
- 23 election of 1980 and before each election thereafter shall be
- conducted on the premises of (i) federally operated veterans'
- 25 homes, hospitals, and facilities located in Illinois or (ii)

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facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act for the sole benefit of residents of such homes, hospitals, and facilities. For the purposes of this Section, "federally operated veterans' home, hospital, or facility" means the long-term care facilities at the Jesse Brown VA Medical Center, Illiana Health Care System, Edward Hines, Jr. VA Hospital, Marion VA Medical Center, and Captain James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center. Such voting shall be conducted during any continuous period sufficient to allow all applicants to cast their ballots between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. either on the Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the regular election. This vote by mail absentee voting on one of said days designated by the election authority shall be supervised by two election judges who must be selected by the election authority in the following order of priority: (1) from the panel of judges appointed for the precinct in which such home, hospital, or facility is located, or from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority in the same ward or township, as the case may be, in which the home, hospital, or facility is located or, only in the case where a judge or judges from the precinct, township or ward are unavailable to serve, (3) from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. The two judges shall be from different political

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parties. Not less than 30 days before each regular election, the election authority shall have arranged with the chief administrative officer of each home, hospital, or facility in his or its election jurisdiction a mutually convenient time period on the Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the election for such voting on the premises of the home, hospital, or facility and shall post in a prominent place in his or its office a notice of the agreed day and time period for conducting such voting at each home, hospital, or facility; provided that the election authority shall not later than noon on the Thursday before the election also post the names and addresses of those homes, hospitals, and facilities from which no applications were received and in which no supervised vote by mail absentee voting will be conducted. All provisions of this Code applicable to pollwatchers shall be applicable herein. To the maximum extent feasible, voting booths or screens shall be provided to insure the privacy of the voter. Voting procedures shall be as described in Article 17 of this Code, except that ballots shall be treated as vote by mail absentee ballots and shall not be counted until the close of the polls on the following day. After the last voter has concluded voting, the judges shall seal the ballots in an envelope and affix their signatures across the flap of the envelope. Immediately thereafter, the judges shall bring the sealed envelope to the office of the election authority who shall deliver such ballots to the election authority's central

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ballot counting location prior to the closing of the polls on the day of election. The judges of election shall also report to the election authority the name of any applicant in the home, hospital, or facility who, due to unforeseen circumstance or condition or because of a religious holiday, was unable to vote. In this event, the election authority may appoint a qualified person from his or its staff to deliver the ballot to such applicant on the day of election. This staff person shall follow the same procedures prescribed for judges conducting vote by mail absentee voting in such homes, hospitals, or facilities and shall return the ballot to the central ballot counting location before the polls close. However, if the home, hospital, or facility from which the application was made is also used as a regular precinct polling place for that voter, voting procedures heretofore prescribed may be implemented by 2 of the election judges of opposite party affiliation assigned to that polling place during the hours of voting on the day of the election. Judges of election shall be compensated not less than \$25.00 for conducting vote by mail absentee voting in such homes, hospitals, or facilities.

Not less than 120 days before each regular election, the Department of Public Health shall certify to the State Board of Elections a list of the facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the ID/DD Community Care Act. The lists shall indicate the approved bed capacity and the

- 1 name of the chief administrative officer of each such home,
- 2 hospital, or facility, and the State Board of Elections shall
- 3 certify the same to the appropriate election authority within
- 4 20 days thereafter.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 97-38, eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-275,
- 6 eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 98-104, eff. 7-22-13.)
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/19-13) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-13)
- 8 Sec. 19-13. Any qualified voter who has been admitted to a 9 hospital, nursing home, or rehabilitation center due to an
- 10 illness or physical injury not more than 14 days before an
- 11 election shall be entitled to personal delivery of \underline{a} vote by
- 12 <u>mail</u> an absentee ballot in the hospital, nursing home, or
- rehabilitation center subject to the following conditions:
- 14 (1) The voter completes the Application for Physically
- 15 Incapacitated Elector as provided in Section 19-3, stating as
- reasons therein that he is a patient in (name
- of hospital/home/center), located at,
- 18 (address of hospital/home/center),
- 19 (county, city/village), was admitted for
- 20 (nature of illness or physical injury), on
- 21 (date of admission), and does not expect to be
- released from the hospital/home/center on or before the day of
- election or, if released, is expected to be homebound on the
- 24 day of the election and unable to travel to the polling place.
- 25 (2) The voter's physician completes a Certificate of

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Attending Physician in a form substantially as follows: 1 2 CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDING PHYSICIAN 3 I state that I am a physician, duly licensed to practice in the State of; that is a patient in 4 5 (name of hospital/home/center), located 6 (address of hospital/home/center), 7 (county, city/village); that such individual 8 was admitted for (nature of illness or physical 9 injury), on (date of admission); and that I have examined such individual in the State in which I am licensed to 10 11 practice medicine and do not expect such individual to be 12 released from the hospital/home/center on or before the day of election or, if released, to be able to travel to the polling 13 14 place on election day. Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Section 15 16 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the 17 statements set forth in this certification are true and 18 correct. 19 (Signature) 20 (Date licensed) 21 (3) Any person who is registered to vote in the same 22 precinct as the admitted voter or any legal relative of the 23 admitted voter may present such voter's vote by mail absentee 24 ballot application, completed as prescribed in paragraph 1,

accompanied by the physician's certificate, completed as

prescribed in paragraph 2, to the election authority. Such

precinct voter or relative shall execute and sign an affidavit furnished by the election authority attesting that he is a registered voter in the same precinct as the admitted voter or that he is a legal relative of the admitted voter and stating the nature of the relationship. Such precinct voter or relative shall further attest that he has been authorized by the admitted voter to obtain his or her vote by mail absentee ballot from the election authority and deliver such ballot to him in the hospital, home, or center.

Upon receipt of the admitted voter's application, physician's certificate, and the affidavit of the precinct voter or the relative, the election authority shall examine the registration records to determine if the applicant is qualified to vote and, if found to be qualified, shall provide the precinct voter or the relative the vote by mail absentee ballot for delivery to the applicant.

Upon receipt of the vote by mail absentee ballot, the admitted voter shall mark the ballot in secret and subscribe to the certifications on the vote by mail absentee ballot return envelope. After depositing the ballot in the return envelope and securely sealing the envelope, such voter shall give the envelope to the precinct voter or the relative who shall deliver it to the election authority in sufficient time for the ballot to be delivered by the election authority to the election authority's central ballot counting location before 7 p.m. on election day.

- 1 Upon receipt of the admitted voter's vote by mail absentee
- 2 ballot, the ballot shall be counted in the manner prescribed in
- 3 this Article.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-18, eff. 6-14-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06;
- 5 95-878, eff. 1-1-09.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/19-15)
- 7 Sec. 19-15. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 8 voting equipment. If the election authority has adopted the use
- 9 of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting
- 10 equipment pursuant to Article 24B of this Code, and the
- 11 provisions of the Article are in conflict with the provisions
- of this Article 19, the provisions of Article 24B shall govern
- the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents, provided that vote
- 15 by mail absentee ballots are counted at the election
- authority's central ballot counting location. In following the
- 17 provisions of Article 24B, the election authority is authorized
- 18 to develop and implement procedures to fully utilize Precinct
- 19 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment, at the
- 20 central ballot counting location, authorized by the State Board
- 21 of Elections as long as the procedure is not in conflict with
- 22 either Article 24B or the administrative rules of the State
- 23 Board of Elections.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

- 1 (10 ILCS 5/19-20)
- Sec. 19-20. Report on vote by mail absentee ballots. This
- 3 Section applies to vote by mail absentee ballots other than
- 4 in-person absentee ballots.
- 5 On or before the 21st day after an election, each election
- 6 authority shall transmit to the State Board of Elections the
- 7 following information with respect to that election:
- 8 (1) The number, by precinct, of vote by mail absentee
- 9 ballots requested, provided, and counted.
- 10 (2) The number of rejected <u>vote by mail</u> absentee
- 11 ballots.
- 12 (3) The number of voters seeking review of rejected
- vote by mail absentee ballots pursuant to subsection (g-5)
- 14 of Section 19-8.
- 15 (4) The number of vote by mail absentee ballots counted
- following review pursuant to subsection (g-5) of Section
- 17 19-8.
- 18 On or before the 28th day after an election, the State Board of
- 19 Elections shall compile the information received under this
- 20 Section with respect to that election and make that information
- 21 available to the public.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 23 (10 ILCS 5/19A-10)
- Sec. 19A-10. Permanent polling places for early voting.
- 25 (a) An election authority may establish permanent polling

voting.

places for early voting by personal appearance at locations throughout the election authority's jurisdiction, including but not limited to a municipal clerk's office, a township clerk's office, a road district clerk's office, or a county or local public agency office. Any Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), any person entitled to vote early by personal appearance may do so at any polling place established for early

- (b) (Blank). If it is impractical for the election authority to provide at each polling place for early voting a ballot in every form required in the election authority's jurisdiction, the election authority may:
 - (1) provide appropriate forms of ballots to the office of the municipal clerk in a municipality not having a board of election commissioners; the township clerk; or in counties not under township organization, the road district clerk; and
 - (2) limit voting at that polling place to registered voters in that municipality, ward or group of wards, township, or road district.

ballot form for a person seeking to vote early, the election judge or election official conducting early voting at that polling place shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate an early voting polling place with

the correct ballot form for use in that person's assigned precinct, and instruct the person to go to the proper early voting polling place to vote early.

- (c) During each general primary and general election, each election authority in a county with a population over 250,000 shall establish at least one permanent polling place for early voting by personal appearance at a location within each of the 3 largest municipalities within its jurisdiction. If any of the 3 largest municipalities is over 80,000, the election authority shall establish at least 2 permanent polling places within the municipality. All population figures shall be determined by the federal census.
- (d) During each general primary and general election, each board of election commissioners established under Article 6 of this Code in any city, village, or incorporated town with a population over 100,000 shall establish at least 2 permanent polling places for early voting by personal appearance. All population figures shall be determined by the federal census.
- (e) During each general primary and general election, each election authority in a county with a population of over 100,000 but under 250,000 persons shall establish at least one permanent polling place for early voting by personal appearance. The location for early voting may be the election authority's main office or another location designated by the election authority. The election authority may designate additional sites for early voting by personal appearance. All

- 1 population figures shall be determined by the federal census.
- 2 (f) No permanent polling place required by this Section
- 3 shall be located within 1.5 miles from another permanent
- 4 polling place required by this Section, unless such permanent
- 5 polling place is within a municipality with a population of
- 6 500,000 or more.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/19A-15)
- 9 Sec. 19A-15. Period for early voting; hours.
- 10 (a) The period for early voting by personal appearance
- 11 begins the 40th 15th day preceding a general primary,
- 12 consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election and
- extends through the end of the $\frac{3rd}{r}$ day before election day,
- 14 except that for the 2014 general election the period for early
- 15 voting by personal appearance shall extend through the 2nd day
- 16 before election day.
- 17 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this Section, a
- 18 permanent polling place for early voting must remain open
- 19 beginning the 15th day before an election through the end of
- 20 the day before election day during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to
- 21 4:30 p.m., or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., on weekdays, except that
- beginning 8 days before election day, a permanent polling place
- for early voting must remain open during the hours of 8:30 a.m.
- 24 to 7:00 p.m., or 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00
- p.m. on Saturdays and holidays, and 10:00 a.m. to 4 p.m. $\frac{12:00}{1}$

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p.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Sundays; except that, in addition to the hours required by this subsection, a permanent early voting polling place designated by an election authority under subsections subsection (c), (d), and (e) of Section 19A-10 must remain open for a total of at least 8 hours on any holiday during the early voting period and a total of at least 14 hours on the final weekend during the early voting period. For the 2014 general election, a permanent polling place for early voting must remain open during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on weekdays, except that beginning 8 days before election day, a permanent polling place for early voting must remain open during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., or 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.. For the 2014 general election, a permanent polling place for early voting shall remain open during the hours of 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. on Saturdays and 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on Sundays; except that, in addition to the hours required by this subsection (b), a permanent early voting place designated by an election authority under subsection (c) of Section 19A 10 must remain open for a total of at least 14 hours on the final weekend during the early voting period.

(c) Notwithstanding <u>subsection</u> <u>subsections</u> (a) and (b), an election authority may close an early voting polling place if the building in which the polling place is located has been closed by the State or unit of local government in response to a severe weather emergency or other force majeure. In the event

- 1 of a closure, the election authority shall conduct early voting
- 2 on the 2nd day before election day from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
- 3 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The election authority shall notify
- 4 the State Board of Elections of any closure and shall make
- 5 reasonable efforts to provide notice to the public of an
- 6 alternative location for early voting the extended early voting
- 7 period.
- 8 (d) (Blank). Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), in
- 9 2013 only, an election authority may close an early voting
- 10 place on Good Friday, Holy Saturday, and Easter Sunday,
- 11 provided that the early voting place remains open 2 hours later
- on April 3, 4, and 5 of 2013. The election authority shall
- 13 notify the State Board of Elections of any closure and shall
- 14 provide notice to the public of the closure and the extended
- 15 hours during the final week.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11; 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-4,
- 17 eff. 3-12-13; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)
- 18 (10 ILCS 5/19A-25)
- 19 Sec. 19A-25. Schedule of locations and times for early
- 20 voting.
- 21 (a) The election authority shall publish during the week
- 22 before the period for early voting and at least once each week
- 23 during the period for early voting in a newspaper of general
- 24 circulation in the election authority's jurisdiction a
- 25 schedule stating:

- (1) the location of each permanent and temporary polling place for early voting and the precincts served by each location; and
 - (2) the dates and hours that early voting will be conducted at each location.
 - (b) The election authority shall post a copy of the schedule at any office or other location that is to be used as a polling place for early voting. The schedule must be posted continuously for a period beginning not later than the 10th 5th day before the first day of the period for early voting by personal appearance and ending on the last day of that period.
 - (c) The election authority must make copies of the schedule available to the public in reasonable quantities without charge during the period of posting.
 - (d) If the election authority maintains a website, it shall make the schedule available on its website.
 - (e) No additional <u>permanent</u> polling places for early voting may be established after the schedule is published under this Section. <u>Additional temporary locations may be established after the schedule is published, provided that the location is open to all eligible voters. The location, dates, and hours shall be reported to the State Board of Elections and posted on the election authority's website.</u>
 - (f) At least 10 days before the period for early voting begins, each election authority shall provide the State Board of Elections with a list of all early voting sites and the

- 1 hours each site will be open.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/19A-35)

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- 4 Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.
- 5 (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of the election, 6 the county clerk shall make available to the election official 7 conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient 8 number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting 9 instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election 10 official shall receipt for all ballots received and shall 11 return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early 12 voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election 1.3 14 official must include early ballots for each precinct in the 15 election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate 16 ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum at that election. 17
 - (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is required to verify the signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration card, and the judge or official must verify (i) (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the applicant is a registered voter, (ii) (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iii) (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant

resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. Except for during the 2014 general election, the applicant's identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of an Illinois driver's license, a non driver identification card issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, a photo identification card issued by a university or college, or another government issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.

(b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom a vote by mail an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if the person submits that vote by mail absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the vote by mail absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the vote by mail absentee ballot if the vote by mail absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that (A) the voter never received a vote by mail an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned a vote by mail an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that vote by mail absentee ballot.

(b-10) Within one day after a voter casts an early voting ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.

(b-15) Immediately after voting an early ballot, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment accepted or rejected the ballot or identified that ballot as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose early voting ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge or official conducting the early voting and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing the voting equipment used.

(c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the central ballot counting location before the close of the polls on the day of the election.

24 (Source: P.A. 98-691, eff. 7-1-14.)

Sec. 19A-75. Early voting in jurisdictions using Direct 1 2 Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C. 3 Election authorities that have adopted for use Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C may either use 4 those voting systems to conduct early voting or, so long as at 5 6 least one Direct Recording Electronic Voting System device is 7 available at each early voting polling place, use whatever 8 method the election authority uses for vote by mail absentee 9 balloting conducted by mail; provided that no early ballots are 10 counted before the polls close on election day.

11 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

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- 12 (10 ILCS 5/20-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-1)
- 13 Sec. 20-1. The following words and phrases contained in 14 this Article shall be construed as follows:
- 1. "Territorial limits of the United States" means each of
 the several States of the United States and includes the
 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam and
 the Virgin Islands; but does not include American Samoa, the
 Canal Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or any
 other territory or possession of the United States.
 - 2. "Member of the United States Service" means (a) members of the Armed Forces while on active duty and their spouses and dependents of voting age when residing with or accompanying them, (b) members of the Merchant Marine of the United States and their spouses and dependents when residing with or

- accompanying them and (c) United States government employees serving outside the territorial limits of the United States.
 - 3. "Citizens of the United States temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of the United States" means civilian citizens of the United States and their spouses and dependents of voting age when residing with or accompanying them, who maintain a precinct residence in a county in this State and whose intent to return may be ascertained.
 - 4. "Non-Resident Civilian Citizens" means civilian citizens of the United States (a) who reside outside the territorial limits of the United States, (b) who had maintained a precinct residence in a county in this State immediately prior to their departure from the United States, (c) who do not maintain a residence and are not registered to vote in any other State, and (d) whose intent to return to this State may be uncertain.
 - 5. "Official postcard" means the postcard application for registration to vote or for <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot in the form provided in Section 204(c) of the Federal Voting Rights Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1973cc-14(c)).
 - 6. "Federal office" means the offices of President and Vice-President of the United States, United States Senator, Representative in Congress, delegates and alternate delegates to the national nominating conventions and candidates for the Presidential Preference Primary.
 - 7. "Federal election" means any general, primary or special

- 1 election at which candidates are nominated or elected to
- 2 Federal office.

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- 3 8. "Dependent", for purposes of this Article, shall mean a
- father, mother, brother, sister, son or daughter.
- 5 9. "Electronic transmission" includes, but is not limited
- 6 to, transmission by electronic mail or the Internet.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/20-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2)
- 9 Sec. 20-2. Any member of the United States Service, 10 otherwise qualified to vote, who expects in the course of his 11 duties to be absent from the county in which he resides on the day of holding any election may make application for a vote by 12 13 mail an absentee ballot to the election authority having 14 jurisdiction over his precinct of residence on the official 15 postcard or on a form furnished by the election authority as 16 prescribed by Section 20-3 of this Article not less than 10 days before the election. A request pursuant to this Section 17 18 shall entitle the applicant to a vote by mail an absentee 19 ballot for every election in one calendar year. The original application for ballot shall be kept in the office of the 20 21 election authority for one year as authorization to send a 22 ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of such application for ballot 23

shall be sent each election with the vote by mail absentee

ballot to the election authority's central ballot counting

1 location to be used in lieu of the original application for

ballot. No registration shall be required in order to vote

3 pursuant to this Section.

Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article and not otherwise. Ballots voted under this Section must be returned postmarked no later than midnight preceding election day and received for counting at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots, the last day of which is the

12 (Source: P.A. 96-312, eff. 1-1-10.)

14th day following election day.

13 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.1)

Sec. 20-2.1. Citizens of the United States temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of the United States who are not registered but otherwise qualified to vote and who expect to be absent from their county of residence during the periods of voter registration provided for in Articles 4, 5 or 6 of this Code and on the day of holding any election, may make simultaneous application to the election authority having jurisdiction over their precinct of residence for an absentee registration by mail and vote by mail absentee ballot not less than 30 days before the election. Such application may be made on the official postcard or on a form furnished by the election authority as prescribed by Section 20-3 of this Article or by

facsimile or electronic transmission. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant to a vote by mail an absentee ballot for every election in one calendar year. The original application for ballot shall be kept in the office of the election authority for one year as authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of such application for ballot shall be sent each election with the vote by mail absentee ballot to the election authority's central ballot counting location to be used in lieu of the original application for ballot.

Registration shall be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section. However, if the election authority receives one of such applications after 30 days but not less than 10 days before a Federal election, said applicant shall be sent a ballot containing the Federal offices only and registration for that election shall be waived.

Ballots under this Section shall be delivered by the election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article in person, by mail, or, if requested by the applicant and the election authority has the capability, by facsimile transmission or by electronic transmission.

Ballots voted under this Section must be returned postmarked no later than midnight preceding election day and received for counting at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting

- 1 provisional ballots, the last day of which is the 14th day
- 2 following election day.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 96-312, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.2)

Sec. 20-2.2. Any non-resident civilian citizen, otherwise qualified to vote, may make application to the election authority having jurisdiction over his precinct of former residence for a vote by mail an absentee ballot containing the Federal offices only not less than 10 days before a Federal election. Such application may be made on the official postcard or by facsimile or electronic transmission. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant to a vote by mail an absentee ballot for every election in one calendar year at which Federal offices are filled. The original application for ballot shall be kept in the office of the election authority for one year as authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year at which Federal offices are filled. A certified copy of application for ballot shall be sent each election with the vote by mail absentee ballot to the election authority's central ballot counting location to be used in lieu of the original application for ballot. No registration shall be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section. Ballots under this Section shall be delivered by the election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article in

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person, by mail, or, if requested by the applicant and the 1 election authority has 2 the capability, by facsimile transmission or by electronic transmission. Ballots voted 3 under this Section must be returned postmarked no later than 5 midnight preceding election day and received for counting at 6 the central ballot counting location of the election authority 7 during the period for counting provisional ballots, the last day of which is the 14th day following election day. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 96-312, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)

10 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.3) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.3)

Sec. 20-2.3. Members of the Armed Forces and their spouses and dependents. Any member of the United States Armed Forces while on active duty, and his or her spouse and dependents, otherwise qualified to vote, who expects in the course of his or her duties to be absent from the county in which he or she resides on the day of holding any election, in addition to any other method of making application for vote by mail an absentee ballot under this Article, may make application for a vote by mail an absentee ballot to the election authority having jurisdiction over his or her precinct of residence by a facsimile machine or electronic transmission not less than 10 days before the election.

Ballots under this Section shall be delivered by the election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article in person, by mail, or, if requested by the

- 1 applicant and the election authority has the capability, by
- 2 facsimile transmission or by electronic transmission. Ballots
- 3 voted under this Section must be returned postmarked no later
- 4 than midnight preceding election day and received for counting
- 5 at the central ballot counting location of the election
- 6 authority during the period for counting provisional ballots,
- 7 the last day of which is the 14th day following election day.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 96-312, eff. 1-1-10; 96-512, eff. 1-1-10;
- 9 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/20-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-3)
- 11 Sec. 20-3. The election authority shall furnish the
- 12 following applications for absentee registration by mail or
- 13 vote by mail absentee ballot which shall be considered a method
- of application in lieu of the official postcard.
- 1. Members of the United States Service, citizens of the
- 16 United States temporarily residing outside the territorial
- 17 limits of the United States, and certified program participants
- 18 under the Address Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic
- 19 Violence Act may make application within the periods prescribed
- 20 in Sections 20-2 or 20-2.1, as the case may be. Such
- 21 application shall be substantially in the following form:
- 22 "APPLICATION FOR BALLOT
- To be voted at the..... election in the precinct in
- 24 which is located my residence at...., in the
- 25 city/village/township of(insert home address)

- 1 County of..... and State of Illinois.
- I state that I am a citizen of the United States; that on
- 3 (insert date of election) I shall have resided in the State of
- 4 Illinois and in the election precinct for 30 days; that on the
- 5 above date I shall be the age of 18 years or above; that I am
- 6 lawfully entitled to vote in such precinct at that election;
- 7 that I am (check category 1, 2, or 3 below):
- 8 1. () a member of the United States Service,
- 9 2. () a citizen of the United States temporarily residing
- 10 outside the territorial limits of the United States and that I
- 11 expect to be absent from the said county of my residence on the
- 12 date of holding such election, and that I will have no
- opportunity to vote in person on that day.
- 14 3. () a certified program participant under the Address
- 15 Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic Violence Act.
- I hereby make application for an official ballot or ballots
- to be voted by me at such election if I am absent from the said
- 18 county of my residence, and I agree that I shall return said
- 19 ballot or ballots to the election authority postmarked no later
- 20 than midnight preceding election day, for counting no later
- 21 than during the period for counting provisional ballots, the
- last day of which is the 14th day following election day or
- 23 shall destroy said ballot or ballots.
- 24 (Check below only if category 2 or 3 and not previously
- 25 registered)
- 26 () I hereby make application to become registered as a

voter and agree to return the forms and affidavits for 1 2 registration to the election authority not later than 30 days before the election. 3 Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Article 29 5 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the 6 statements set forth in this application are true and correct. 7 8 Post office address or service address to which registration materials or ballot should be mailed 10 11 12 13 14 If application is made for a primary election ballot, such 15 application shall designate the name of the political party 16 with which the applicant is affiliated. 17 Such applications may be obtained from the election authority having jurisdiction over the person's precinct of 18 19 residence. 20 2. A spouse or dependent of a member of the United States Service, said spouse or dependent being a registered voter in 21 22 the county, may make application on behalf of said person in 23 the office of the election authority within the periods 24 prescribed in Section 20-2 which shall be substantially in the 25 following form:

"APPLICATION FOR BALLOT to be voted at the..... election

in the precinct in which is located the residence of the person

2 for whom this application is made at.....(insert

residence address) in the city/village/township of.......

County of and State of Illinois.

I certify that the following named person.......

(insert name of person) is a member of the United States

7 Service.

I state that said person is a citizen of the United States; that on (insert date of election) said person shall have resided in the State of Illinois and in the election precinct for which this application is made for 30 days; that on the above date said person shall be the age of 18 years or above; that said person is lawfully entitled to vote in such precinct at that election; that said person is a member of the United States Service, and that in the course of his duties said person expects to be absent from his county of residence on the date of holding such election, and that said person will have no opportunity to vote in person on that day.

I hereby make application for an official ballot or ballots to be voted by said person at such election and said person agrees that he shall return said ballot or ballots to the election authority postmarked no later than midnight preceding election day, for counting no later than during the period for counting provisional ballots, the last day of which is the 14th day following election day, or shall destroy said ballot or ballots.

1	I hereby certify that I am the (mother, father, sister,
2	brother, husband or wife) of the said elector, and that I am a
3	registered voter in the election precinct for which this
4	application is made. (Strike all but one that is applicable.)
5	Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Article 29
6	of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the
7	statements set forth in this application are true and correct.
8	Name of applicant
9	Residence address
10	City/village/township
11	Service address to which ballot should be mailed:
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15	"
16	If application is made for a primary election ballot, such
17	application shall designate the name of the political party
18	with which the person for whom application is made is
19	affiliated.
20	Such applications may be obtained from the election
21	authority having jurisdiction over the voting precinct in which
22	the person for whom application is made is entitled to vote.
23	(Source: P.A. 96-312, eff. 1-1-10.)
24	(10 ILCS 5/20-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-4)
25	Sec. 20-4. Immediately upon the receipt of the official

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postcard or an application as provided in Section 20-3 within

the times heretofore prescribed, the election authority shall

ascertain whether or not such applicant is legally entitled to

vote as requested, including verification of the applicant's

signature by comparison with the signature on the official

registration record card, if any. If the election authority

ascertains that the applicant is lawfully entitled to vote, it

8 shall enter the name, street address, ward and precinct number

of such applicant on a list to be posted in his or its office in

a place accessible to the public. Within one day after posting

the name and other information of an applicant for a ballot,

the election authority shall transmit that name and posted

information to the State Board of Elections, which shall

maintain the names and other information in an electronic

format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to

16 State and local political committees. As soon as the official

ballot is prepared the election authority shall immediately

deliver the same to the applicant in person, by mail, by

facsimile transmission, or by electronic transmission as

provided in this Article.

If any such election authority receives a second or additional application which it believes is from the same person, he or it shall submit it to the chief judge of the circuit court or any judge of that court designated by the chief judge. If the chief judge or his designate determines that the application submitted to him is a second or additional

one, he shall so notify the election authority who shall disregard the second or additional application.

The election authority shall maintain a list for each election of the voters to whom it has issued vote by mail absentee ballots. The list shall be maintained for each precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. Prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the election authority shall deliver to the judges of election in each precinct the list of registered voters in that precinct to whom vote by mail absentee ballots have been issued.

Election authorities may transmit by facsimile or other electronic means a ballot simultaneously with transmitting an application for vote by mail absentee ballot; however, no such ballot shall be counted unless an application has been completed by the voter and the election authority ascertains that the applicant is lawfully entitled to vote as provided in this Section.

18 (Source: P.A. 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)

19 (10 ILCS 5/20-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-5)

Sec. 20-5. The election authority shall fold the ballot or ballots in the manner specified by the statute for folding ballots prior to their deposit in the ballot box and shall enclose such ballot in an envelope unsealed to be furnished by it, which envelope shall bear upon the face thereof the name, official title and post office address of the election

1	authority, and upon the other side of such envelope there shall
2	be printed a certification in substantially the following form:
3	"CERTIFICATION
4	I state that I am a resident/former resident of the
5	precinct of the city/village/township of,
6	(Designation to be made by Election Authority) or of the
7	ward in the city of (Designation to be made by
8	Election Authority) residing at in said
9	city/village/township in the county of and State of
10	Illinois; that I am a
11	1. () member of the United States Service
12	2. () citizen of the United States temporarily residing
13	outside the territorial limits of the United States
14	3. () nonresident civilian citizen
15	and desire to cast the enclosed ballot pursuant to Article 20
16	of The Election Code; that I am lawfully entitled to vote in
17	such precinct at the election to be held on
18	
19	I further state that I marked the enclosed ballot in
20	secret.
21	Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Article 29
22	of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the
23	statements set forth in this certification are true and
24	correct.
25	(Name)
26	

If the ballot enclosed is to be voted at a primary election, the certification shall designate the name of the political party with which the voter is affiliated.

In addition to the above, the election authority shall provide printed slips giving full instructions regarding the manner of completing the forms and affidavits for absentee registration by mail or the manner of marking and returning the ballot in order that the same may be counted, and shall furnish one of the printed slips to each of the applicants at the same time the registration materials or ballot is delivered to him.

In addition to the above, if a ballot to be provided to an elector pursuant to this Section contains a public question described in subsection (b) of Section 28-6 and the territory concerning which the question is to be submitted is not described on the ballot due to the space limitations of such ballot, the election authority shall provide a printed copy of a notice of the public question, which shall include a description of the territory in the manner required by Section 16-7. The notice shall be furnished to the elector at the same time the ballot is delivered to the elector.

The envelope in which such registration or such ballot is mailed to the voter as well as the envelope in which the

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registration materials or the ballot is returned by the voter shall have printed across the face thereof two parallel horizontal red bars, each one-quarter inch wide, extending from one side of the envelope to the other side, with an intervening space of one-quarter inch, the top bar to be one and one-quarter inches from the top of the envelope, and with the words "Official Election Balloting Material-VIA AIR MAIL" between the bars. In the upper right corner of such envelope in a box, there shall be printed the words: "U.S. Postage Paid 42 USC 1973". All printing on the face of such envelopes shall be in red, including an appropriate inscription or blank in the upper left corner of return address of sender.

The envelope in which the ballot is returned to election authority may be delivered (i) by mail, postage paid, (ii) in person, by the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of the voter, or (iii) by a company engaged in the business of making deliveries of property and licensed as a motor carrier of property by the Illinois Commerce Commission under the Illinois Commercial Transportation Law.

Election authorities transmitting ballots by facsimile or electronic transmission shall, to the extent possible, provide those applicants with the same instructions, certification, and other materials required when sending by mail.

(Source: P.A. 96-512, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.) 24

Sec. 20-6. Such vote by mail absent voter shall make and subscribe to the certifications provided for in the application and on the return envelope for the ballot, and such ballot or ballots shall then be folded by such voter in the manner required to be folded before depositing the same in the ballot box, and be deposited in such envelope and the envelope securely sealed. The envelope in which the ballot is returned to the election authority may be delivered (i) by mail, postage paid, (ii) in person, by the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of the voter, or (iii) by a company engaged in the business of making deliveries of property and licensed as a motor carrier of property by the Illinois Commerce Commission under the Illinois Commercial Transportation Law.

15 (10 ILCS 5/20-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-7)

(Source: P.A. 96-512, eff. 1-1-10.)

Sec. 20-7. Upon receipt of such vote by mail absent voter's ballot, the officer or officers above described shall forthwith enclose the same unopened, together with the application made by said vote by mail absent voter in a large or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of such officer and the words, "This envelope contains a vote by mail an absent voter's ballot and must be opened on election day," together with the number and description of the precinct in which said ballot is to be voted, and such officer shall thereafter safely keep the same

- 1 in his office until counted by him as provided in the next
- 2 section.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 81-155.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/20-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-8)
- 5 Sec. 20-8. Time and place of counting ballots.
- 6 (a) (Blank.)
 - (b) Each <u>vote by mail</u> <u>absent</u> voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority <u>may be processed by the election authority beginning on the 15th day before election day before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in the central ballot counting location of the election authority, but the results of the processing may not be counted until on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in subsections (g) and (g-5).</u>
 - (c) Each vote by mail absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority and postmarked no later than by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting

1 location of the election authority during the period for
2 counting provisional ballots.

Each <u>vote by mail</u> absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority absent a postmark, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt, opened to inspect the date inserted on the certification, and, if the certification date is a date preceding the election day and the ballot is otherwise found to be valid under the requirements of this Section, counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots. Absent a date on the certification, the ballot shall not be counted.

(d) Special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by the election authority at any time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same period provided for counting vote by mail absent voters' ballots under subsections (b), (g), and (g-5). Special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballot that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked

subsection (c).

by midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location of the election authority during the same periods

provided for counting vote by mail absent voters' ballots under

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, vote by mail absent voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on the day of election shall be endorsed by the person receiving the ballots with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at the election, and shall then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
- (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. The counting shall continue until all vote by mail absent voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail absentee voter's blank ballots required to be counted on election day

have been counted.

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- (q) The procedures set forth in Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section. In addition, within 2 days after a ballot subject to this Article is received, but in all cases before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots, the election judge or official shall the voter's compare signature certification envelope of that ballot with the signature of the voter on file in the office of the election authority. If the election judge or official determines that the 2 signatures match, and that the voter is otherwise qualified to cast a ballot under this Article, the election authority shall cast and count the ballot on election day or the day the ballot is determined to be valid, whichever is later, adding the results to the precinct in which the voter is registered. If the election judge or official determines that the signatures do not match, or that the voter is not qualified to cast a ballot under this Article, then without opening the certification envelope, the judge or official shall mark across the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not cast or count the ballot.
- In addition to the voter's signatures not matching, a ballot subject to this Article may be rejected by the election judge or official:
- 25 (1) if the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed;

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- 1 (2) if the voter has already cast an early or grace 2 period ballot;
 - (3) if the voter voted in person on election day or the voter is not a duly registered voter in the precinct; or
 - (4) on any other basis set forth in this Code.

If the election judge or official determines that any of these reasons apply, the judge or official shall mark across the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not cast or count the ballot.

(q-5) If a ballot subject to this Article is rejected by the election judge or official for any reason, the election authority shall, within 2 days after the rejection but in all cases before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots, notify the voter that his or her ballot was rejected. The notice shall inform the voter of the reason or reasons the ballot was rejected and shall state that the voter may appear before the election authority, on or before the 14th day after the election, to show cause as to why the ballot should not be rejected. The voter may present evidence to the election authority supporting his or her contention that the ballot should be counted. The election authority shall appoint a panel 3 election judges to review the contested ballot, application, and certification envelope, as well evidence submitted by the vote by mail absentee voter. No more than 2 election judges on the reviewing panel shall be of the same political party. The reviewing panel of election judges

- 1 shall make a final determination as to the validity of the
- 2 contested ballot. The judges' determination shall not be
- 3 reviewable either administratively or judicially.
- A ballot subject to this subsection that is determined to
- 5 be valid shall be counted before the close of the period for
- 6 counting provisional ballots.
- 7 (q-10) All ballots determined to be valid shall be added to
- 8 the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in
- 9 the order in which the ballots were opened.
- 10 (h) Each political party, candidate, and qualified civic
- organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher
- for each panel of election judges therein assigned.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06;
- 14 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)
- 15 (10 ILCS 5/20-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-10)
- Sec. 20-10. Pollwatchers shall be permitted to be present
- during the casting of the vote by mail absent voters' ballots
- and the vote of any vote by mail absent voter may be challenged
- 19 for cause the same as if he were present and voted in person,
- and the judges of the election or a majority thereof shall have
- 21 power and authority to hear and determine the legality of such
- 22 ballot; Provided, however, that if a challenge to any vote by
- 23 mail absent voter's right to vote is sustained, notice of the
- same must be given by the judges of election by mail addressed
- 25 to the voter's mailing address as stated in the certification

- 1 and application for ballot.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 80-1090.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/20-13) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-13)
- 4 Sec. 20-13. If otherwise qualified to vote, any person not
- 5 covered by Sections 20-2, 20-2.1 or 20-2.2 of this Article who
- is not registered to vote and who is temporarily absent from
- 7 his county of residence, may make special application to the
- 8 election authority having jurisdiction over his precinct of
- 9 permanent residence, not less than 5 days before a presidential
- 10 election, for a vote by mail an absentee ballot to vote for the
- 11 president and vice-president only. Such application shall be
- 12 furnished by the election authority and shall be in
- 13 substantially the following form:
- 14 SPECIAL VOTE BY MAIL ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION (For use
- by non-registered Illinois residents temporarily absent from
- the county to vote for the president and vice-president only)
- 17 AFFIDAVIT
- 1. I hereby request <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot to
- 19 vote for the president and vice-president only
- 20 (insert date of general election)
- 2. I am a citizen of the United States and a permanent
- 22 resident of Illinois.
- 3. I have maintained, and still maintain, a permanent abode
- 24 in Illinois for the past years at:
- 25 (House) (Number) (Street)

(2) (Month) (Day) (Year)

is the date of my marriage or my age at which time I

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- derived my citizenship.
- 2 7. I am not registered as a voter in any other county in
- 3 the State of Illinois or in any other State.
- 4 8. I am not requesting a ballot from any other place and am
- 5 not voting in any other manner in this election and I have not
- 6 voted and do not intend to vote in this election at any other
- 7 address. I request that you mail my ballot to the following
- 8 address:
- 9 (Print name and complete mailing address)
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- 9. Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Article
- 14 29 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the
- 15 statements set forth in this application are true and correct.
- 16
- 17 Signature of Applicant
- 18 The procedures set forth in Sections 20-4 through 20-12 of
- 19 this Article, insofar as they may be made applicable, shall be
- 20 applicable to vote by mail absentee voting under this Section.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/20-13.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-13.1)
- Sec. 20-13.1. Any person not covered by Sections 20-2,
- 24 20-2.1 or 20-2.2 of this Article who is registered to vote but
- 25 who is disqualified from voting because he moved outside his

- election precinct during the 30 days preceding a presidential 1 election may make special application to the election authority 2 having jurisdiction over his precinct of former residence by 3 mail, not more than 30 nor less than 5 days before a Federal 4 5 election, or in person in the office of the election authority, not more than 30 nor less than 1 day before a Federal election, 6 7 for <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot to vote for the president 8 and vice-president only. Such application shall be furnished by 9 the election authority and shall be in substantially the 10 following form:
- 11 SPECIAL VOTER APPLICATION
- 12 (For use by registered Illinois voters disqualified for 13 having moved outside their precinct on or after the 30th day 14 preceding the election, to vote for president and 15 vice-president only.)
- 1. I hereby request a ballot to vote for president and vice-president only on (insert date of general election).
- 22 (County) (State).
- 23 3. As of (Month), (Day),
- 24 (Year) I was a registered voter at (Residence
- 25 Number) (Street)
- 26 (City/Village/Township).

1	4. I moved to my present address on (Month)
2	(Day) (Year).
3	5. I have not registered to vote from nor have I requested
4	a ballot in any other election jurisdiction in this State or in
5	another State.
6	6. (If <u>vote by mail</u> absentee request), I request that you
7	mail the ballot to the following address:
8	Print name and complete mailing address.
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12	Under the penalties as provided by law pursuant to Article
13	29 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the
14	statements set forth in this application are true and correct.
15	
16	(Signature of Applicant)
17	7. Subscribed and sworn to before me on (Month)
18	(Day) (Year)
19	
20	(Signature of Official
21	Administering Oath)
22	The procedures set forth in Sections 20-4 through 20-12 of
23	this Article, insofar as they may be made applicable, shall be
24	applicable to vote by mail absentee voting under this Section.
25	(Source: P.A. 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/20-25)

Sec. 20-25. Extraordinary procedures. In the event of a deployment of the United States Armed Forces or the declaration of an emergency by the President of the United States or the Governor of Illinois, The Governor or the executive director of the State Board of Elections may modify the registration and voting procedures established by this Article or by rules adopted pursuant to this Article for the duration of the deployment or emergency in order to facilitate vote by mail absentee voting under this Article. The Governor or executive director, as the case may be, then promptly shall notify each election authority of the changes in procedures. Each election authority shall publicize the modifications and shall provide notice of the modifications to each person under its jurisdiction subject to this Article for whom the election authority has contact information.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-1004, eff. 1-1-11.)

(10 ILCS 5/24-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 24-15)

Sec. 24-15. As soon as the polls are closed, the voting machine or machines shall be locked in order to prevent further voting and each machine shall be sealed against voting and tampering, with a numbered metal seal, and the number of such metal seal shall be recorded at once on the certificate provided for that purpose, and the number on the protective counter of each voting machine shall also be recorded on the

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- 243 - LRB098 04408 HLH 34436 b

certificate in the space provided for that purpose, and the number on the public counter shall be recorded in the space provided for that purpose. The counting compartment shall then be opened in the presence of all the precinct election officials and all watchers and other persons who may be lawfully within the room, giving full view of the numbers announcing the votes cast for each candidate, and the vote for and against each of the questions or other propositions. Provided, however, when a machine is equipped with a device which will automatically record the number on the registering columns for each candidate, question or proposition on the back of the machine to a paper recording sheet then the recording sheet shall be removed and the vote cast shall be announced from the recording sheet for each candidate and the vote for and against each question or proposition. When voting machines are used in an election precinct, the watchers provided by law to be present in the polling place on election day shall be permitted to make a record of the number on the metal seal with which each voting machine is sealed, and to also record the number shown on the protective counter of each voting machine, and such watchers shall also be permitted to examine the counters of the voting machines as the totals are being announced for transcription to the return sheets or from the recording sheets and also to examine the return sheets or the recording sheets as the totals are being recorded or checked thereon. In voting machine precincts where the voting machine

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is not equipped with the automatic recording sheet the officer, officers board or boards charged by law to furnish the ballot labels for the voting machines shall also furnish for each election precinct in which a voting machine is to be used, at least two duplicate return sheets which shall be used by the precinct election board of such election precinct for recording the results of the election. Such return sheets shall be printed in the form of a diagram exactly corresponding, in arrangement, with the face of the voting machine, and such return sheets shall also correspond, in as far as arrangement is concerned, with the sample ballots, and each return sheet shall provide printed instructions for the exact procedure which the precinct election board shall follow when making the canvass of the results of the election, and such return sheets shall also provide the office titles, party names, candidates' names and code letters and number, arranged in the same manner as on the ballot labels, and there shall be provided a space for inserting the serial number of each voting machine, so that the totals recorded from each voting machine may be identified as being from a certain voting machine, and there shall be provided a space for recording such separate total for each candidate and constitutional amendment, or other question or proposition, from each separate voting machine, and a space for recording the total of the vote by mail and early mail and absentee vote in the same manner, so that the final total for

each candidate, constitutional amendment, question or other

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proposition, may be totaled by adding all the figures in a column. Totals on the return sheets shall be recorded in figures only, in ink. The same authorities shall also furnish to each such election precinct suitable printed forms for use by the precinct election board, in making out the certificates provided for in this Article. Such certificates shall be made a part of the return sheets if practicable, or may be on separate sheets.

9 (Source: Laws 1961, p. 2492.)

10 (10 ILCS 5/24-16) (from Ch. 46, par. 24-16)

Sec. 24-16. The precinct election officers shall then ascertain the number of votes which the candidates received both on the machine or machines, and by the voting of irregular ballots, if any. Except when the machine is equipped with a device which will automatically record the registering column on the back of the machine to sheets of paper giving the accurate vote cast for each candidate. Two precinct election officials, not members of the same political party, shall write the totals in figures, in ink, for such candidate on the duplicate return sheets provided for that purpose, while one election officer announces in a distinct voice the total vote cast for each candidate thus ascertained in the order of the offices as their titles are arranged on the ballot label, and the remaining precinct election official or officials, if any, shall be stationed at the counter compartment of the voting

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machine being canvassed and shall watch each total as it is being called out from the registering counters. Each precinct election official who is recording the totals on the return sheets shall distinctly repeat each total as it is announced from the counter of the voting machine. The totals of each machine for each candidate shall be recorded on the return sheets in such a manner that they may be identified by the serial number of the voting machine. The vote both for and against each question or other proposition shall also be announced and recorded in the same manner as the vote for the candidates. When the machine is equipped with a device which will automatically record the registering column on the back of the machine to recording sheets of paper giving the accurate vote cast for each candidate then the totals cast for each candidate or each question or proposition shall be called out as if they were being read from the Counter Compartment of the voting machine, provided however the paper recording sheet shall constitute the return sheet for the precinct or consolidated area and no return sheets shall be required. When more than one voting machine is used in the same election precinct, the canvass of the first machine shall be completed before the second and so on. When the canvass of all totals shall have been completed, the precinct election board shall canvass all vote by mail absentee ballots in the same manner provided by law for canvassing paper ballots. The totals of the vote by mail absentee votes for each candidate and for

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each question or other proposition shall be recorded on the return sheets under the totals from the voting machines and the final total of the votes received by each candidate, and each constitutional amendment, question or other proposition, shall be ascertained and recorded in the space provided for that purpose on the return sheets. Upon the completion of the canvass as hereinbefore provided, one of the precinct election officials shall, in a loud and distinct voice announce the total votes received by each candidate, and the total votes cast both for and against each constitutional amendment, question or other proposition, and such proclamation shall be made slowly enough so as to enable anyone desiring to do so, to record each such result as it is announced. Except where a voting machine is equipped with an automatic recording sheet when the proclamation is completed, the election official who announced the totals from the counters of the machine or machines, shall take his place at one of the return sheets and one of the election officials of the opposite party who has completed the recording of the returns on the return sheets shall take his place at the counter compartment of the voting machine first canvassed, and he shall then proceed to announce each total on each registering counter in the same manner as it was done for the first canvass. Before the recheck of the voting machine is begun, the two precinct election officials who are to recheck the totals on the return sheets shall exchange return sheets and each election official shall then,

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- 248 - LRB098 04408 HLH 34436 b

as the canvass proceeds, check each total as it is announced from the registering counters of the voting machine or machines for the second time. As each total is announced each precinct election official who is checking the totals on the return sheets shall repeat in a loud and distinct voice each total as it is announced. If any errors in the original canvass are discovered they shall be corrected at once in the presence of all the precinct election officials and a certificate shall be prepared and signed by each such election official, setting forth which errors were discovered and what corrections were made, and such certificate shall be made in duplicate and one filed with each return sheet. During the process of rechecking each total on the machines, the precinct election official or officials, if any, who at the original canvass acted as watcher or watchers at the registering counters of the machines, shall in the same manner verify the accuracy of each total as it is announced from the machine or machines and is repeated by the two precinct election officials who are rechecking the totals as written on the return sheets. When this recheck is completed the entire precinct election board shall take one of the return sheets and fold it in accordion pleats approximately ten inches wide with the face of the return sheet out, in such a manner that each pleat can easily be turned as the final recheck proceeds. The entire precinct election board shall then begin at the voting machine first canvassed and each such election official shall, simultaneously with the other such election

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officials, and in the presence of each other, examine each registering counter on the voting machine, and immediately examine the corresponding record for that counter, as it is written on the return sheet, and shall satisfy himself that both numbers are the same. Each total on each voting machine shall be as examined and when such examination has been completed, the entire precinct election board shall then compare each total on such return sheet with the corresponding total on the duplicate return sheet and each precinct election official shall satisfy himself that all totals are the same on both return sheets. Each precinct election official shall sign a certificate stating that each step in the canvass of the voting machines, as provided herein, has been carefully and faithfully carried out in every detail. If any errors are discovered during the final recheck of the registering counters and comparison of the duplicate return sheets, such errors shall be corrected at once, and each precinct election official shall sign a certificate stating which errors were found and what corrections were made and such corrections shall be made in the presence of all the precinct election officials. The precinct election board shall then canvass the irregular ballot in substantially the same manner as the law provides for canvassing the returns for paper ballots, and shall record the results thereof on the return sheets in the space provided for that purpose. Before leaving the room and before closing and locking the counting compartment, each precinct election

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official shall make and sign the certificate and written statements and the return sheets of such election as provided by law. In precincts where the voting machines are equipped with the automatic recording sheet and two or more machines the total vote cast for each candidate, question or proposition from each machine shall be recorded separately on the statement of votes as provided for in Section 18-14, and the grand total of all votes appearing on the recording sheets shall be recorded on the statement of votes and proclaimed by the judges in the same manner as is herein provided for proclamation of votes from the return sheets. All vote by mail absentee ballots and irregular ballots of each voting machine shall be returned to the proper officer together with the return sheets and certificates and supplies and such vote by mail absentee ballots and irregular machine ballots shall be preserved and finally destroyed as is now provided by law when paper ballots are used. The written statements or returns so made, after having been properly signed, shall be distinctly and clearly read in the hearing of all persons present in the polling place, and ample opportunity shall be given to compare the results so certified with the counter dials of the machine. After such comparison and correction, if any is made, the precinct election officials shall then close the counting compartment and lock the same. Thereafter the voting machine shall remain locked and sealed against voting for a period of at least 30 days, after the results of the election have been

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declared, unless otherwise ordered by the circuit court: provided, however, upon application to the circuit court, the circuit judge may order the said machines opened prior to the thirty day period herein required to be closed. The circuit court in its order shall specify the manner in which the count recorded on the machines shall be taken and preserved: provided, however, when the machines are equipped with any recording or photographic device on which votes registered on the mechanical counters will be separately recorded or photographed, as provided in Section 24-18 hereof, and it is necessary to use said machines at an election occurring within said 30 days, then after the machines have remained locked for a period of 48 hours they may be prepared for such subsequent election as herein provided. Whenever it is necessary to reset the machines for another election prior to the time limit for the filing of election contests, it shall be the duty of the proper officials to make a photographic record of the machines involved to be used in case of an election contest, whereupon the machines may be set back to zero and arranged for the next election.

21 (Source: P.A. 80-704.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/24A-6) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-6)

Sec. 24A-6. The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot or on the marking device, shall, as far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided for paper ballots,

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except that such information may be in vertical or horizontal rows, or in a number of separate pages. Ballots for all questions or propositions to be voted on must be provided in the same manner and must be arranged on or in the marking device or on the ballot sheet in the places provided for such purposes.

When an electronic voting system utilizes a ballot label booklet and ballot card, ballots for candidates, ballots calling for a constitutional convention, constitutional judicial retention ballots, amendment ballots, measures, and all propositions to be voted upon may be placed on the electronic voting device by providing in the ballot separate ballot label pages or series of pages booklet distinguished by differing colors as provided below. When an electronic voting system utilizes a ballot sheet, ballots calling for a constitutional convention, constitutional amendment ballots and judicial retention ballots shall be placed on the ballot sheet by providing a separate portion of the ballot sheet for each such kind of ballot which shall be printed in ink of a color distinct from the color of ink used in printing any other portion of the ballot sheet. Ballots for candidates, public measures and all other propositions to be voted upon shall be placed on the ballot sheet by providing a separate portion of the ballot sheet for each such kind of ballot. Whenever a person has submitted a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate as required in Sections 17-16.1 and

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- 253 - LRB098 04408 HLH 34436 b

18-9.1, a line on which the name of a candidate may be written by the voter shall be printed below the name of the last candidate nominated for such office, and immediately to the left of such line an area shall be provided for marking a vote for such write-in candidate. The number of write-in lines for an office shall equal the number of persons who have filed declarations of intent to be write-in candidates plus an additional line or lines for write-in candidates who qualify to file declarations to be write-in candidates under Sections 17-16.1 and 18-9.1 when the certification of ballot contains the words "OBJECTION PENDING" next to the name of the candidate, up to the number of candidates for which a voter may vote. More than one amendment to the constitution may be placed on the same ballot page or series of pages or on the same portion of the ballot sheet, as the case may be. Ballot label for constitutional conventions or constitutional amendments shall be on paper of blue color and shall precede all other ballot label pages in the ballot label booklet. More than one public measure or proposition may be placed on the same ballot label page or series of pages or on the same portion of the ballot sheet, as the case may be. More than one proposition for retention of judges in office may be placed on the same ballot label page or series of pages or on the same portion of the ballot sheet, as the case may be. Ballot label pages for candidates shall be on paper of white color, except that in primary elections the ballot label page or pages for

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the candidates of each respective political party shall be of the color designated by the election official in charge of the election for that political party's candidates; provided that the ballot label pages or pages for candidates for use at the nonpartisan and consolidated elections may be on paper of different colors, except blue, whenever necessary or desirable to facilitate distinguishing between the pages for different political subdivisions. On each page of the candidate booklet, where the election is made to list ballot information vertically, the party affiliation of each candidate or the word "independent" shall appear immediately to the left of the candidate's name, and the name of candidates for the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office. If no candidate or candidates file for an office and if no person or persons file a declaration as a write-in candidate for that office, then below the title of that office the election authority instead shall print "No Candidate". In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution requires otherwise, the listing of such nonpartisan candidates shall not include any party or "independent" designation. Ballot label pages for judicial retention ballots shall be on paper of green color, and ballot label pages for all public measures and other propositions shall be on paper of some other distinct and different color. In primary elections, a separate ballot label

booklet, marking device and voting booth shall be used for each political party holding a primary, with the ballot label booklet arranged to include ballot label pages of the candidates of the party and public measures and other propositions to be voted upon on the day of the primary election. One ballot card may be used for recording the voter's vote or choice on all such ballots, proposals, public measures or propositions, and such ballot card shall be arranged so as to record the voter's vote or choice in a separate column or columns for each such kind of ballot, proposal, public measure or proposition.

If the ballot label booklet includes both candidates for office and public measures or propositions to be voted on, the election official in charge of the election shall divide the pages by protruding tabs identifying the division of the pages, and printing on such tabs "Candidates" and "Propositions".

The ballot card and all of its columns and the ballot card envelope shall be of the color prescribed for candidate's ballots at the general or primary election, whichever is being held. At an election where no candidates are being nominated or elected, the ballot card, its columns, and the ballot card envelope shall be of a color designated by the election official in charge of the election.

The ballot cards, ballot card envelopes and ballot sheets may, at the discretion of the election authority, be printed on white paper and then striped with the appropriate colors.

When ballot sheets are used, the various portions thereof shall be arranged to conform to the foregoing format.

Vote by mail Absentee ballots may consist of ballot cards, envelopes, paper ballots, or ballot sheets voted in person in the office of the election official in charge of the election or voted by mail. Where a ballot card is used for voting by mail it must be accompanied by a punching tool or other appropriate marking device, voter instructions and a specimen ballot showing the proper positions to vote on the ballot card or ballot sheet for each party, candidate, proposal, public measure or proposition, and in the case of a ballot card must be mounted on a suitable material to receive the punched out chip.

Any voter who spoils his ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the judges of election and secure another. However, the protruding identifying tab for proposals for a constitutional convention or constitutional amendments shall have printed thereon "Constitutional Ballot", and the ballot label page or pages for such proposals shall precede the ballot label pages for candidates in the ballot label booklet.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 95-862, eff. 8-19-08.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/24A-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-10)

Sec. 24A-10. (1) In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an electronic voting system, the election official in charge of the election shall select one of the 3 following

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procedures for receiving, counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:

(a) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on paper ballots, including any paper ballots required to be voted other than on the electronic voting system. Ballots deposited in the second ballot box shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," as amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who voted in the precinct at the election. Such slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock each ballot box; provided, that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in such manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign such seal. Thereupon two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall forthwith and by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

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Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the two precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, such team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together so as to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots so folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to such excess.

Such excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the two precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count tabulate the write-in vote; or

(b) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast,

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shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," as amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the precinct judges of election then shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of "The Election Code." The judges of election shall then examine all ballot cards and ballot card envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballot cards and ballot card envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot card or ballot card envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective," initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under such word "Defective," and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope."

When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, before separating the ballot cards from their respective covering envelopes, the judges of election shall examine the ballot card envelopes for write-in votes. When the

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voter has voted a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot card to determine whether such write-in results in an overvote for any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot card and envelope upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballot cards and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots and their envelopes shall be placed the "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. Envelopes bearing write-in votes marked in the place designated therefor and bearing the initials of a precinct judge of election and not resulting in an overvote and otherwise complying with the election laws as to marking shall be counted, tallied, and their votes recorded on a tally sheet provided by the election

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- 261 - LRB098 04408 HLH 34436 b

official in charge of the election. The ballot cards and ballot card envelopes shall be separated and all except any defective or overvoted shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots. The judges of election shall examine the ballots and ballot cards to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot or ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct. The original ballot or ballot card and envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot or ballot card so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot," and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot or ballot cards, and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Damaged Ballot" ballots or ballot cards and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots.

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The tally sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in this box. The judges of election thereupon immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the election official in charge of the election; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different major political parties, forthwith shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If, however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge

recommendations

organizations.

boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the two major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2

from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such

purpose by the election official in charge of elections from

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of the election may designate some other location to which the

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end thereof of each signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and thereupon shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots or ballot cards and

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deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic

tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of

ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet

furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges; or

(c) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the precinct judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall forthwith by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed vote by mail absentee and early ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the

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central counting location or for some other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the two major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or more teams of tally judges who possess the same qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of such teams shall be determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified

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list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot; and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of the Election Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets which are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all tally judges immediately under such word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(2) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection

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(1) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots, properly signed and sealed as provided herein, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (1) of this Section until the judges transporting the same make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the same shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in the event such ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

19 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

(10 ILCS 5/24A-15.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-15.1)

Sec. 24A-15.1. Except as herein provided, discovery recounts and election contests shall be conducted as otherwise provided for in "The Election Code", as amended. The automatic tabulating equipment shall be tested prior to the discovery recount or election contest as provided in Section 24A-9, and

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1 then the official ballots or ballot cards shall be recounted on

2 the automatic tabulating equipment. In addition, (1) the ballot

3 or ballot cards shall be checked for the presence or absence of

4 judges' initials and other distinguishing marks, and (2) the

5 ballots marked "Rejected", "Defective", Objected to", "Vote by

6 Mail Absentee Ballot", and "Early Ballot" shall be examined to

determine the propriety of the labels, and (3) the "Duplicate

8 <u>Vote by Mail</u> Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballots",

9 "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots" and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots"

shall be compared with their respective originals to determine

11 the correctness of the duplicates.

12 Any person who has filed a petition for discovery recount

may request that a redundant count be conducted in those

14 precincts in which the discovery recount is being conducted.

15 The additional costs of such a redundant count shall be borne

16 by the requesting party.

The log of the computer operator and all materials retained

by the election authority in relation to vote tabulation and

canvass shall be made available for any discovery recount or

20 election contest.

21 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/24B-6)

Sec. 24B-6. Ballot Information; Arrangement; Electronic

24 Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology Voting System;

25 Vote by Mail Absentee Ballots; Spoiled Ballots. The ballot

Elections or otherwise specified.

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information, shall, as far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided for paper ballots, except that the information may be in vertical or horizontal rows, or on a number of separate pages or displays on the marking device. Ballots for all questions or propositions to be voted on should be provided in a similar manner and must be arranged on the ballot sheet or marking device in the places provided for such purposes. Ballots shall be of white paper unless provided otherwise by administrative rule of the State Board of

All propositions, including but not limited to calling for a constitutional convention, propositions judicial retention, constitutional amendment, and public measures to be voted upon shall be placed on separate portions of the ballot sheet or marking device by utilizing borders or grey screens. Candidates shall be listed on a separate portion of the ballot sheet or marking device by utilizing borders or grey screens. Whenever a person has submitted a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate as required in Sections 17-16.1 and 18-9.1, a line or lines on which the voter may select a write-in candidate shall be printed below the name of the last candidate nominated for such office. Such line or lines shall be proximate to an area provided for marking votes for the write-in candidate or candidates. The number of write-in lines for an office shall equal the number of persons who have filed declarations of intent to be write-in candidates

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- 270 - LRB098 04408 HLH 34436 b

plus an additional line or lines for write-in candidates who qualify to file declarations to be write-in candidates under Sections 17-16.1 and 18-9.1 when the certification of ballot contains the words "OBJECTION PENDING" next to the name of that candidate, up to the number of candidates for which a voter may vote. In the case of write-in lines for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, 2 lines shall be printed within a bracket and a single square shall be printed in front of the bracket. More than one amendment to the constitution may be placed on the same portion of the ballot sheet or marking device. Constitutional convention or constitutional amendment propositions shall be printed or displayed on a separate portion of the ballot sheet or marking device and designated by borders or grey screens, unless otherwise provided by administrative rule of the State Board of Elections. More than one public measure or proposition may be placed on the same portion of the ballot sheet or marking device. More than one proposition for retention of judges in office may be placed on the same portion of the ballot sheet or marking device. Names of candidates shall be printed in black. The party affiliation of each candidate or the word "independent" shall appear near or under the candidate's name, and the names of candidates for the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office, on separate pages of the marking device, or as otherwise approved by the State Board of Elections. If no candidate or candidates file for an office and if no person or

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persons file a declaration as a write-in candidate for that office, then below the title of that office the election authority instead shall print "No Candidate". In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution requires otherwise, the listing of nonpartisan candidates shall not include any party or "independent" designation. Judicial retention questions and ballot questions for all public measures and other propositions shall be designated by borders or grey screens on the ballot or marking device. In primary elections, a separate ballot, or displays on the marking device, shall be used for each political party holding a primary, with the ballot or marking device arranged to include names of the candidates of the party and public measures and other propositions to be voted upon on the day of the primary election.

If the ballot includes both candidates for office and public measures or propositions to be voted on, the election official in charge of the election shall divide the ballot or displays on the marking device in sections for "Candidates" and "Propositions", or separate ballots may be used.

<u>Vote by Mail</u> Absentee ballots may consist of envelopes, paper ballots, or ballot sheets voted in person in the office of the election official in charge of the election or voted by mail. Where a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology ballot is used for voting by mail it must be accompanied by

- 1 voter instructions.
- 2 Any voter who spoils his or her ballot, makes an error, or
- 3 has a ballot returned by the automatic tabulating equipment may
- 4 return the ballot to the judges of election and get another
- 5 ballot.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 95-862, eff. 8-19-08;
- 7 96-1018, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/24B-10)
- 9 Sec. 24B-10. Receiving, Counting, Tallying and Return of
- 10 Ballots; Acceptance of Ballots by Election Authority.
- 11 (a) In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an
- 12 electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting
- 13 system, the election official in charge of the election shall
- 14 select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving,
- 15 counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:
- 16 (1) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling
- 17 place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes
- 18 cast on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot
- 19 box is for all votes cast on other ballots, including any
- 20 paper ballots required to be voted other than on the
- 21 Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic
- voting system. Ballots deposited in the second ballot box
- shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere
- 24 provided in this Code for the counting and handling of
- 25 paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the polls,

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the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who voted in the precinct at the election. The slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock each ballot box; provided, that if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose that shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in a manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign the seal. Two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the 2 precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, the team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first

opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to the excess.

The excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the 2 precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine the remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in vote.

(2) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the

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precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot, or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code.

In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on the ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in judges of election shall initial precinct. The "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. The ballots except any defective or overvoted

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ballot shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots. The judges of election shall examine the ballots to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct. The original ballot and ballot envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Damaged Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person and the total number of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally sheets recording the write-in votes

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shall be placed in this box. The judges of election immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the election official in charge of the election; provided that if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If, however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the

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election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the official in charge of elections election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in of elections from recommendations bv appropriate political party organizations.

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end of each envelope signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number

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of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots and deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(3) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the precinct judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in a manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed vote by mail absentee and early ballots and returns to the

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central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for some other reason, impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or teams of tally judges who possess the qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of the teams shall be

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determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets that are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to that label by all tally judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count for that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally

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judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians

operating the automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan

Technology tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between

5 the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be

noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by

7 the tally judges.

(b) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection (a) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots properly signed and sealed, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (a) of this Section until the judges transporting the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in the event the ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05;
- 2 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/24B-15.1)
- 4 Sec. 24B-15.1. Discovery recounts and election contests.
- 5 Except as provided, discovery recounts and election contests
- shall be conducted as otherwise provided for in this Code. The
- 7 automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 8 tabulating equipment shall be tested prior to the discovery
- 9 recount or election contest as provided in Section 24B-9, and
- 10 then the official ballots shall be recounted on the automatic
- 11 tabulating equipment. In addition, (a) the ballots shall be
- 12 checked for the presence or absence of judges' initials and
- 13 other distinguishing marks, and (b) the ballots marked
- "Rejected", "Defective", "Objected To", "Early Ballot", and
- 15 "Vote by Mail Absentee Ballot" shall be examined to determine
- the propriety of the labels, and (c) the "Duplicate Vote by
- 17 Mail Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots",
- 18 "Duplicate Early Ballot", and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots"
- 19 shall be compared with their respective originals to determine
- the correctness of the duplicates.
- 21 Any person who has filed a petition for discovery recount
- 22 may request that a redundant count be conducted in those
- 23 precincts in which the discovery recount is being conducted.
- 24 The additional costs of a redundant count shall be borne by the
- 25 requesting party.

- 1 The log of the computer operator and all materials retained
- 2 by the election authority in relation to vote tabulation and
- 3 canvass shall be made available for any discovery recount or
- 4 election contest.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/24C-1)
- 7 Sec. 24C-1. Purpose. The purpose of this Article is to
- 8 authorize the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems
- 9 approved by the State Board of Elections. In a Direct Recording
- 10 Electronic Voting System, voters cast votes by means of a
- 11 ballot display provided with mechanical or electro-optical
- devices that can be activated by the voters to mark their
- 13 choices for the candidates of their preference and for or
- 14 against public questions. Such voting devices shall be capable
- of instantaneously recording such votes, storing such votes,
- producing a permanent paper record and tabulating such votes at
- 17 the precinct or at one or more counting stations. This Article
- 18 authorizes the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting
- 19 Systems for in-precinct counting applications and for early
- 20 <u>in-person absentee</u> voting in the office of the election
- 21 authority and in the offices of local officials authorized by
- 22 the election authority to conduct such early absentee voting.
- 23 All other early absentee ballots must be counted at the office
- of the election authority.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

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(10 ILCS 5/24C-6)

Sec. 24C-6. Ballot Information; Arrangement; Direct Recording Electronic Voting System; Vote by Mail Absentee Ballots; Spoiled Ballots. The ballot information, shall, as far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided for paper ballots, except that the information may be in vertical or horizontal rows, or on a number of separate pages or display screens.

Ballots for all public questions to be voted on should be provided in a similar manner and must be arranged on the ballot in the places provided for such purposes. All public questions, including but not limited to public questions calling for a constitutional convention, constitutional amendment, judicial retention, shall be placed on the ballot separate and apart from candidates. Ballots for all public questions shall be clearly designated by borders or different color screens. More than one amendment to the constitution may be placed on the same portion of the ballot sheet. Constitutional convention or constitutional amendment propositions shall be placed on a separate portion of the ballot and designated by borders or unique color screens, unless otherwise provided bv administrative rule of the State Board of Elections. More than one public question may be placed on the same portion of the ballot. More than one proposition for retention of judges in office may be placed on the same portion of the ballot.

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The party affiliation, if any, of each candidate or the word "independent", where applicable, shall appear near or under the candidate's name, and the names of candidates for the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office. In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution requires otherwise, the listing of nonpartisan candidates shall not include any party or "independent" designation. If no candidate or candidates file for an office and if no person or persons file a declaration as a write-in candidate for that office, then below the title of that office the election authority shall print "No Candidate". In primary elections, a separate ballot shall be used for each political party holding a primary, with the ballot arranged to include names of the candidates of the party and public questions and other propositions to be voted upon on the day of the primary election.

If the ballot includes both candidates for office and public questions or propositions to be voted on, the election official in charge of the election shall divide the ballot in sections for "Candidates" and "Public Questions", or separate ballots may be used.

Any voter who spoils his or her ballot, makes an error, or has a ballot rejected by the automatic tabulating equipment shall be provided a means of correcting the ballot or obtaining

- a new ballot prior to casting his or her ballot.
- 2 Any election authority using a Direct Recording Electronic
- 3 Voting System may use voting systems approved for use under
- 4 Articles 24A or 24B of this Code in conducting vote by mail or
- 5 early absentee voting in the office of the election authority
- 6 or voted by mail.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 95-862, eff. 8-19-08.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/24C-11)
- 9 Sec. 24C-11. Functional requirements. A Direct Recording
- 10 Electronic Voting System shall, in addition to satisfying the
- 11 other requirements of this Article, fulfill the following
- 12 functional requirements:
- 13 (a) Provide a voter in a primary election with the means of
- 14 casting a ballot containing votes for any and all candidates of
- the party or parties of his or her choice, and for any and all
- 16 non-partisan candidates and public questions and preclude the
- 17 voter from voting for any candidate of any other political
- 18 party except when legally permitted. In a general election, the
- 19 system shall provide the voter with means of selecting the
- 20 appropriate number of candidates for any office, and of voting
- on any public question on the ballot to which he or she is
- 22 entitled to vote.
- 23 (b) If a voter is not entitled to vote for particular
- 24 candidates or public questions appearing on the ballot, the
- 25 system shall prevent the selection of the prohibited votes.

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- (c) Once the proper ballot has been selected, the system devices shall provide a means of enabling the recording of votes and the casting of said ballot.
- (d) System voting devices shall provide voting choices that are clear to the voter and labels indicating the names of every candidate and the text of every public question on the voter's ballot. Each label shall identify the selection button or switch, or the active area of the ballot associated with it. The system shall be able to incorporate minimal, easy-to-follow on-screen instruction for the voter on how to cast a ballot.
- (e) Voting devices shall (i) enable the voter to vote for any and all candidates and public questions appearing on the ballot for which the voter is lawfully entitled to vote, in any legal number and combination; (ii) detect and reject all votes for an office or upon a public question when the voter has cast more votes for the office or upon the public question than the voter is entitled to cast; (iii) notify the voter if the voter's choices as recorded on the ballot for an office or public question are fewer than or exceed the number that the voter is entitled to vote for on that office or public question and the effect of casting more or fewer votes than legally permitted; (iv) notify the voter if the voter has failed to completely cast a vote for an office or public question appearing on the ballot; and (v) permit the voter, in a private and independent manner, to verify the votes selected by the voter, to change the ballot or to correct any error on the

ballot before the ballot is completely cast and counted. A

- 2 means shall be provided to indicate each selection after it has
- 3 been made or canceled.
- 4 (f) System voting devices shall provide a means for the
- 5 voter to signify that the selection of candidates and public
- 6 questions has been completed. Upon activation, the system shall
- 7 record an image of the completed ballot, increment the proper
- 8 ballot position registers, and shall signify to the voter that
- 9 the ballot has been cast. The system shall then prevent any
- 10 further attempt to vote until it has been reset or re-enabled
- 11 by a judge of election.
- 12 (g) Each system voting device shall be equipped with a
- public counter that can be set to zero prior to the opening of
- 14 the polling place, and that records the number of ballots cast
- at a particular election. The counter shall be incremented only
- by the casting of a ballot. The counter shall be designed to
- 17 prevent disabling or resetting by other than authorized persons
- 18 after the polls close. The counter shall be visible to all
- 19 judges of election so long as the device is installed at the
- 20 polling place.
- 21 (h) Each system voting device shall be equipped with a
- 22 protective counter that records all of the testing and election
- 23 ballots cast since the unit was built. This counter shall be
- designed so that its reading cannot be changed by any cause
- other than the casting of a ballot. The protective counter
- shall be incapable of ever being reset and it shall be visible

1 at all times when the device is configured for testing, 2 maintenance, or election use.

- (i) All system devices shall provide a means of preventing further voting once the polling place has closed and after all eligible voters have voted. Such means of control shall incorporate a visible indication of system status. Each device shall prevent any unauthorized use, prevent tampering with ballot labels and preclude its re-opening once the poll closing has been completed for that election.
- (j) The system shall produce a printed summary report of the votes cast upon each voting device. Until the proper sequence of events associated with closing the polling place has been completed, the system shall not allow the printing of a report or the extraction of data. The printed report shall also contain all system audit information to be required by the election authority. Data shall not be altered or otherwise destroyed by report generation and the system shall ensure the integrity and security of data for a period of at least 6 months after the polls close.
- (k) If more than one voting device is used in a polling place, the system shall provide a means to manually or electronically consolidate the data from all such units into a single report even if different voting systems are used to record absentee ballots. The system shall also be capable of merging the vote tabulation results produced by other vote tabulation systems, if necessary.

- (1) System functions shall be implemented such that unauthorized access to them is prevented and the execution of authorized functions in an improper sequence is precluded. System functions shall be executable only in the intended manner and order, and only under the intended conditions. If the preconditions to a system function have not been met, the function shall be precluded from executing by the system's control logic.
- (m) All system voting devices shall incorporate at least 3 memories in the machine itself and in its programmable memory devices.
 - (n) The system shall include capabilities of recording and reporting the date and time of normal and abnormal events and of maintaining a permanent record of audit information that cannot be turned off. Provisions shall be made to detect and record significant events (e.g., casting a ballot, error conditions that cannot be disposed of by the system itself, time-dependent or programmed events that occur without the intervention of the voter or a judge of election).
 - (o) The system and each system voting device must be capable of creating, printing and maintaining a permanent paper record and an electronic image of each ballot that is cast such that records of individual ballots are maintained by a subsystem independent and distinct from the main vote detection, interpretation, processing and reporting path. The electronic images of each ballot must protect the integrity of

- 1 the data and the anonymity of each voter, for example, by means
- of storage location scrambling. The ballot image records may be
- 3 either machine-readable or manually transcribed, or both, at
- 4 the discretion of the election authority.
- 5 (p) The system shall include built-in test, measurement and
- 6 diagnostic software and hardware for detecting and reporting
- 7 the system's status and degree of operability.
- 8 (q) The system shall contain provisions for maintaining the
- 9 integrity of memory voting and audit data during an election
- 10 and for a period of at least 6 months thereafter and shall
- 11 provide the means for creating an audit trail.
- 12 (r) The system shall be fully accessible so as to permit
- 13 blind or visually impaired voters as well as physically
- 14 disabled voters to exercise their right to vote in private and
- 15 without assistance.
- 16 (s) The system shall provide alternative language
- accessibility if required pursuant to Section 203 of the Voting
- 18 Rights Act of 1965.
- 19 (t) Each voting device shall enable a voter to vote for a
- 20 person whose name does not appear on the ballot.
- 21 (u) The system shall record and count accurately each vote
- 22 properly cast for or against any candidate and for or against
- 23 any public question, including the names of all candidates
- 24 whose names are written in by the voters.
- 25 (v) The system shall allow for accepting provisional
- 26 ballots and for separating such provisional ballots from

- 1 precinct totals until authorized by the election authority.
- 2 (w) The system shall provide an effective audit trail as
- 3 defined in Section 24C-2 in this Code.
- 4 (x) The system shall be suitably designed for the purpose
- 5 used, be durably constructed, and be designed for safety,
- 6 accuracy and efficiency.
- 7 (y) The system shall comply with all provisions of federal,
- 8 State and local election laws and regulations and any future
- 9 modifications to those laws and regulations.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/24C-13)
- 12 Sec. 24C-13. Vote by Mail Absentee ballots; Early voting
- 13 ballots; Proceedings at Location for Central Counting;
- 14 Employees; Approval of List.
- 15 (a) All jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic
- Voting Systems shall use paper ballots or paper ballot sheets
- approved for use under Articles 16, 24A or 24B of this Code
- 18 when conducting vote by mail absentee voting except that Direct
- 19 Recording Electronic Voting Systems may be used for in-person
- 20 absentee voting conducted pursuant to Section 19-2.1 of this
- 21 Code. All vote by mail absentee ballots shall be counted at the
- 22 central ballot counting location of the election authority. The
- provisions of Section 24A-9, 24B-9 and 24C-9 of this Code shall
- 24 apply to the testing and notice requirements for central count
- 25 tabulation equipment, including comparing the signature on the

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1 ballot envelope with the signature of the voter on the

2 permanent voter registration record card taken from the master

file. Vote results shall be recorded by precinct and shall be

added to the vote results for the precinct in which the vote by

<u>mail</u> absent voter was eligible to vote prior to completion of

the official canvass.

- (b) All proceedings at the location for central counting shall be under the direction of the county clerk or board of election commissioners. Except for any specially trained technicians required for the operation of the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System, the employees at the counting station shall be equally divided between members of the 2 leading political parties and all duties performed by the employees shall be by teams consisting of an equal number of members of each political party. Thirty days before an election the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall submit to the chairman of each political party, for his or her approval or disapproval, a list of persons of his or her party proposed to be employed. If a chairman fails to notify the election authority of his or her disapproval of any proposed employee within a period of 10 days thereafter the list shall be deemed approved.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05;
- 24 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

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Sec. 24C-15. Official Return of Precinct; Check of Totals; Audit. The precinct return printed by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System tabulating equipment shall include the number of ballots cast and votes cast for each candidate and public question and shall constitute the official return of each precinct. In addition to the precinct return, the election authority shall provide the number of applications for ballots in each precinct, the total number of ballots and vote by mail absentee ballots counted in each precinct for each political subdivision and district and the number of registered voters in each precinct. However, the election authority shall check the totals shown by the precinct return and, if there is an obvious discrepancy regarding the total number of votes cast in any precinct, shall have the ballots for that precinct audited to correct the return. The procedures for this audit shall apply prior to and after the proclamation is completed; however, after the proclamation of results, the election authority must obtain a court order to unseal voted ballots or voting devices except for election contests and discovery recounts. certificate of results, which has been prepared and signed by the judges of election after the ballots have been tabulated, shall be the document used for the canvass of votes for such precinct. Whenever a discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes between the unofficial results and the certificate of results, or whenever a discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes between the certificate of results and the set of totals

reflected on the certificate of results, the ballots for that precinct shall be audited to correct the return.

Prior to the proclamation, the election authority shall test the voting devices and equipment in 5% of the precincts within the election jurisdiction, as well as 5% of the voting devices used in early voting. The precincts and the voting devices to be tested shall be selected after election day on a random basis by the State Board of Elections, so that every precinct and every device used in early voting in the election jurisdiction has an equal mathematical chance of being selected. The State Board of Elections shall design a standard and scientific random method of selecting the precincts and voting devices that are to be tested. The State central committee chairman of each established political party shall be given prior written notice of the time and place of the random selection procedure and may be represented at the procedure.

The test shall be conducted by counting the votes marked on the permanent paper record of each ballot cast in the tested precinct printed by the voting system at the time that each ballot was cast and comparing the results of this count with the results shown by the certificate of results prepared by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System in the test precinct. The election authority shall test count these votes either by hand or by using an automatic tabulating device other than a Direct Recording Electronic voting device that has been approved by the State Board of Elections for that purpose and

tested before use to ensure accuracy. The election authority shall print the results of each test count. If any error is detected, the cause shall be determined and corrected, and an errorless count shall be made prior to the official canvass and proclamation of election results. If an errorless count cannot be conducted and there continues to be difference in vote results between the certificate of results produced by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System and the count of the permanent paper records or if an error was detected and corrected, the election authority shall immediately prepare and forward to the appropriate canvassing board a written report explaining the results of the test and any errors encountered and the report shall be made available for public inspection.

The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the county chairman of each established political party and qualified civic organizations shall be given prior written notice of the time and place of the test and may be represented at the test.

The results of this post-election test shall be treated in the same manner and have the same effect as the results of the discovery procedures set forth in Section 22-9.1 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11.)

24 (10 ILCS 5/25-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 25-7)

Sec. 25-7. (a) When any vacancy shall occur in the office

of representative in congress from this state more than 180 days before the next general election, the Governor shall issue a writ of election within 5 days after the occurrence of that vacancy to the county clerks of the several counties in the district where the vacancy exists, appointing a day within 115

days of issuance of the writ to hold a special election to fill

such vacancy.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this Section or any other law to the contrary, a special election to fill a vacancy in the office of representative in congress occurring less than 60 days following the 2012 general election shall be held as provided in this subsection (b). A special primary election shall be held on February 26, 2013, and a special election shall be held on April 9, 2013.

Except as provided in this subsection (b), the provisions of Article 7 of this Code are applicable to petitions for the special primary election and special election. Petitions for nomination in accordance with Article 7 shall be filed in the principal office of the State Board of Elections not more than 54 and not less than 50 days prior to the date of the special primary election, excluding Saturday and Sunday. Petitions for the nomination of independent candidates and candidates of new political parties shall be filed in the principal office of the State Board of Elections not more than 68 and not less than 64 days prior to the date of the special election, excluding Saturday and Sunday.

Except as provided in this subsection, the State Board of Elections shall have authority to establish, in conjunction with the impacted election authorities, an election calendar for the special election and special primary.

If an election authority is unable to have a sufficient number of ballots printed so that ballots will be available for mailing at least 46 days prior to the special primary election or special election to persons who have filed an application for a ballot under the provisions of Article 20 of this Code, the election authority shall, no later than 45 days prior to each election, mail to each of those persons a Special Write-in Vote by Mail Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot in accordance with Section 16-5.01 of this Code. The election authority shall advise those persons that the names of candidates to be nominated or elected shall be available on the election authority's website and shall provide a phone number the person may call to request the names of the candidates for nomination or election.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-1134, eff. 12-3-12.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/28-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 28-9)

Sec. 28-9. Petitions for proposed amendments to Article IV of the Constitution pursuant to Section 3, Article XIV of the Constitution shall be signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 8% of the total votes cast for candidates for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. Such

petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 24 months preceding the general election at which the proposed amendment is to be submitted and shall be filed with

the Secretary of State at least 6 months before that general

election.

Upon receipt of a petition for a proposed Constitutional amendment, the Secretary of State shall, as soon as is practicable, but no later than the close of the next business day, deliver such petition to the State Board of Elections.

Petitions for advisory questions of public policy to be submitted to the voters of the entire State shall be signed by a number of voters equal in number to 8% of the total votes cast for candidates for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. Such petition shall have been signed by said petitioners not more than 24 months preceding the date of the general election at which the question is to be submitted and shall be filed with the State Board of Elections at least 6 months before that general election.

The proponents of the proposed statewide advisory public question shall file the original petition in bound election jurisdiction sections. Each section shall be composed of consecutively numbered petition sheets containing only the signatures of registered voters of a single election jurisdiction and, at the top of each petition sheet, the name of the election jurisdiction shall be typed or printed in block letters; provided that, if the name of the election

jurisdiction is not so printed, the election jurisdiction of the circulator of that petition sheet shall be controlling with respect to the signatures on that sheet. Any petition sheets not consecutively numbered or which contain duplicate page numbers already used on other sheets, or are photocopies or duplicates of the original sheets, shall not be considered part of the petition for the purpose of the random sampling verification and shall not be counted toward the minimum number of signatures required to qualify the proposed statewide advisory public question for the ballot.

Within 7 business days following the last day for filing the original petition, the proponents shall also file copies of the sectioned election jurisdiction petition sheets with each proper election authority and obtain a receipt therefor.

For purposes of this Act, the following terms shall be defined and construed as follows:

- 1. "Board" means the State Board of Elections.
- 2. "Election Authority" means a county clerk or city or county board of election commissioners.
- 3. (Blank). "Election Jurisdiction" means (a) an entire county, in the case of a county in which no city board of election commissioners is located or which is under the jurisdiction of a county board of election commissioners; (b) the territorial jurisdiction of a city board of election commissioners; and (c) the territory in a county outside of the jurisdiction of a city board of election commissioners. In each

- 1 instance election jurisdiction shall be determined according
- 2 to which election authority maintains the permanent
- 3 registration records of qualified electors.
- 4. "Proponents" means any person, association, committee,
- 5 organization or other group, or their designated
- 6 representatives, who advocate and cause the circulation and
- 7 filing of petitions for a statewide advisory question of public
- 8 policy or a proposed constitutional amendment for submission at
- 9 a general election and who has registered with the Board as
- 10 provided in this Act.
- 11 5. "Opponents" means any person, association, committee,
- 12 organization or other group, or their designated
- 13 representatives, who oppose a statewide advisory question of
- 14 public policy or a proposed constitutional amendment for
- 15 submission at a general election and who have registered with
- the Board as provided in this Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11.)
- 18 (10 ILCS 5/29-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 29-5)
- 19 Sec. 29-5. Voting more than once. Any person who, having
- voted once, knowingly on the same election day where the ballot
- or machine lists any of the same candidates and issues listed
- on the ballot or machine previously used for voting by that
- 23 person, (a) files an application to vote in the same or another
- 24 polling place, or (b) accepts a ballot or enters a voting
- 25 machine (except to legally give assistance pursuant to the

- 1 provisions of this Code), shall be guilty of a Class 3 felony;
- 2 however, if a person has delivered a ballot or ballots to an
- 3 election authority as a vote by mail an absentee voter and due
- 4 to a change of circumstances is able to and does vote in the
- 5 precinct of his residence on election day, shall not be deemed
- 6 to be in violation of this Code.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 83-755.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/29-20) (from Ch. 46, par. 29-20)
- 9 Sec. 29-20. <u>Vote by Mail</u> Absentee ballots violations. A
- 10 person is guilty of a Class 3 felony who knowingly:
- 11 (1) Solicits another person, knowing that the person is
- not legally qualified to vote as \underline{a} vote by mail \underline{an} absent
- voter, to apply for <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot;
- 14 (2) Solicits another person, knowing that the person is
- not legally qualified to vote as <u>a vote by mail</u> an absent
- voter, to cast a ballot as <u>a vote by mail</u> an absent voter;
- 17 (3) Intimidates or unduly influences another person to
- 18 cast <u>a vote by mail</u> an absentee ballot in a manner
- inconsistent with the voter's intent; or
- 20 (4) Marks or tampers with a vote by mail an absentee
- 21 ballot of another person or takes a vote by mail an
- 22 absentee ballot of another person in violation of Section
- 23 19-6 so that an opportunity for fraudulent marking or
- tampering is created.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 89-653, eff. 8-14-96.)

- 1 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.1 rep.)
- 2 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.2 rep.)
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/28-10 rep.)
- 4 Section 10. The Election Code is amended by repealing
- 5 Sections 19-2.1, 19-2.2, and 28-10.
- 6 Section 15. The Illinois Identification Card Act is amended
- 7 by changing Section 11 as follows:
- 8 (15 ILCS 335/11) (from Ch. 124, par. 31)
- 9 Sec. 11. The Secretary may make a search of his records and
- 10 furnish information as to whether a person has a current
- 11 Standard Illinois Identification Card or an Illinois Person
- 12 with a Disability Identification Card then on file, upon
- receipt of a written application therefor accompanied with the
- 14 prescribed fee. However, the Secretary may not disclose medical
- information concerning an individual to any person, public
- 16 agency, private agency, corporation or governmental body
- 17 unless the individual has submitted a written request for the
- information or unless the individual has given prior written
- 19 consent for the release of the information to a specific person
- or entity. This exception shall not apply to: (1) offices and
- 21 employees of the Secretary who have a need to know the medical
- 22 information in performance of their official duties, or (2)
- 23 orders of a court of competent jurisdiction. When medical

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- 1 information is disclosed by the Secretary in accordance with
- 2 the provisions of this Section, no liability shall rest with
- 3 the Office of the Secretary of State as the information is
- 4 released for informational purposes only.
- 5 The Secretary may release personally identifying 6 information or highly restricted personal information only to:
 - (1) officers and employees of the Secretary who have a need to know that information;
 - (2) other governmental agencies for use in their official governmental functions;
 - (3) law enforcement agencies that need the information for a criminal or civil investigation;
 - (3-5) the State Board of Elections for the sole purpose of providing the signatures required by a local election authority to register a voter through an online voter registration system or as may be required by an agreement the State Board of Elections has entered into with a multi-state voter registration list maintenance system; or
 - (4) any entity that the Secretary has authorized, by rule, to receive this information.

The Secretary may not disclose an individual's social security number or any associated information obtained from the Social Security Administration without the written request or consent of the individual except: (i) to officers and employees of the Secretary who have a need to know the social security number in the performance of their official duties; (ii) to law

- 1 enforcement officials for a lawful civil or criminal law
- 2 enforcement investigation if the head of the law enforcement
- 3 agency has made a written request to the Secretary specifying
- 4 the law enforcement investigation for which the social security
- 5 number is being sought; (iii) under a lawful court order signed
- 6 by a judge; or (iv) to the Illinois Department of Veterans'
- 7 Affairs for the purpose of confirming veteran status.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 97-739, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1064, eff. 1-1-13;
- 9 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)
- 10 Section 20. The Illinois Act on the Aging is amended by
- 11 changing Section 4.02 as follows:
- 12 (20 ILCS 105/4.02) (from Ch. 23, par. 6104.02)
- 13 Sec. 4.02. Community Care Program. The Department shall
- 14 establish a program of services to prevent unnecessary
- institutionalization of persons age 60 and older in need of
- long term care or who are established as persons who suffer
- 17 from Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder under the
- 18 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act, thereby enabling them to
- 19 remain in their own homes or in other living arrangements. Such
- 20 preventive services, which may be coordinated with other
- 21 programs for the aged and monitored by area agencies on aging
- in cooperation with the Department, may include, but are not
- limited to, any or all of the following:
- 24 (a) (blank);

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1 (b) (blank); 2 (c) home care aide services; (d) personal assistant services; 3 (e) adult day services; (f) home-delivered meals; (g) education in self-care; 6 (h) personal care services; 7 8 (i) adult day health services; 9 (i) habilitation services; 10 (k) respite care; 11 (k-5) community reintegration services; 12 (k-6) flexible senior services; 13 (k-7) medication management; 14 (k-8) emergency home response; 15 (1) other nonmedical social services that may enable 16 the person to become self-supporting; or 17 (m) clearinghouse for information provided by senior citizen home owners who want to rent rooms to or share 18 19 living space with other senior citizens. 20 The Department shall establish eligibility standards for such services. In determining the amount and nature of services 21 22 for which a person may qualify, consideration shall not be 23 given to the value of cash, property or other assets held in the name of the person's spouse pursuant to a written agreement 24

dividing marital property into equal but separate shares or

pursuant to a transfer of the person's interest in a home to

1 his spouse, provided that the spouse's share of the marital

property is not made available to the person seeking such

3 services.

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Beginning January 1, 2008, the Department shall require as a condition of eligibility that all new financially eligible applicants apply for and enroll in medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department.

The Department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Public Aid (now Department of Healthcare and Family Services), seek appropriate amendments under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act. The purpose of the amendments shall be to extend eliqibility for home and community based services under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act to persons who transfer to or for the benefit of a spouse those amounts of income and resources allowed under Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. Subject to the approval of such amendments, the Department shall extend the provisions of Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code to persons who, but for the provision of home or community-based services, would require the level of care provided in an institution, as is provided for in federal law. Those persons no longer found to be eligible for receiving noninstitutional services due to changes in the eligibility criteria shall be given 45 days notice prior to actual termination. Those persons receiving notice of termination may contact the Department and request the determination be

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appealed at any time during the 45 day notice period. The target population identified for the purposes of this Section are persons age 60 and older with an identified service need. Priority shall be given to those who are at imminent risk of institutionalization. The services shall be provided to eligible persons age 60 and older to the extent that the cost of the services together with the other personal maintenance expenses of the persons are reasonably related to the standards established for care in a group facility appropriate to the person's condition. These non-institutional services, pilot projects or experimental facilities may be provided as part of or in addition to those authorized by federal law or those funded and administered by the Department of Human Services. The Departments of Human Services, Healthcare and Family Services, Public Health, Veterans' Affairs, and Commerce and Economic Opportunity and other appropriate agencies of State, and local governments shall cooperate with the federal Department on Aging in the establishment and development of the non-institutional services. The Department shall require an annual audit from all personal assistant and home care aide vendors contracting with the Department under this Section. The annual audit shall assure that each audited vendor's procedures in compliance with Department's financial reporting guidelines requiring an administrative and employee wage and benefits cost split as defined in administrative rules. The audit is a public record under the Freedom of Information Act.

The Department shall execute, relative to the nursing home prescreening project, written inter-agency agreements with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to effect the following: (1) intake procedures and common eligibility criteria for those persons who are receiving non-institutional services; and (2) the establishment and development of non-institutional services in areas of the State where they are not currently available or are undeveloped. On and after July 1, 1996, all nursing home prescreenings for individuals 60 years of age or older shall be conducted by the Department.

As part of the Department on Aging's routine training of case managers and case manager supervisors, the Department may include information on family futures planning for persons who are age 60 or older and who are caregivers of their adult children with developmental disabilities. The content of the training shall be at the Department's discretion.

The Department is authorized to establish a system of recipient copayment for services provided under this Section, such copayment to be based upon the recipient's ability to pay but in no case to exceed the actual cost of the services provided. Additionally, any portion of a person's income which is equal to or less than the federal poverty standard shall not be considered by the Department in determining the copayment. The level of such copayment shall be adjusted whenever necessary to reflect any change in the officially designated

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federal poverty standard.

The Department, or the Department's authorized representative, may recover the amount of moneys expended for services provided to or in behalf of a person under this Section by a claim against the person's estate or against the estate of the person's surviving spouse, but no recovery may be had until after the death of the surviving spouse, if any, and then only at such time when there is no surviving child who is under age 21, blind, or permanently and totally disabled. This paragraph, however, shall not bar recovery, at the death of the person, of moneys for services provided to the person or in behalf of the person under this Section to which the person was not entitled; provided that such recovery shall not be enforced against any real estate while it is occupied as a homestead by the surviving spouse or other dependent, if no claims by other creditors have been filed against the estate, or, if such claims have been filed, they remain dormant for failure of prosecution or failure of the claimant to compel administration of the estate for the purpose of payment. This paragraph shall not bar recovery from the estate of a spouse, under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act and Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, who precedes a person receiving services under this Section in death. All moneys for services paid to or in behalf of the person under this Section shall be claimed for recovery from the deceased spouse's estate. "Homestead", as used in this paragraph, means the dwelling

- 1 house and contiguous real estate occupied by a surviving spouse
- or relative, as defined by the rules and regulations of the
- 3 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, regardless of the
- 4 value of the property.

- The Department shall increase the effectiveness of the existing Community Care Program by:
 - (1) ensuring that in-home services included in the care plan are available on evenings and weekends;
 - (2) ensuring that care plans contain the services that eligible participants need based on the number of days in a month, not limited to specific blocks of time, as identified by the comprehensive assessment tool selected by the Department for use statewide, not to exceed the total monthly service cost maximum allowed for each service; the Department shall develop administrative rules to implement this item (2);
 - (3) ensuring that the participants have the right to choose the services contained in their care plan and to direct how those services are provided, based on administrative rules established by the Department;
 - (4) ensuring that the determination of need tool is accurate in determining the participants' level of need; to achieve this, the Department, in conjunction with the Older Adult Services Advisory Committee, shall institute a study of the relationship between the Determination of Need scores, level of need, service cost maximums, and the

development and utilization of service plans no later than May 1, 2008; findings and recommendations shall be presented to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than January 1, 2009; recommendations shall include all needed changes to the service cost maximums schedule and additional covered services;

- (5) ensuring that homemakers can provide personal care services that may or may not involve contact with clients, including but not limited to:
 - (A) bathing;
 - (B) grooming;
 - (C) toileting;
 - (D) nail care;
 - (E) transferring;
 - (F) respiratory services;
- (G) exercise; or
- 17 (H) positioning;
 - (6) ensuring that homemaker program vendors are not restricted from hiring homemakers who are family members of clients or recommended by clients; the Department may not, by rule or policy, require homemakers who are family members of clients or recommended by clients to accept assignments in homes other than the client;
 - (7) ensuring that the State may access maximum federal matching funds by seeking approval for the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for modifications to the

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State's home and community based services waiver and additional waiver opportunities, including applying for enrollment in the Balance Incentive Payment Program by May 1, 2013, in order to maximize federal matching funds; this shall include, but not be limited to, modification that reflects all changes in the Community Care Program services and all increases in the services cost maximum;

- (8) ensuring that the determination of need tool accurately reflects the service needs of individuals with Alzheimer's disease and related dementia disorders;
- (9) ensuring that services are authorized accurately and consistently for the Community Care Program (CCP); the Department shall implement a Service Authorization policy directive; the purpose shall be to ensure that eligibility and services are authorized accurately and consistently in the CCP program; the policy directive shall clarify service authorization guidelines to Care Coordination Units and Community Care Program providers no later than May 1, 2013;
- (10) working in conjunction with Care Coordination Units, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the Department of Human Services, Community Care Program providers, and other stakeholders to make improvements to t.he Medicaid claiming processes and the Medicaid enrollment procedures or requirements as including, but not limited to, specific policy changes or rules to improve the up-front enrollment of participants in

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the Medicaid program and specific policy changes or rules to insure more prompt submission of bills to the federal government to secure maximum federal matching dollars as promptly as possible; the Department on Aging shall have at least 3 meetings with stakeholders by January 1, 2014 in order to address these improvements;

- (11) requiring home care service providers to comply with the rounding of hours worked provisions under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) and as set forth in 29 CFR 785.48(b) by May 1, 2013;
- (12) implementing any necessary policy changes or promulgating any rules, no later than January 1, 2014, to assist the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in moving as many participants as possible, consistent with federal regulations, into coordinated care plans if a care coordination plan that covers long term care is available in the recipient's area; and
- (13) maintaining fiscal year 2014 rates at the same level established on January 1, 2013.

By January 1, 2009 or as soon after the end of the Cash and Counseling Demonstration Project as is practicable, Department may, based on its evaluation of the demonstration project, promulgate rules concerning personal assistant to include, but need not be limited qualifications, employment screening, rights under fair labor standards, training, fiduciary agent, and supervision

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requirements. All applicants shall be subject to the provisions of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act.

The Department shall develop procedures to enhance availability of services on evenings, weekends, and on an emergency basis to meet the respite needs of caregivers. Procedures shall be developed to permit the utilization of services in successive blocks of 24 hours up to the monthly maximum established by the Department. Workers providing these services shall be appropriately trained.

Beginning on the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1991, no person may perform chore/housekeeping and home care aide services under a program authorized by this Section unless that person has been issued a certificate of pre-service to do so by his or her employing agency. Information gathered to effect such certification shall include (i) the person's name, (ii) the date the person was hired by his or her current employer, and (iii) the training, including dates and levels. Persons engaged in the program authorized by this Section before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 shall be issued a certificate of all pre- and in-service training from his or her employer upon submitting the necessary information. The employing agency shall be required to retain records of all staff pre- and in-service training, and shall provide such records to the Department upon request and upon termination of the employer's contract with the Department. In addition, the employing agency is responsible for the issuance

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of certifications of in-service training completed to their employees.

The Department is required to develop a system to ensure that persons working as home care aides and personal assistants receive increases in their wages when the federal minimum wage is increased by requiring vendors to certify that they are meeting the federal minimum wage statute for home care aides and personal assistants. An employer that cannot ensure that the minimum wage increase is being given to home care aides and personal assistants shall be denied anv increase in reimbursement costs.

The Community Care Program Advisory Committee is created in the Department on Aging. The Director shall appoint individuals to serve in the Committee, who shall serve at their own expense. Members of the Committee must abide by all applicable ethics laws. The Committee shall advise the Department on issues related to the Department's program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization. The Committee shall meet on a bi-monthly basis and shall serve to identify and advise the Department on present and potential issues affecting the service delivery network, the program's clients, and the Department and to recommend solution strategies. Persons appointed to the Committee shall be appointed on, but not limited to, their own and their agency's experience with the program, geographic representation, and willingness to serve. The Director shall appoint members to the Committee to

represent provider, advocacy, policy research, and other constituencies committed to the delivery of high quality home and community-based services to older adults. Representatives shall be appointed to ensure representation from community care providers including, but not limited to, adult day service providers, homemaker providers, case coordination and case management units, emergency home response providers, statewide trade or labor unions that represent home care aides and direct care staff, area agencies on aging, adults over age 60, membership organizations representing older adults, and other organizational entities, providers of care, or individuals with demonstrated interest and expertise in the field of home and community care as determined by the Director.

Nominations may be presented from any agency or State association with interest in the program. The Director, or his or her designee, shall serve as the permanent co-chair of the advisory committee. One other co-chair shall be nominated and approved by the members of the committee on an annual basis. Committee members' terms of appointment shall be for 4 years with one-quarter of the appointees' terms expiring each year. A member shall continue to serve until his or her replacement is named. The Department shall fill vacancies that have a remaining term of over one year, and this replacement shall occur through the annual replacement of expiring terms. The Director shall designate Department staff to provide technical assistance and staff support to the committee. Department

representation shall not constitute membership of the committee. All Committee papers, issues, recommendations, reports, and meeting memoranda are advisory only. The Director, or his or her designee, shall make a written report, as requested by the Committee, regarding issues before the

Committee.

The Department on Aging and the Department of Human Services shall cooperate in the development and submission of an annual report on programs and services provided under this Section. Such joint report shall be filed with the Governor and the General Assembly on or before September 30 each year.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

Those persons previously found eligible for receiving non-institutional services whose services were discontinued under the Emergency Budget Act of Fiscal Year 1992, and who do not meet the eligibility standards in effect on or after July 1, 1992, shall remain ineligible on and after July 1, 1992.

- 1 Those persons previously not required to cost-share and who
- were required to cost-share effective March 1, 1992, shall
- 3 continue to meet cost-share requirements on and after July 1,
- 4 1992. Beginning July 1, 1992, all clients will be required to
- 5 meet eligibility, cost-share, and other requirements and will
- 6 have services discontinued or altered when they fail to meet
- 7 these requirements.
- 8 For the purposes of this Section, "flexible senior
- 9 services" refers to services that require one-time or periodic
- 10 expenditures including, but not limited to, respite care, home
- 11 modification, assistive technology, housing assistance, and
- 12 transportation.
- 13 The Department shall implement an electronic service
- 14 verification based on global positioning systems or other
- 15 cost-effective technology for the Community Care Program no
- 16 later than January 1, 2014.
- 17 The Department shall require, as a condition of
- 18 eligibility, enrollment in the medical assistance program
- 19 under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code (i) beginning
- 20 August 1, 2013, if the Auditor General has reported that the
- 21 Department has failed to comply with the reporting requirements
- of Section 2-27 of the Illinois State Auditing Act; or (ii)
- 23 beginning June 1, 2014, if the Auditor General has reported
- 24 that the Department has not undertaken the required actions
- listed in the report required by subsection (a) of Section 2-27
- of the Illinois State Auditing Act.

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The Department shall delay Community Care Program services applicant is determined eligible for medical until an assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code (i) beginning August 1, 2013, if the Auditor General has reported that the Department has failed to comply with the reporting requirements of Section 2-27 of the Illinois State Auditing Act; or (ii) beginning June 1, 2014, if the Auditor General has reported that the Department has not undertaken the required actions listed in the report required by subsection (a) of Section 2-27 of the Illinois State Auditing Act.

The Department shall implement co-payments for the Community Care Program at the federally allowable maximum level (i) beginning August 1, 2013, if the Auditor General has reported that the Department has failed to comply with the reporting requirements of Section 2-27 of the Illinois State Auditing Act; or (ii) beginning June 1, 2014, if the Auditor General has reported that the Department has not undertaken the required actions listed in the report required by subsection (a) of Section 2-27 of the Illinois State Auditing Act.

The Department shall provide a bi-monthly report on the progress of the Community Care Program reforms set forth in this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the Minority Leader of the Senate.

The Department shall conduct a quarterly review of Care

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1 Coordination Unit performance and adherence to service 2 guidelines. The quarterly review shall be reported to the 3 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and 4 5 the Minority Leader of the Senate. The Department shall collect and report longitudinal data on the performance of each care 6 7 coordination unit. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed 8 require the Department to identify specific care 9 coordination units.

In regard to community care providers, failure to comply Department on Aging policies shall be cause for disciplinary action, including, but limited not to, disqualification from serving Community Care Program clients. Each provider, upon submission of any bill or invoice to the Department for payment for services rendered, shall include a notarized statement, under penalty of perjury pursuant to 17 Section 1-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure, that the provider has complied with all Department policies.

The Director of the Department on Aging shall make information available to the State Board of Elections as may be required by an agreement the State Board of Elections has entered into with a multi-state voter registration list maintenance system.

(Source: P.A. 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-8, eff. 5-3-13.) 24

Section 25. The Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941 is

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1 amended by changing Section 21-28 as follows:

- 2 (65 ILCS 20/21-28) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-28)
- 3 Sec. 21-28. Nomination by petition.
 - (a) All nominations for alderman of any ward in the city shall be by petition. Each petition for nomination of a candidate shall be signed by at least 473 legal voters of the ward. All petitions for nominations of candidates shall be signed by such a number of legal voters of the ward as will aggregate not less than 4% of all the votes cast for alderman in such ward at the last preceding general election. For the election following the redistricting of wards petitions for nominations of candidates shall be signed by the number of legal voters of the ward as will aggregate not less than 4% of the total number of votes cast for mayor at the last preceding municipal election divided by the number of wards.
 - (b) All nominations for mayor, city clerk, and city treasurer in the city shall be by petition. Each petition for nomination of a candidate must be signed by at least 12,500 legal voters of the city.
 - (c) All such petitions, and procedure with respect thereto, shall conform in other respects to the provisions of the election and ballot laws then in force in the city of Chicago concerning the nomination of independent candidates for public office by petition. The method of nomination herein provided is exclusive of and replaces all other methods heretofore provided

SB0172 Enrolled

- 1 by law.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)
- 3 Section 30. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
- 4 adding Section 1-12 as follows:
- 5 (305 ILCS 5/1-12 new)
- 6 Sec. 1-12. Providing information to the State Board of
- 7 Elections. The Secretary of the Department of Human Services
- 8 and the Director of the Department of Healthcare and Family
- 9 Services shall make information available, except where
- 10 prohibited by federal law or regulation, to the State Board of
- 11 Elections as may be required by an agreement the State Board of
- 12 Elections has entered into with a multi-state voter
- registration list maintenance system.
- 14 Section 35. The Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons
- 15 Property Tax Relief Act is amended by changing Section 8a as
- 16 follows:
- 17 (320 ILCS 25/8a) (from Ch. 67 1/2, par. 408.1)
- 18 Sec. 8a. Confidentiality.
- 19 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all
- 20 information received by the Department of Revenue or its
- 21 successors, the Department on Aging and the Department of
- Healthcare and Family Services, from claims filed under this

- Act, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this Act, shall be confidential, except for official purposes within those Departments or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute imposing a State tax, and any person who divulges any such information in any manner, except for such purposes and pursuant to order of the Director of one of those Departments or in accordance with a proper judicial order, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (b) Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the Director of Aging from publishing or making available reasonable statistics concerning the operation of the grant programs contained in this Act wherein the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a way that information contained in any individual claim shall not be disclosed.
 - (c) The Department on Aging shall furnish to the Secretary of State such information as is reasonably necessary for the administration of reduced vehicle registration fees pursuant to Section 3-806.3 of "The Illinois Vehicle Code".
- 21 (d) The Director of the Department on Aging shall make 22 information available to the State Board of Elections as may be 23 required by an agreement the State Board of Elections has 24 entered into with a multi-state voter registration list
- 25 <u>maintenance system.</u>
- 26 (Source: P.A. 96-804, eff. 1-1-10.)

- 1 Section 40. The Unemployment Insurance Act is amended by
- 2 changing Section 1900 as follows:
- 3 (820 ILCS 405/1900) (from Ch. 48, par. 640)
- 4 Sec. 1900. Disclosure of information.
- 5 A. Except as provided in this Section, information obtained
- from any individual or employing unit during the administration
- 7 of this Act shall:
- 8 1. be confidential,
- 9 2. not be published or open to public inspection,
- 10 3. not be used in any court in any pending action or
- 11 proceeding,
- 12 4. not be admissible in evidence in any action or
- proceeding other than one arising out of this Act.
- 14 B. No finding, determination, decision, ruling or order
- 15 (including any finding of fact, statement or conclusion made
- 16 therein) issued pursuant to this Act shall be admissible or
- 17 used in evidence in any action other than one arising out of
- 18 this Act, nor shall it be binding or conclusive except as
- 19 provided in this Act, nor shall it constitute res judicata,
- 20 regardless of whether the actions were between the same or
- 21 related parties or involved the same facts.
- 22 C. Any officer or employee of this State, any officer or
- 23 employee of any entity authorized to obtain information
- 24 pursuant to this Section, and any agent of this State or of

- 1 such entity who, except with authority of the Director under
- 2 this Section, shall disclose information shall be guilty of a
- 3 Class B misdemeanor and shall be disqualified from holding any
- 4 appointment or employment by the State.
- 5 D. An individual or his duly authorized agent may be
- 6 supplied with information from records only to the extent
- 7 necessary for the proper presentation of his claim for benefits
- 8 or with his existing or prospective rights to benefits.
- 9 Discretion to disclose this information belongs solely to the
- 10 Director and is not subject to a release or waiver by the
- 11 individual. Notwithstanding any other provision to the
- 12 contrary, an individual or his or her duly authorized agent may
- be supplied with a statement of the amount of benefits paid to
- 14 the individual during the 18 months preceding the date of his
- or her request.
- 16 E. An employing unit may be furnished with information,
- only if deemed by the Director as necessary to enable it to
- 18 fully discharge its obligations or safeguard its rights under
- 19 the Act. Discretion to disclose this information belongs solely
- 20 to the Director and is not subject to a release or waiver by
- 21 the employing unit.
- 22 F. The Director may furnish any information that he may
- deem proper to any public officer or public agency of this or
- 24 any other State or of the federal government dealing with:
- 25 1. the administration of relief,
- 2. public assistance,

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- 3. unemployment compensation,
- 4. a system of public employment offices,
- 3 5. wages and hours of employment, or
- 4 6. a public works program.
- The Director may make available to the Illinois Workers'
 Compensation Commission information regarding employers for
 the purpose of verifying the insurance coverage required under
 the Workers' Compensation Act and Workers' Occupational
 Diseases Act.
- 10 G. The Director may disclose information submitted by the 11 State or any of its political subdivisions, municipal 12 corporations, instrumentalities, or school or community 13 college districts, except for information which specifically identifies an individual claimant. 14
- H. The Director shall disclose only that information required to be disclosed under Section 303 of the Social Security Act, as amended, including:
 - 1. any information required to be given the United States Department of Labor under Section 303(a)(6); and
 - 2. the making available upon request to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of unemployment compensation, and a statement of such recipient's right to further compensation under such law as required by Section 303(a)(7); and

- 3. records to make available to the Railroad Retirement Board as required by Section 303(c)(1); and
- 4. information that will assure reasonable cooperation with every agency of the United States charged with the administration of any unemployment compensation law as required by Section 303(c)(2); and
- 5. information upon request and on a reimbursable basis to the United States Department of Agriculture and to any State food stamp agency concerning any information required to be furnished by Section 303(d); and
- 6. any wage information upon request and on a reimbursable basis to any State or local child support enforcement agency required by Section 303(e); and
- 7. any information required under the income eligibility and verification system as required by Section 303(f); and
- 8. information that might be useful in locating an absent parent or that parent's employer, establishing paternity or establishing, modifying, or enforcing child support orders for the purpose of a child support enforcement program under Title IV of the Social Security Act upon the request of and on a reimbursable basis to the public agency administering the Federal Parent Locator Service as required by Section 303(h); and
- 9. information, upon request, to representatives of any federal, State or local governmental public housing

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agency with respect to individuals who have signed the
appropriate consent form approved by the Secretary of
Housing and Urban Development and who are applying for or
participating in any housing assistance program
administered by the United States Department of Housing and
Urban Development as required by Section 303(i).

- I. The Director, upon the request of a public agency of Illinois, of the federal government or of any other state charged with the investigation or enforcement of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 2012 (or a similar federal law or similar law of another State), may furnish the public agency information regarding the individual specified in the request as to:
- 14 1. the current or most recent home address of the individual, and
- 2. the names and addresses of the individual's employers.
 - J. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to interfere with the disclosure of certain records as provided for in Section 1706 or with the right to make available to the Internal Revenue Service of the United States Department of the Treasury, or the Department of Revenue of the State of Illinois, information obtained under this Act.
- 24 K. The Department shall make available to the Illinois 25 Student Assistance Commission, upon request, information in 26 the possession of the Department that may be necessary or

- useful to the Commission in the collection of defaulted or delinquent student loans which the Commission administers.
- 3 L. The Department shall make available to the State
- 4 Employees' Retirement System, the State Universities
- 5 Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of the State
- of Illinois, and the Department of Central Management Services,
- 7 Risk Management Division, upon request, information in the
- 8 possession of the Department that may be necessary or useful to
- 9 the System or the Risk Management Division for the purpose of
- determining whether any recipient of a disability benefit from
- 11 the System or a workers' compensation benefit from the Risk
- 12 Management Division is gainfully employed.
- 13 M. This Section shall be applicable to the information
- obtained in the administration of the State employment service,
- 15 except that the Director may publish or release general labor
- market information and may furnish information that he may deem
- 17 proper to an individual, public officer or public agency of
- this or any other State or the federal government (in addition
- 19 to those public officers or public agencies specified in this
- 20 Section) as he prescribes by Rule.
- N. The Director may require such safeguards as he deems
- 22 proper to insure that information disclosed pursuant to this
- 23 Section is used only for the purposes set forth in this
- 24 Section.
- O. Nothing in this Section prohibits communication with an
- 26 individual or entity through unencrypted e-mail or other

unencrypted electronic means as long as the communication does not contain the individual's or entity's name in combination with any one or more of the individual's or entity's social security number; driver's license or State identification number; account number or credit or debit card number; or any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to further information pertaining to the individual or entity.

- P. Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1993 and annually thereafter, the Department shall provide to the Department of Financial Institutions a list of individuals or entities that, for the most recently completed calendar year, report to the Department as paying wages to workers. The lists shall be deemed confidential and may not be disclosed to any other person.
- Q. The Director shall make available to an elected federal official the name and address of an individual or entity that is located within the jurisdiction from which the official was elected and that, for the most recently completed calendar year, has reported to the Department as paying wages to workers, where the information will be used in connection with the official duties of the official and the official requests the information in writing, specifying the purposes for which it will be used. For purposes of this subsection, the use of information in connection with the official duties of an official does not include use of the information in connection

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with the solicitation of contributions or expenditures, in money or in kind, to or on behalf of a candidate for public or political office or a political party or with respect to a public question, as defined in Section 1-3 of the Election Code, or in connection with any commercial solicitation. Any elected federal official who, in submitting a request for information covered by this subsection, knowingly makes a false statement or fails to disclose a material fact, with the intent to obtain the information for a purpose not authorized by this subsection, shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

- R. The Director may provide to any State or local child support agency, upon request and on a reimbursable basis, information that might be useful in locating an absent parent that parent's employer, establishing paternity, establishing, modifying, or enforcing child support orders.
- The Department shall make available to a State's Attorney of this State or a State's Attorney's investigator, upon request, the current address or, if the current address is unavailable, current employer information, if available, of a victim of a felony or a witness to a felony or a person against whom an arrest warrant is outstanding.
- T. The Director shall make available to the Department of State Police, a county sheriff's office, or a municipal police department, upon request, any information concerning the current address and place of employment or former places of employment of a person who is required to register as a sex

- 1 offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act that may be
- 2 useful in enforcing the registration provisions of that Act.
- 3 U. The Director shall make information available to the
- 4 Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Department
- of Human Services for the purpose of determining eligibility
- 6 for public benefit programs authorized under the Illinois
- 7 Public Aid Code and related statutes administered by those
- 8 departments, for verifying sources and amounts of income, and
- 9 for other purposes directly connected with the administration
- of those programs.
- 11 V. The Director shall make information available to the
- 12 State Board of Elections as may be required by an agreement the
- 13 State Board of Elections has entered into with a multi-state
- voter registration list maintenance system.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-420, eff. 8-13-09; 97-621, eff. 11-18-11;
- 16 97-689, eff. 6-14-12; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 17 Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.